8/3,AB/29 (Item 2 from file: 357) DIALOG(R) File 357: Derwent Biotech Res. (c) 2002 Thomson Derwent & ISI. All rts. reserv. 0227337 DBA Accession No.: 98-08934 PATENT Glycosidase enzymes from organisms of the genera e.g. Thermotoga, Thermococcus, etc. - recombinant enzyme preparation and use in glucose preparation for the food, pharmaceutical, surfactant and textile industry AUTHOR: Bylina E J; Swanson R V; Mathur E J; Lam D E CORPORATE SOURCE: San Diego, CA, USA. PATENT ASSIGNEE: Diversa 1998 PATENT NUMBER: WO 9824799 PATENT DATE: 980611 WPI ACCESSION NO.: 98-362407 (9831) PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: US 56916 APPLIC. DATE: 971010 6,368,844 NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: WO 97US22623 APPLIC. DATE: 971208 LANGUAGE: English ABSTRACT: A new nucleic acid encoding protein (I) (protein sequence and DNA sequence or RNA sequence specified) can be contained on a vector and used to transform a host cell for production of recombinant (I). (I) is used to produce glucose from soluble cell oligosaccharides in e.g. waste, food, feed or surfactants, for use in food, pharmaceutical, textile and surfactant industries. (I) is preferably a glycosidase from Desulfurococcus sp. M11TL, Thermotoga sp. OC1/4V-33BG, Thermotoga maritima MSB8 or MSB8-6GP2, Staphylococcus marinus F1-12G, Thermococcus sp. 9N2-31B/G, Thermococcus alcaliphilus AEDII12RA, Thermococcus chitinophagus GC74-22G, Pyrococcus furiosus VC1-7G1, a cellulase (EC-3.2.1.4) from Bankia gouldi 37GP1 or Thermotoga sp. OC1/4V, an alpha-galactosidase (EC-3.2.1.22) from T. maritima 6GC2, an endo-1,4-beta-D-mannanase (EC-3.2.1.78)

from T. maritima 6GP2, a pullulanase (EC-3.2.1.41) from T. maritima 6GP2, a beta-mannosidase (EC-3.2.1.25) from AEPII-1a or unidentified protein from T. maritima MSB8-6GB4, Pyrococcus

furiosus VC1-7EG1 or Bankia gouldi 37GP4. (92pp)

Set	Items	Description
S1	115335	GALACTOSIDASE?
S2	3693	THERMOTOGA
s3	152	s1 AND S2
S4	12322	MARITIMA ( )
<b>S</b> 5	15	FI.FIT (
S6	91242	T2 + l Nermus
s7	68	S3 AND S4
S8	30	RD (unique items)
S9	0	3 AND S5
S10	1	S3 AND S5
S11	0	S3 AND S6

DIALOG(R) File 399:CA SEARCH(R) (c) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY. All rts. reserv. CA: 136(9)133945k PATENT Hyperthermophilic .alpha.-galactosidase use for high-temperature hydrolysis of galactose-containing oligosaccharides in animal feeds INVENTOR (AUTHOR): Lanahan, Michael B.; Miller, Edward S., Jr.; Kelly, applicants Robert M. LOCATION: Switz. ASSIGNEE: Syngenta Participations A.-G. PATENT: PCT International; WO 200207529 A2 DATE: 20020131 APPLICATION: WO 2001EP8420 (20010720) (US PV220211 (20000722) PAGES: 47 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 LANGUAGE: English CLASS: A23K-000/A DESIGNATED COUNTRIES: AE; AG; AL; AM; AT; AU; AZ; BA; BB; BG; BR; BY; BZ; CA; CH; CN; CO; CR; CU; CZ; DE; DK; DM; DZ; EC; EE; ES; FI; GB; GD; GE; GH; GM; HR; HU; ID; IL; IN; IS; JP; KE; KG; KP; KR; KZ; LC; LK; LR; LS; LT; LU; LV; MA; MD; MG; MK; MN; MW; MX; MZ; NO; NZ; PL; PT; RO; RU; SD; SE; SG; SI; SK; SL; TJ; TM; TR; TT; TZ; UA; UG; US; UZ; VN; YU; ZA; ZW; AM; AZ; BY; KG; KZ; MD; RU; TJ; TM DESIGNATED REGIONAL: GH; GM; KE; LS; MW; MZ; SD; SL; SZ ; TZ; UG; ZW; AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LU; MC; NL; PT; SE; TR; BF; BJ; CF; CG; CI; CM; GA; GN; GQ; GW; ML; MR; NE; SN; TD; ΤG SECTION: CA217012 Food and Feed Chemistry CA203XXX Biochemical Genetics

IDENTIFIERS: galactosidase thermostable animal feed oligosaccharide

(Item 1 from file: 399)

8/5,KWIC/30

8/3,AB,KWIC/1 (Item 1 from file: 5) DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R) (c) 2002 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

13037640 BIOSIS NO.: 200100244789
Purification and characterization of the recombinant **Thermus** sp. strain **T2 alpha-galactosidase** expressed in Escherichia coli.

AUTHOR: Ishiguro Mitsunori; Kaneko Satoshi; Kuno Atsushi; Koyama Yoshinori; Yoshida Shigeki; Park Gwi-Gun; Sakakibara Yoshikiyo; Kusakabe Isao;

Kobayashi Hideyuki(a)
AUTHOR ADDRESS: (a)National Food Research Institute, Ministry of
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Kannon-dai 2-1-2, Tsukuba, Ibaraki,
305-8642: hkobayas@nfri.affrc.go.jp\*\*Japan

JOURNAL: Applied and Environmental Microbiology 67 (4):p1601-1606 April,

2001

MEDIUM: print ISSN: 0099-2240

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: The nucleotide sequence of the Thermus sp. strain T2 DNA coding for a thermostable alpha-galactosidase was determined. The deduced amino acid sequence of the enzyme predicts a polypeptide of 474 amino acids (Mr, 53,514). The observed homology between the deduced amino acid sequences of the enzyme and alphagalactosidase from Thermus brockianus was over 70%. Thermus sp. strain T2 alpha-galactosidase Was expressed in its active form in Escherichia coli and purified. Native polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and gel filtration chromatography data suggest that the enzyme is octameric. The enzyme was most active at 75degreeC for p-nitrophenyl-alpha-D-galactopyranoside hydrolysis, and it retained 50% of its initial activity after 1 h of incubation at 70degreeC. The enzyme was extremely stable over a broad range of pH (pH 6 to 13) after treatment at 40degreeC for 1 h. The enzyme acted on the terminal alpha-galactosyl residue, not on the side chain residue, of the galactomanno-oligosaccharides as well as those of yeasts and Mortierella vinacea alpha-galactosidase I. The enzyme has only one Cys residue in the molecule. para-Chloromercuribenzoic acid completely inhibited the enzyme but did not affect the mutant enzyme which contained Ala instead of Cys, indicating that this Cys residue is not responsible for its catalytic function.

2001

Purification and characterization of the recombinant **Thermus** sp. strain **T2 alpha-galactosidase** expressed in Escherichia coli.

ABSTRACT: The nucleotide sequence of the **Thermus** sp. strain **T2**DNA coding for a thermostable **alpha-galactosidase** was determined. The deduced amino acid sequence of the enzyme predicts a polypeptide of 474...

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late

and purified. Native polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis...

...that the enzyme is cameric. The enzyme was most accesse at 75degreeC for p-nitrophenyl-alpha-D-galactopyranoside hydrolysis, and it retained 50% of its initial activity after 1 h of...

...to 13) after treatment at 40degreeC for 1 h. The enzyme acted on the terminal alpha-galactosyl residue, not on the side chain residue, of the galactomanno-oligosaccharides as well as those of yeasts and Mortierella vinacea alpha-galactosidase I. The enzyme has only one Cys residue in the molecule. para-Chloromercuribenzoic acid completely...

... REGISTRY NUMBERS: ALPHA-GALACTOSIDASE; ...

#### ...ALPHA-GALACTOSIDASE

DESCRIPTORS:

٠٠٠ رين

...ORGANISMS: Thermus brockianus (Gram-Negative Aerobic Rods and Cocci...

... Thermus sp. (Gram-Negative Aerobic Rods and Cocci...

...strain-T2
CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS: ...alpha-galactosidase--

8/3,AB,KWIC/6 (Item 1 from file: 143) DIALOG(R)File 143:Biol. & Agric. Index (c) 2002 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv. late date

1343947 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BBAI01019746
Purification and characterization of the recombinant **Thermus** sp.
strain **T2** a-galactosidase expressed in Escherichia coli
Ishiguro, Mitsunori
Kaneko, Satoshi; Kuno, Atsushi
Applied and Environmental Microbiology v. 67 no4 (Apr. 2001) p. 1601-6
DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature Article ISSN: 0099-2240

Purification and characterization of the recombinant **Thermus** sp. strain **T2** a-galactosidase expressed in Escherichia coli

DESCRIPTORS: Thermus; ...

8/3, AB, KWIC/9 (Item 1 from file: 357) DIALOG(R) File 357: Derwent Biotech Res. (c) 2002 Thomson Derwent & ISI. All rts. reserv.

0277858 DBA Accession No.: 2002-01360 PATENT Recombinant production of heat-stable alpha-galactosidase in mesophilic cells, useful for hydrolysis and synthesis of alpha -galactosidases comprises expressing the gene from the Thermus sp. T2 - vector plasmid pAGT1 expression in Escherichia coli for recombinant protein gene production useful in sugar hydrolysis and synthesis

AUTHOR: Vianherrera A; Carrascosa Santiago A V; Garcia Lopez J L late date PATENT ASSIGNEE: CSIC-Madrid 2001 ~ CORPORATE SOURCE: Madrid, Spain.

PATENT NUMBER: WO 200164914 PATENT DATE: (2001)0907 WPI ACCESSION NO.:

2001-589871 (200166)

PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: ES 515 APPLIC. DATE: 20000303

NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: WO 2001ES78 APPLIC. DATE: 20010302

LANGUAGE: English

for producing alpha-galactosidase ABSTRACT: A method (EC-3.2.1.22) (I) of Thermus sp. T2 (ATCC 27737) in host cells, is claimed. Also claimed are: (II) having a 1,425 bp sequence, reproduced; nucleotide sequence that hybridizes to the above sequence; (I) produced by the new method and having a 474 amino acid sequence reproduced; vector containing all or part of the above sequence; and host cell containing the vector. (I), a heat-stable enzyme, is used for hydrolysis and synthesis of sugars and their structural analogs, especially for reducing the content of alpha-galactosides (which are difficult to metabolize and may cause digestive upsets) in plant-based foods animal feedstuffs, e.g. to prepare special diets for infants and the elderly. (24pp)

Recombinant production of heat-stable alpha-galactosidase in mesophilic cells, useful for hydrolysis and synthesis of alpha -galactosidases comprises expressing the gene from the Thermus sp. **T2** 

CT: A method for producing alpha-galactosidase (EC-3.2.1.22) (I) of Thermus sp. T2 (ATCC 27737) in host ABSTRACT: cells, is claimed. Also claimed are: (II) having a 1,425...

... hydrolysis and synthesis of sugars and their structural analogs, especially for reducing the content of alpha-galactosides (which are difficult to metabolize and may cause digestive upsets) in plant-based foods...

DESCRIPTORS: Thermus sp. recombinant thermostable alphagalactosidase prep., vector plasmid pAGT15 expression Escherichia coli, appl. poorly digestive alpha-galactosidase synth., hydrolysis, e.g. sugar in plant-based food, animal feedstuff, diet thermophilic bacterium enzyme...

## **PCT**

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISH	HED I	INDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)
(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> :		(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/24799
C07H 21/04, C12N 1/20, 1/14, 5/00, 9/38, 9/42, C08B 30/04	A1	(43) International Publication Date: 11 June 1998 (11.06.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/USS (22) International Filing Date: 8 December 1997 (6)		BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,
(30) Priority Data: 60/056,916 6 December 1996 (06.12.96) Not furnished 10 October 1997 (10.10.97)  (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): D CORPORATION [US/US]; 10665 Sorrento Valle San Diego, CA 92121 (US).	IVERS	
(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): BYLINA, Ed [US/US]; Apartment A-1, West Court, Andalusia, P (US). SWANSON, Ronald, V. [US/US]; Apartment No. Lemon Street, Media, PA 19063 (US). MATHI J. [US/US]; 2654 Galicia Way, Carlsbad, CA 920 LAM, David, E. [US/US]; 1518 West 249th Street City, CA 90710 (US).	PA 1900 nt A, 30 UR, Er 109 (US	00 99 C ).

(54) Title: GLYCOSIDASE ENZYMES

(74) Agent: HAILE, Lisa, A.; Fish & Richardson P.C., Suite 1400, 4225 Executive Square, La Jolla, CA 92037 (US).

(57) Abstract

Thermostable glycosidase enzymes derived from various Thermococcus, Staphylothermus and Pyrococcus organisms is disclosed. The enzymes are produced from native or recombinant host cells and can be utilized in the food processing industry, pharmaceutical industry and in the textile industry, detergent industry and in the baking industry.

T. Masser Fig 100-C

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#### GLYCOSIDASE ENZYMES

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

## 1. Field of the Inventions

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This invention relates to newly identified polynucleotides, polypeptides encoded by such polynucleotides, the use of such polynucleotides and polypeptides, as well as the production and isolation of such polynucleotides and polypeptides. More particularly, the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention has been putatively identified as glucosidases,  $\alpha$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -mannosidases,  $\beta$ -mannanases, endoglucanases, and pullalanases.

## 2. Description of Related Art

The glycosidic bond of \beta-galactosides can be cleaved by different classes of enzymes: (i) phospho-β-galactosidases (EC3.2.1.85) are specific for a phosphorylated substrate generated via phosphoenolpyruvate phosphotransferase system (PTS)-dependent uptake: (ii) typical β-galactosidases (EC 3.2.1.23), represented by the Escherichia coli LacZ enzyme, which are relatively specific for β-galactosides; and (iii) β-glucosidases (EC 3.2.1.21) such as the enzymes of Agrobacterium faecalis, Clostridium thermocellum, Pyrococcus furiosus or Sulfolobus solfataricus (Day, A.G. and Withers, S.G., (1986) Purification and characterization of a \beta-glucosidase from Alcaligenes faecalis. Can. J. Biochem. Cell. Biol. 64, 914-922; Kengen, S.W.M., et al. (1993) Eur. J. Biochem., 213, 305-312; Ait, N., Cruezet, N. and Cattaneo, J. (1982) Properties of β-glucosidase purified from Clostridium thermocellum. J. Gen. Microbiol. 128, 569-577; Grogan, D.W. (1991) Evidence that β-galactosidase of Sulfolobus solfataricus is only one of several activities of a thermostable β-D-glycodiase. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 57, 1644-1649). Members of the latter group, although highly specific with respect to the \beta-anomeric configuration of the glycosidic linkage, often display a rather relaxed substrate specificity and hydrolyze βglucosides as well as  $\beta$ -fucosides and  $\beta$ -galactosides.

Generally,  $\alpha$ -galactosidases are enzymes that catalyze the hydrolysis of galactose groups on a polysaccharide backbone or hydrolyze the cleavage of di- or oligosaccharides comprising galactose.

Generally, \(\beta\)-mannanases are enzymes that catalyze the hydrolysis of mannose groups internally on a polysaccharide backbone or hydrolyze the cleavage of di- or oligosaccaharides comprising mannose groups. \(\beta\)-mannosidases hydrolyze non-reducing, terminal mannose residues on a mannose-containing polysaccharide and the cleavage of di- or oligosaccaharides comprising mannose groups.

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Guar gum is a branched galactomannan polysaccharide composed of  $\beta$ -1,4 linked mannose backbone with  $\alpha$ -1,6 linked galactose side chains. The enzymes required for the degradation of guar are  $\beta$ -mannanase,  $\beta$ -mannosidase and  $\alpha$ -galactosidase.  $\beta$ -mannanase hydrolyses the mannose backbone internally and  $\beta$ -mannosidase hydrolyses non-reducing, terminal mannose residues.  $\alpha$ -galactosidase hydrolyses  $\alpha$ -linked galactose groups.

Galactomannan polysaccharides and the enzymes that degrade them have a variety of applications. Guar is commonly used as a thickening agent in food and is utilized in hydraulic fracturing in oil and gas recovery. Consequently, galactomannanases are industrially relevant for the degradation and modification of guar. Furthermore, a need exists for thermostable galactomannases that are active in extreme conditions associated with drilling and well stimulation.

There are other applications for these enzymes in various industries, such as in the beet sugar industry. 20-30% of the domestic U.S. sucrose consumption is sucrose from sugar beets. Raw beet sugar can contain a small amount of raffinose when the sugar beets are stored before processing and rotting begins to set in. Raffinose inhibits the crystallization of sucrose and also constitutes a hidden quantity of sucrose. Thus, there is merit to eliminating raffinose from raw beet sugar.  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase has also been used as a digestive aid to break down raffinose, stachyose, and verbascose in such foods as beans and other gassy foods.

β-galactosidases which are active and stable at high temperatures appear to be superior enzymes for the production of lactose-free dietary milk products (Chaplin, M.F.

and Bucke, C. (1990) In: Enzyme Technology, pp. 159-160, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK). Also, several studies have demonstrated the applicability of β-galactosidases to the enzymatic synthesis of oligosaccharides via transglycosylation reactions (Nilsson, K.G.I. (1988) Enzymatic synthesis of oligosaccharides. Trends Biotechnol. 6, 156-264; Cote, G.L. and Tao, B.Y. (1990) Oligosaccharide synthesis by enzymatic transglycosylation. Glycoconjugate J. 7, 145-162). Despite the commercial potential, only a few β-galactosidases of thermophiles have been characterized so far. Two genes reported are β-galactoside-cleaving enzymes of the hyperthermophilic bacterium *Thermotoga maritima*, one of the most thermophilic organotrophic eubacteria described to date (Huber, R., Langworthy, T.A., König, H., Thomm, M., Woese, C.R., Sleytr, U.B. and Stetter, K.O. (1986) *T. martima* sp. nov. represents a new genus of unique extremely thermophilic eubacteria growing up to 90°C, Arch. Microbiol. 144, 324-333) one of the most thermophilic organotrophic eubacteria described to date. The gene products have been identified as a β-galactosidase and a β-glucosidase.

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Pullulanase is well known as a debranching enzyme of pullulan and starch. The enzyme hydrolyzes  $\alpha$ -1,6-glucosidic linkages on these polymers. Starch degradation for the production or sweeteners (glucose or maltose) is a very important industrial application of this enzyme. The degradation of starch is developed in two stages. The first stage involves the liquefaction of the substrate with  $\alpha$ -amylase, and the second stage, or saccharification stage, is performed by  $\beta$ -amylase with pullalanase added as a debranching enzyme, to obtain better yields.

Endoglucanases can be used in a variety of industrial applications. For instance, the endoglucanases of the present invention can hydrolyze the internal β-1,4-glycosidic bonds in cellulose, which may be used for the conversion of plant biomass into fuels and chemicals. Endoglucanases also have applications in detergent formulations, the textile industry, in animal feed, in waste treatment, and in the fruit juice and brewing industry for the clarification and extraction of juices.

## **Brief Description of the Drawings**

The following drawings are illustrative of embodiments of the invention and are not meant to limit the scope of the invention as encompassed by the claims.

Figures 1a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of M11TL of the present invention. Sequencing was performed using a 378 automated DNA sequencer for all sequences of the present invention (Applied Biosystems, Inc.).

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Figure 2 is an illustration of the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of OC1/4V-33B/G.

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Figure 3 is an illustration of the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of F1-12G.

Figures 4a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 9N2-31B/G.

Figures 5a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of MSB8-6G.

Figure 6 is the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of AEDII12RA-18B/G.

Figures 7a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of GC74-22G.

Figures 8a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of VC1-7G1.

Figures 9a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 37GP1.

Figures 10a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 6GC2.

Figures 11a-d are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 6GP2.

Figures 12a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 63GB1.

Figures 13a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of OC1/4V.

Figures 14a-e are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 6GP3.

Figures 15a-d are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Thermotoga maritima* MSB8-6GP2.

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Figures 16a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Thermotoga maritima* MSB8-6GB4.

Figures 17a-d are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Banki gouldi* 37GP4.

Figures 18a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Pyrococcus furiosus* VC1-7EG1.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, there are provided isolated nucleic acids (polynucleotides) which encode mature enzymes having the deduced amino acid sequences of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64).

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for producing a polypeptide including culturing host cells containing the polynucleotide of Figures 1-18 and expressing from the host cell a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide and isolating the polypeptide.

In another embodiment, the invention provides an enzyme selected from the group consisting of an enzyme having an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 or 61-64 and an enzyme which has at least 30 consecutive amino acid residue as an enzyme having an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 or 61-64.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a method for generating glucose from soluble cell oligosaccharides which includes contacting a sample containing oligosaccharides with an effective amount of an enzyme selected from the group of

enzymes having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28, 61-63 and 64 such that glucose is produced

The publications discussed herein are provided solely for their disclosure prior to the filing date of the present application. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the invention is not entitled to antedate such disclosure by virtue of prior invention.

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#### **Definitions**

"Monosaccharide", as used herein, refers to a single polyhydroxy aldehyde or ketone unit.

"Oligosaccharide", as used herein, consist of short chains of monosaccharide units joined together by covalent bonds. Of these, the most abundant are the disaccharides, which have two monosaccharide units.

"Polysaccharide", as used herein, consists of long chains having many monosaccharide units.

The term "gene" means the segment of DNA involved in producing a polypeptide chain; it includes regions preceding and following the coding region (leader and trailer) as well as intervening sequences (introns) between individual coding segments (exons).

A coding sequence is "operably linked to" another coding sequence when RNA polymerase will transcribe the two coding sequences into a single mRNA, which is then translated into a single polypeptide having amino acids derived from both coding sequences. The coding sequences need not be contiguous to one another so long as the expressed sequences ultimately process to produce the desired protein.

"Recombinant" enzymes refer to enzymes produced by recombinant DNA techniques; *i.e.*, produced from cells transformed by an exogenous DNA construct encoding the desired enzyme. "Synthetic" enzymes are those prepared by chemical synthesis.

A DNA "coding sequence of" or a "nucleotide sequence encoding" a particular enzyme, is a DNA sequence which is transcribed and translated into an enzyme when placed under the control of appropriate regulatory sequences.

## **Detailed Description of the Invention**

The polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention have been identified as glucosidases,  $\alpha$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -mannosidases,  $\beta$ -mannases, endoglucanases, and pullalanases as a result of their enzymatic activity.

In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, there are provided novel enzymes, as well as active fragments, analogs and derivatives thereof.

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In accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there are provided isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding the enzymes of the present invention including mRNAs, cDNAs, genomic DNAs as well as active analogs and fragments of such enzymes.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques comprising culturing recombinant prokaryotic and/or eukaryotic host cells, containing a nucleic acid sequence of the present invention, under conditions promoting expression of said enzymes and subsequent recovery of said enzymes.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing such enzymes, or polynucleotides encoding such enzymes for hydrolyzing lactose to galactose and glucose for use in the food processing industry, the pharmaceutical industry, for example, to treat intolerance to lactose, as a diagnostic reporter molecule, in corn wet milling, in the fruit juice industry, in baking, in the textile industry and in the detergent industry.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing such enzymes for hydrolyzing guar gum (a galactomannan polysaccharide) to remove non-reducing terminal mannose residues. Further polysaccharides such as galactomannan and the enzymes according to the invention that degrade them have a variety of applications. Guar gum is commonly used as a thickening agent in food and also is utilized in hydraulic fracturing in oil and gas recovery. Consequently, mannanases are industrially relevant for the degradation and modification of guar gums. Furthermore, a need exists for thermostable mannases that are active in extreme conditions associated with drilling and well stimulation.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there are also provided nucleic acid probes comprising nucleic acid molecules of sufficient length to specifically hybridize to a nucleic acid sequence of the present invention.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing such enzymes, or polynucleotides encoding such enzymes, for *in vitro* purposes related to scientific research, for example, to generate probes for identifying similar sequences which might encode similar enzymes from other organisms by using certain regions, *i.e.*, conserved sequence regions, of the nucleotide sequence.

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These and other aspects of the present invention should be apparent to those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

The polynucleotides of this invention were originally recovered from genomic gene libraries derived from the following organisms:

M11TL is a new species of *Desulfurococcus* isolated from Diamond Pool in Yellowstone National Park. The organism grows optimally at 85-88°C, pH 7.0 in a low salt medium containing yeast extract, peptone, and gelatin as substrates with a  $N_2/CO_2$  gas phase.

OC1/4V is from the genus *Thermotoga*. The organism was isolated from Yellowstone National Park. It grows optimally at  $75^{\circ}$ C in a low salt medium with cellulose as a substrate and  $N_2$  in gas phase.

Pyrococcus furiosus VC1 and (7EG1) is from the genus Pyrococcus. VC1 was isolated from Vulcano, Italy. It grows optimally at 100°C in a high salt medium (marine) containing elemental sulfur, yeast extract, peptone and starch as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase.

Staphylothermus marinus F1 is a from the genus Staphylothermus. F1 was isolated from Vulcano, Italy. It grows optimally at 85°C, pH 6.5 in high salt medium (marine) containing elemental sulfur and yeast extract as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase.

Thermococcus 9N-2 is from the genus Thermococcus 9N-2 was isolated from diffuse vent fluid in the East Pacific Rise. It is a strict anaerobe that grows optimally at 87°C.

Thermotoga maritima MSB8 and MSB8 (Clone # 6GP2 and 6GB4) is from the genus Thermotogo, and was isolated from Vulcano, Italy. MSB8 grows optimally at 85°C, pH 6.5 in a high salt medium (marine) containing starch and yeast extract as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase.

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Thermococcus alcaliphilus AEDII12RA is from the genus Thermococcus. AEDII12RA grows optimally at 85°C, pH 9.5 in a high salt medium (marine) containing polysulfides and yeast extract as substrates and  $N_2$  in gas phase.

Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74 is from the genus Thermococcus. GC74 grows optimally at 85°C, pH 6.0 in a high salt medium (marine) containing chitin, meat extract, elemental sulfur and yeast extract as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase. AEPII 1a grows optimally at 85°C at pH 6.5 in marine medium under anaerobic conditions. It has many substrates. Bankia gouldi is from the genus Bankia.

Accordingly, the polynucleotides and enzymes encoded thereby are identified by the organism from which they were isolated, and are sometimes hereinafter referred to as "M11TL" (Figure 1 and SEQ ID NOS:1 and 15), "OC1/4V-33B/G" (Figure 2 and SEQ ID NOS:2 and 16), "F1-12G" (Figure 3 and SEQ ID NOS:3 and 17), "9N2-31B/G" (Figure 4 and SEQ ID NOS:4 and 18), "MSB8" (Figure 5 and SEQ ID NOS:5 and 19), "AEDII12RA-18B/G" (Figure 6 and SEQ ID NOS:6 and 20), "GC74-22G" (Figure 7 and SEQ ID NOS:7 and 21), "VC1-7G1" (Figure 8 and SEQ ID NOS:8 and 22), "37GP1" (Figure 9 and SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 23), "6GC2" (Figure 10 and SEQ ID NOS: 10 and 24), "6GP2" (Figure 11 and SEQ ID NOS:11 and 25), "AEPII 1a" (Figure 12 and SEQ ID NOS:12 and 26), "OC1/4V" (Figure 13 and SEQ ID NOS:13 and 27), and "6GP3" (Figure 14 and SEQ ID NOS:28), "MSB8-6GP2" (Figure 15 and SEQ ID NOS:57 and 61), "MSB8-6GB4" (Figure 16 and SEQ ID NOS:58 and 62), "VC1-7EG1" (Figure 17 and SEQ ID NOS:59 and 63), and 37GP4 (Figure 18 and SEQ ID NOS:60 and 64).

The polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention show identity at the nucleotide and protein level to known genes and proteins encoded thereby as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

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Clone	Gene/Protein with Closest Homology	Protein Identity	Nucleic Acid Identity
M11TL-29G	Sulfolobus sulfataricus DSM 1616/P1, β- galactosidase	51%	55%
OC1/4V-33B/G	Caldocellum saccharolyticum, β-glucosidase	52%	57%
Staphylothermus marinus F1-12G	Bacillus polymyxa, β- galactosidase	36%	48%
Thermococcus 9N2-31B/G	Sulfolobus sulfataricus ATCC 49255/MT4, β- galactosidase	51%	50%
Thermotoga maritima MSB8-6G	Clostridium thermocellum	45%	53%
Thermococcus AEDII12RA-18B/G	Bacillus polymyxa, β- galactosidase	34%	48%
Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74- 22G	Sulfolobus sulfataricus ATCC 49255/MT4, β- galactosidase	46%	54%

Pyrococcus furiosus VC1-7G1	Sulfolobus sulfataricus/MT-4 β- galactosidase	46.4%	52.5%
Thermotoga maritima α-galactosidase (6GC2)	Pediococcus pentosaceaus α-galactosidase	49%	29%
Thermotoga maritima B-mannanase (6GP2)	Aspergillus aculeatus mannanase	56%	37%
AEPII 1a ß- mannosidase (63GB1)	Sulfolobus solfactaricus B- galactosidase	78%	56%
OC1/4V endoglucanase (33GP1)	Clostridium thermocellum endo-1,4-ß-endoglucanase	65%	43%
Thermotoga maritima pullalanase (6GP3)	Caldocellum - saccharolyticum α- destrom 6 glucanohydralase	72	53
Bankia gouldi mix Endoglucanase (37GP1)	None available		

The polynucleotides and enzymes of the present invention show homology to each other as shown in Table 2.

Table 2

Clone	Gene/Protein with Closest Homology	Protein Identity	Nucleic Acid Identity
Staphylothermus marinus F1-12G	Thermococcus AEDII12RA-18B/G, β- galactosidase, glucosidase	55%	57%
Thermococcus 9N2- 31B/G	Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74- 22G-glucosidase`	74%	66%
Pyrococcus furiosus VC1-7G1	Pyrococcus furiosus VC1-7B/G β-galactosidase	46.4%	54%

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All the clones identified in Tables 1 and 2 encode polypeptides which have  $\alpha$ -glycosidase or  $\beta$ -glycosidase activity.

This invention, in addition to the isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding the enzymes of the present invention, also provide substantially similar sequences. Isolated nucleic acid sequences are substantially similar if: (i) they are capable of hybridizing under conditions hereinafter described, to the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60; (ii) or they encode DNA sequences which are degenerate to the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60. Degenerate DNA sequences encode the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOS:15-28 and 61-64, but have variations in the nucleotide coding sequences. As used herein, substantially similar refers to the sequences having similar identity to the sequences of the instant invention. The nucleotide sequences that are substantially the same can be identified by hybridization or by sequence comparison. Enzyme sequences that are substantially the same can be identified by one or more of the following: proteolytic digestion, gel electrophoresis and/or microsequencing.

One means for isolating the nucleic acid molecules encoding the enzymes of the present invention is to probe a gene library with a natural or artificially designed probe using art recognized procedures (see, for example: Current Protocols in Molecular Biology,

Ausubel F.M. et al. (EDS.) Green Publishing Company Assoc. and John Wiley Interscience, New York, 1989, 1992). It is appreciated to one skilled in the art that the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60 or fragments thereof (comprising at least 12 contiguous nucleotides), are particularly useful probes. Other particular useful probes for this purpose are hybridizable fragments to the sequences of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60 (i.e., comprising at least 12 contiguous nucleotides).

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With respect to nucleic acid sequences which hybridize to specific nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein, hybridization may be carried out under conditions of reduced stringency, medium stringency or even stringent conditions. As an example of oligonucleotide hybridization, a polymer membrane containing immobilized denatured nucleic acids is first prehybridized for 30 minutes at 45°C in a solution consisting of 0.9 M NaCl, 50 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.0, 5.0 mM Na<sub>2</sub>EDTA, 0.5% SDS, 10X Denhardt's, and 0.5 mg/ml polyriboadenylic acid. Approximately 2 X 10<sup>7</sup> cpm (specific activity 4-9 X 10 cpm/ug) of <sup>32</sup>P end-labeled oligonucleotide probe are then added to the solution. After 12-16 hours of incubation, the membrane is washed for 30 minutes at room temperature in 1X SET (150 mM NaCl, 20 mM Tris hydrochloride, pH 7.8, 1 mM Na<sub>2</sub>EDTA) containing 0.5% SDS, followed by a 30 minute wash in fresh 1X SET at Tm 10°C for the oligonucleotide probe. The membrane is then exposed to auto-radiographic film for detection of hybridization signals.

Stringent conditions means hybridization will occur only if there is at least 90% identity, preferably at least 95% identity and most preferably at least 97% identity between the sequences. Further, it is understood that a section of a 100 bps sequence that is 95 bps in length has 95% identity with the 1090 bps sequence from which it is obtained. See J. Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, 2d Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1989) which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Also, it is understood that a fragment of a 100 bps sequence that is 95 bps in length has 95% identity with the 100 bps sequence from which it is obtained.

As used herein, a first DNA (RNA) sequence is at least 70% and preferably at least 80% identical to another DNA (RNA) sequence if there is at least 70% and preferably at

least a 80% or 90% identity, respectively, between the bases of the first sequence and the bases of the another sequence, when properly aligned with each other, for example when aligned by BLASTN.

"Identity" as the term is used herein, refers to a polynucleotide sequence which comprises a percentage of the same bases as a reference polynucleotide (SEQ ID NOS:1-14 and 57-60). For example, a polynucleotide which is at least 90% identical to a reference polynucleotide, has polynucleotide bases which are identical in 90% of the bases which make up the reference polynucleotide and may have different bases in 10% of the bases which comprise that polynucleotide sequence.

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The present invention relates polynucleotides which differ from the reference polynucleotide such that the changes are silent changes, for example the change do not alter the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide. The present invention also relates to nucleotide changes which result in amino acid substitutions, additions, deletions, fusions and truncations in the polypeptide encoded by the reference polynucleotide. In a preferred aspect of the invention these polypeptides retain the same biological action as the polypeptide encoded by the reference polynucleotide.

It is also appreciated that such probes can be and are preferably labeled with an analytically detectable reagent to facilitate identification of the probe. Useful reagents include but are not limited to radioactivity, fluorescent dyes or enzymes capable of catalyzing the formation of a detectable product. The probes are thus useful to isolate complementary copies of DNA from other sources or to screen such sources for related sequences.

The polynucleotides of this invention were recovered from genomic gene libraries from the organisms listed in Table 1. For example, gene libraries can be generated in the Lambda ZAP II cloning vector (Stratagene Cloning Systems). Mass excisions can be performed on these libraries to generate libraries in the pBluescript phagemid. Libraries are thus generated and excisions performed according to the protocols/methods hereinafter described.

The excision libraries are introduced into the *E. coli* strain BW14893 F'kan1A. Expression clones are then identified using a high temperature filter assay. Expression clones encoding several glucanases and several other glycosidases are identified and repurified. The polynucleotides, and enzymes encoded thereby, of the present invention, yield the activities as described above.

The coding sequences for the enzymes of the present invention were identified by screening the genomic DNAs prepared for the clones having glucosidase or galactosidase activity.

An example of such an assay is a high temperature filter assay wherein expression clones were identified by use of high temperature filter assays using buffer Z (see recipe below) containing 1 mg/ml of the substrate 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (XGLU) (Diagnostic Chemicals Limited or Sigma) after introducing an excision library into the *E. coli* strain BW14893 F'kan1A. Expression clones encoding XGLUases were identified and repurified from M11TL, OC1/4V, Pyrococcus furiosus VC1, Staphylothemus marinus F1, Thermococcus 9N-2, Thermotoga maritima MSB8, Thermococcus alcaliphilus AEDII12RA, and Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74.

Z-buffer: (referenced in Miller, J.H. (1992) A Short Course in Bacterial Genetics, p. 445.)

per liter:

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 $Na_2HPO_4-7H_2O$  16.1g  $NaH_2PO_4-7H_2O$  5.5g KCl 0.75g MgSO<sub>4</sub>-7H<sub>2</sub>O 0.246g β-mercaptoethanol 2.7ml Adjust pH to 7.0

#### **High Temperature Filter Assay**

(1) The f factor fkan (from E. coli strain CSH118)(1) was introduced into the pho-pnh-lac-strain BW14893(2). BW13893(2). The filamentous phage library was plated on the resulting strain, BW14893 F'kan. (Miller, J.H. (1992) A Short Course in

- Bacterial Genetics; Lee, K.S., Metcalf, et al., (1992) Evidence for two phosphonate degradative pathways in Enterobacter Aerogenes, J. Bacteriol., 174:2501-2510.
- (2) After growth on 100 mm LB plates containing 100 μg/ml ampicillin, 80 μg/ml nethicillin and 1mM IPTG, colony lifts were performed using Millipore HATF membrane filters.

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- (3) The colonies transferred to the filters were lysed with chloroform vapor in 150 mm glass petri dishes.
- (4) The filters were transferred to 100 mm glass petri dishes containing a piece of Whatman 3MM filter paper saturated with buffer.
  - (a) when testing for galactosidase activity (XGALase), 3MM paper was saturated with Z buffer containing 1 mg/ml XGAL (ChemBridge Corporation). After transferring filter bearing lysed colonies to the glass petri dish, placed dish in oven at 80-85°C.
  - (b) when testing for glucosidase (XGLUase), 3MM paper was saturated with Z buffer containing 1 mg/ml XGLU. After transferring filter bearing lysed colonies to the glass petri dish, placed dish in oven at 80-85°C.
- (5) 'Positives' were observed as blue spots on the filter membranes. Used the following filter rescue technique to retrieve plasmid from lysed positive colony. Used pasteur pipette (or glass capillary tube) to core blue spots on the filter membrane. Placed the small filter disk in an Eppendorf tube containing 20 μl water. Incubated the Eppendorf tube at 75°C for 5 minutes followed by vortexing to elute plasmid DNA off filter. This DNA was transformed into electrocompetent *E. coli* cells DH10B for Thermatoga maritima MSB8-6G, Staphylothermus marinus F1-12G, Thermococcus AEDII12RA-18B/G, Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74-22G, M11Tl and OC1/4V. Electrocompetent BW14893 F'kan1A *E. coli* were used for Thermococcus 9N2-31B/G, and *Pyrococcus furiosus* VC1-7G1. Repeated filter-lift assay on transformation plates to identify 'positives'. Return transformation plates to 37°C incubator after filter lift to regenerate colonies. Inoculate 3 ml LB liquid containing 100 μg/ml ampicillin with repurified positives and incubate at 37°C

overnight. Isolate plasmid DNA from these cultures and sequence plasmid insert. In some instances where the plates used for the initial colony lifts contained non-confluent colonies, a specific colony corresponding to a blue spot on the filter could be identified on a regenerated plate and repurified directly, instead of using the filter rescue technique.

Another example of such an assay is a variation of the high temperature filter assay wherein colony-laden filters are heat-killed at different temperatures (for example, 105°C for 20 minutes) to monitor thermostability. The 3MM paper is saturated with different buffers (i.e., 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 100 mM Tris-Cl (pH 9.5)) to determine enzyme activity under different buffer conditions.

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A β-glucosidase assay may also be employed, wherein GlcpβNp is used as an artificial substrate (aryl-β-glucosidase). The increase in absorbance at 405 nm as a result of p-nitrophenol (pNp) liberation was followed on a Hitachi U-1100 spectrophotometer, equipped with a thermostatted cuvette holder. The assays may be performed at 80°C or 90°C in closed 1-ml quartz cuvette. A standard reaction mixture contains 150 mM trisodium substrate, pH 5.0 (at 80°C), and 0.95 mM pNp derivative pNp = 0.561 mM<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>). The reaction mixture is allowed to reach the desired temperature, after which the reaction is started by injecting an appropriate amount of enzyme (1.06 ml final volume).

1 U  $\beta$ -glucosidase activity is defined as that amount required to catalyze the formation of 1.0  $\mu$ mol pNp/min. D-cellobiose may also be used as a substrate.

An ONPG assay for  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity is described by Miller, J.H. (1992) A Short Course in Bacterial Genetics and Mill, J.H. (1992) Experiments in Molecular Genetics, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

A quantitative fluorometric assay for β-galactosidase specific activity is described by: Youngman P., (1987) Plasmid Vectors for Recovering and Exploiting Tn917 Transpositions in Bacillus and other Gram-Positive Bacteria. In Plasmids: A Practical approach (ed. K. Hardy) pp 79-103. IRL Press, Oxford. A description of the procedure can be found in Miller (1992) p. 75-77, the contents of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be in the form of DNA which DNA includes cDNA, genomic DNA, and synthetic DNA. The DNA may be double-stranded or single-stranded, and if single stranded may be the coding strand or non-coding (anti-sense) strand. The coding sequences which encodes the mature enzymes may be identical to the coding sequences shown in Figures 1-8 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60) or may be a different coding sequence which coding sequence, as a result of the redundancy or degeneracy of the genetic code, encodes the same mature enzymes as the DNA of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60).

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The polynucleotide which encodes for the mature enzyme of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) may include, but is not limited to: only the coding sequence for the mature enzyme; the coding sequence for the mature enzyme and additional coding sequence such as a leader sequence or a proprotein sequence; the coding sequence for the mature enzyme (and optionally additional coding sequence) and non-coding sequence, such as introns or non-coding sequence 5' and/or 3' of the coding sequence for the mature enzyme.

Thus, the term "polynucleotide encoding an enzyme (protein)" encompasses a polynucleotide which includes only coding sequence for the enzyme as well as a polynucleotide which includes additional coding and/or non-coding sequence.

The present invention further relates to variants of the hereinabove described polynucleotides which encode for fragments, analogs and derivatives of the enzymes having the deduced amino acid sequences of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64). The variant of the polynucleotide may be a naturally occurring allelic variant of the polynucleotide or a non-naturally occurring variant of the polynucleotide.

Thus, the present invention includes polynucleotides encoding the same mature enzymes as shown in Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) as well as variants of such polynucleotides which variants encode for a fragment, derivative or analog of the enzymes of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64). Such nucleotide variants include deletion variants, substitution variants and addition or insertion variants.

As hereinabove indicated, the polynucleotides may have a coding sequence which is a naturally occurring allelic variant of the coding sequences shown in Figures 1-18 (SEQ

ID NOS: I-14 and 57-60). As known in the art, an allelic variant is an alternate form of a polynucleotide sequence which may have a substitution, deletion or addition of one or more nucleotides, which does not substantially alter the function of the encoded enzyme.

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Fragments of the full length gene of the present invention may be used as a hybridization probe for a cDNA or a genomic library to isolate the full length DNA and to isolate other DNAs which have a high sequence similarity to the gene or similar biological activity. Probes of this type preferably have at least 10, preferably at least 15, and even more preferably at least 30 bases and may contain, for example, at least 50 or more bases. The probe may also be used to identify a DNA clone corresponding to a full length transcript and a genomic clone or clones that contain the complete gene including regulatory and promotor regions, exons, and introns. An example of a screen comprises isolating the coding region of the gene by using the known DNA sequence to synthesize an oligonucleotide probe. Labeled oligonucleotides having a sequence complementary to that of the gene of the present invention are used to screen a library of genomic DNA to determine which members of the library the probe hybridizes to.

The present invention further relates to polynucleotides which hybridize to the hereinabove-described sequences if there is at least 70%, preferably at least 90%, and more preferably at least 95% identity between the sequences. The present invention particularly relates to polynucleotides which hybridize under stringent conditions to the hereinabove-described polynucleotides. As herein used, the term "stringent conditions" means hybridization will occur only if there is at least 95% and preferably at least 97% identity between the sequences. The polynucleotides which hybridize to the hereinabove described polynucleotides in a preferred embodiment encode enzymes which either retain substantially the same biological function or activity as the mature enzyme encoded by the DNA of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60).

Alternatively, the polynucleotide may have at least 15 bases, preferably at least 30 bases, and more preferably at least 50 bases which hybridize to any part of a polynucleotide of the present invention and which has an identity thereto, as hereinabove described, and which may or may not retain activity. For example, such polynucleotides may be employed

as probes for the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60, for example, for recovery of the polynucleotide or as a diagnostic probe or as a PCR primer.

Thus, the present invention is directed to polynucleotides having at least a 70% identity, preferably at least 90% identity and more preferably at least a 95% identity to a polynucleotide which encodes the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 as well as fragments thereof, which fragments have at least 15 bases, preferably at least 30 bases and most preferably at least 50 bases, which fragments are at least 90% identical, preferably at least 95% identical and most preferably at least 97% identical under stringent conditions to any portion of a polynucleotide of the present invention.

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The present invention further relates to enzymes which have the deduced amino acid sequences of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) as well as fragments, analogs and derivatives of such enzyme.

The terms "fragment," "derivative" and "analog" when referring to the enzymes of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) means enzymes which retain essentially the same biological function or activity as such enzymes. Thus, an analog includes a proprotein which can be activated by cleavage of the proprotein portion to produce an active mature enzyme.

The enzymes of the present invention may be a recombinant enzyme, a natural enzyme or a synthetic enzyme, preferably a recombinant enzyme.

The fragment, derivative or analog of the enzymes of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) may be (i) one in which one or more of the amino acid residues are substituted with a conserved or non-conserved amino acid residue (preferably a conserved amino acid residue) and such substituted amino acid residue may or may not be one encoded by the genetic code, or (ii) one in which one or more of the amino acid residues includes a substituent group, or (iii) one in which the mature enzyme is fused with another compound, such as a compound to increase the half-life of the enzyme (for example, polyethylene glycol), or (iv) one in which the additional amino acids are fused to the mature enzyme, such as a leader or secretory sequence or a sequence which is employed for purification of the mature enzyme or a proprotein sequence. Such fragments, derivatives

and analogs are deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

The enzymes and polynucleotides of the present invention are preferably provided in an isolated form, and preferably are purified to homogeneity.

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The term "isolated" means that the material is removed from its original environment (e.g., the natural environment if it is naturally occurring). For example, a naturally-occurring polynucleotide or enzyme present in a living animal is not isolated, but the same polynucleotide or enzyme, separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system, is isolated. Such polynucleotides could be part of a vector and/or such polynucleotides or enzymes could be part of a composition, and still be isolated in that such vector or composition is not part of its natural environment.

The enzymes of the present invention include the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 (in particular the mature enzyme) as well as enzymes which have at least 70% similarity (preferably at least 70% identity) to the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 and more preferably at least 90% similarity (more preferably at least 90% identity) to the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 and still more preferably at least 95% similarity (still more preferably at least 95% identity) to the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 and also include portions of such enzymes with such portion of the enzyme generally containing at least 30 amino acids and more preferably at least 50 amino acids.

As known in the art "similarity" between two enzymes is determined by comparing the amino acid sequence and its conserved amino acid substitutes of one enzyme to the sequence of a second enzyme.

A variant, i.e. a "fragment", "analog" or "derivative" polypeptide, and reference polypeptide may differ in amino acid sequence by one or more substitutions, additions, deletions, fusions and truncations, which may be present in any combination.

Among preferred variants are those that vary from a reference by conservative amino acid substitutions. Such substitutions are those that substitute a given amino acid in a polypeptide by another amino acid of like characteristics. Typically seen as conservative substitutions are the replacements, one for another, among the aliphatic amino acids Ala,

Val, Leu and Ile; interchange of the hydroxyl residues Ser and Thr, exchange of the acidic residues Asp and Glu, substitution between the amide residues Asp and Gln, exchange of the basic residues Lys and Arg and replacements among the aromatic residues Phe, Tyr.

Most highly preferred are variants which retain the same biological function and activity as the reference polypeptide from which it varies.

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Fragments or portions of the enzymes of the present invention may be employed for producing the corresponding full-length enzyme by peptide synthesis: therefore, the fragments may be employed as intermediates for producing the full-length enzymes. Fragments or portions of the polynucleotides of the present invention may be used to synthesize full-length polynucleotides of the present invention.

The present invention also relates to vectors which include polynucleotides of the present invention, host cells which are genetically engineered with vectors of the invention and the production of enzymes of the invention by recombinant techniques.

Host cells are genetically engineered (transduced or transformed or transfected) with the vectors of this invention which may be, for example, a cloning vector or an expression vector. The vector may be, for example, in the form of a plasmid, a viral particle, a phage, etc. The engineered host cells can be cultured in conventional nutrient media modified as appropriate for activating promoters, selecting transformants or amplifying the genes of the present invention. The culture conditions, such as temperature, pH and the like, are those previously used with the host cell selected for expression, and will be apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be employed for producing enzymes by recombinant techniques. Thus, for example, the polynucleotide may be included in any one of a variety of expression vectors for expressing an enzyme. Such vectors include chromosomal, nonchromosomal and synthetic DNA sequences, e.g., derivatives of SV40; bacterial plasmids; phage DNA; baculovirus; yeast plasmids; vectors derived from combinations of plasmids and phage DNA, viral DNA such as vaccinia, adenovirus, fowl pox virus, and pseudorabies. However, any other vector may be used as long as it is replicable and viable in the host.

The appropriate DNA sequence may be inserted into the vector by a variety of procedures. In general, the DNA sequence is inserted into an appropriate restriction endonuclease site(s) by procedures known in the art. Such procedures and others are deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art.

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The DNA sequence in the expression vector is operatively linked to an appropriate expression control sequence(s) (promoter) to direct mRNA synthesis. As representative examples of such promoters, there may be mentioned: LTR or SV40 promoter, the <u>E. coli</u> lac or trp, the phage lambda P<sub>L</sub> promoter and other promoters known to control expression of genes in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells or their viruses. The expression vector also contains a ribosome binding site for translation initiation and a transcription terminator. The vector may also include appropriate sequences for amplifying expression.

In addition, the expression vectors preferably contain one or more selectable marker genes to provide a phenotypic trait for selection of transformed host cells such as dihydrofolate reductase or neomycin resistance for eukaryotic cell culture, or such as tetracycline or ampicillin resistance in <u>E. coli</u>.

The vector containing the appropriate DNA sequence as hereinabove described, as well as an appropriate promoter or control sequence, may be employed to transform an appropriate host to permit the host to express the protein.

As representative examples of appropriate hosts, there may be mentioned: bacterial cells, such as <u>E. coli</u>, <u>Streptomyces</u>, <u>Bacillus subtilis</u>; fungal cells, such as yeast; insect cells such as <u>Drosophila S2</u> and <u>Spodoptera Sf9</u>; animal cells such as CHO, COS or Bowes melanoma; adenoviruses; plant cells, etc. The selection of an appropriate host is deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

More particularly, the present invention also includes recombinant constructs comprising one or more of the sequences as broadly described above. The constructs comprise a vector, such as a plasmid or viral vector, into which a sequence of the invention has been inserted, in a forward or reverse orientation. In a preferred aspect of this embodiment, the construct further comprises regulatory sequences, including, for example, a promoter, operably linked to the sequence. Large numbers of suitable vectors and

promoters are known to those of skill in the art, and are commercially available. The following vectors are provided by way of example; Bacterial: pQE70, pQE60, pQE-9 (Qiagen), pD10, psiX174, pBluescript II KS, pNH8A, pNH16a, pNH18A, pNH46A (Stratagene); ptrc99a, pKK223-3, pKK233-3, pDR540, pRIT5 (Pharmacia); Eukaryotic: pSV2CAT, pOG44, pXT1, pSG (Stratagene) pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG, pSVL (Pharmacia). However, any other plasmid or vector may be used as long as they are replicable and viable in the host.

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Promoter regions can be selected from any desired gene using CAT (chloramphenicol transferase) vectors or other vectors with selectable markers. Two appropriate vectors are pKK232-8 and pCM7. Particular named bacterial promoters include lacI, lacZ, T3, T7, gpt, lambda P<sub>R</sub>, P<sub>L</sub> and trp. Eukaryotic promoters include CMV immediate early, HSV thymidine kinase, early and late SV40, LTRs from retrovirus, and mouse metallothionein-I. Selection of the appropriate vector and promoter is well within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to host cells containing the above-described constructs. The host cell can be a higher eukaryotic cell, such as a mammalian cell, or a lower eukaryotic cell, such as a yeast cell, or the host cell can be a prokaryotic cell, such as a bacterial cell. Introduction of the construct into the host cell can be effected by calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE-Dextran mediated transfection, or electroporation (Davis, L., Dibner, M., Battey, I., Basic Methods in Molecular Biology, (1986)).

The constructs in host cells can be used in a conventional manner to produce the gene product encoded by the recombinant sequence. Alternatively, the enzymes of the invention can be synthetically produced by conventional peptide synthesizers.

Mature proteins can be expressed in mammalian cells, yeast, bacteria, or other cells under the control of appropriate promoters. Cell-free translation systems can also be employed to produce such proteins using RNAs derived from the DNA constructs of the present invention. Appropriate cloning and expression vectors for use with prokaryotic and eukaryotic hosts are described by Sambrook, et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory

Manual. Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., (1989), the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Transcription of the DNA encoding the enzymes of the present invention by higher eukaryotes is increased by inserting an enhancer sequence into the vector. Enhancers are cis-acting elements of DNA, usually about from 10 to 300 bp that act on a promoter to increase its transcription. Examples include the SV40 enhancer on the late side of the replication origin bp 100 to 270, a cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer, the polyoma enhancer on the late side of the replication origin, and adenovirus enhancers.

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Generally, recombinant expression vectors will include origins of replication and selectable markers permitting transformation of the host cell, e.g., the ampicillin resistance gene of  $\underline{E.~coli}$  and  $\underline{S.~cerevisiae}$  TRP1 gene, and a promoter derived from a highly-expressed gene to direct transcription of a downstream structural sequence. Such promoters can be derived from operons encoding glycolytic enzymes such as 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (PGK),  $\alpha$ -factor, acid phosphatase, or heat shock proteins, among others. The heterologous structural sequence is assembled in appropriate phase with translation initiation and termination sequences, and preferably, a leader sequence capable of directing secretion of translated enzyme. Optionally, the heterologous sequence can encode a fusion enzyme including an N-terminal identification peptide imparting desired characteristics, e.g., stabilization or simplified purification of expressed recombinant product.

Useful expression vectors for bacterial use are constructed by inserting a structural DNA sequence encoding a desired protein together with suitable translation initiation and termination signals in operable reading phase with a functional promoter. The vector will comprise one or more phenotypic selectable markers and an origin of replication to ensure maintenance of the vector and to, if desirable, provide amplification within the host. Suitable prokaryotic hosts for transformation include <u>E. coli</u>, <u>Bacillus subtilis</u>, <u>Salmonella typhimurium</u> and various species within the genera Pseudomonas, Streptomyces, and Staphylococcus, although others may also be employed as a matter of choice.

As a representative but nonlimiting example, useful expression vectors for bacterial use can comprise a selectable marker and bacterial origin of replication derived from

commercially available plasmids comprising genetic elements of the well known cloning vector pBR322 (ATCC 37017). Such commercial vectors include, for example, pKK223-3 (Pharmacia Fine Chemicals, Uppsala, Sweden) and GEM1 (Promega Biotec, Madison, WI, USA). These pBR322 "backbone" sections are combined with an appropriate promoter and the structural sequence to be expressed.

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Following transformation of a suitable host strain and growth of the host strain to an appropriate cell density, the selected promoter is induced by appropriate means (e.g., temperature shift or chemical induction) and cells are cultured for an additional period.

Cells are typically harvested by centrifugation, disrupted by physical or chemical means, and the resulting crude extract retained for further purification.

Microbial cells employed in expression of proteins can be disrupted by any convenient method, including freeze-thaw cycling, sonication, mechanical disruption, or use of cell lysing agents, such methods are well known to those skilled in the art.

Various mammalian cell culture systems can also be employed to express recombinant protein. Examples of mammalian expression systems include the COS-7 lines of monkey kidney fibroblasts, described by Gluzman, Cell, 23:175 (1981), and other cell lines capable of expressing a compatible vector, for example, the C127, 3T3, CHO, HeLa and BHK cell lines. Mammalian expression vectors will comprise an origin of replication, a suitable promoter and enhancer, and also any necessary ribosome binding sites, polyadenylation site, splice donor and acceptor sites, transcriptional termination sequences, and 5' flanking nontranscribed sequences. DNA sequences derived from the SV40 splice, and polyadenylation sites may be used to provide the required nontranscribed genetic elements.

The enzyme can be recovered and purified from recombinant cell cultures by methods including ammonium sulfate or ethanol precipitation, acid extraction, anion or cation exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, affinity chromatography, hydroxylapatite chromatography and lectin chromatography. Protein refolding steps can be used, as necessary, in completing

configuration of the mature protein. Finally, high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) can be employed for final purification steps.

The enzymes of the present invention may be a naturally purified product, or a product of chemical synthetic procedures, or produced by recombinant techniques from a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host (for example, by bacterial, yeast, higher plant, insect and mammalian cells in culture). Depending upon the host employed in a recombinant production procedure, the enzymes of the present invention may be glycosylated or may be non-glycosylated. Enzymes of the invention may or may not also include an initial methionine amino acid residue.

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 $\beta$ -galactosidase hydrolyzes lactose to galactose and glucose. Accordingly, the OC1/4V, 9N2-31B/G, AEDII12RA-18B/G and F1-12G enzymes may be employed in the food processing industry for the production of low lactose content milk and for the production of galactose or glucose from lactose contained in whey obtained in a large amount as a by-product in the production of cheese. Generally, it is desired that enzymes used in food processing, such as the aforementioned  $\beta$ -galactosidases, be stable at elevated temperatures to help prevent microbial contamination.

These enzymes may also be employed in the pharmaceutical industry. The enzymes are used to treat intolerance to lactose. In this case, a thermostable enzyme is desired, as well. Thermostable  $\beta$ -galactosidases also have uses in diagnostic applications, where they are employed as reporter molecules.

Glucosidases act on soluble cellooligosaccharides from the non-reducing end to give glucose as the sole product. Glucanases (endo- and exo-) act in the depolymerization of cellulose, generating more non-reducing ends (endo-glucanases, for instance, act on internal linkages yielding cellobiose, glucose and cellooligosaccharides as products).  $\beta$ -glucosidases are used in applications where glucose is the desired product. Accordingly, M11TL, F1-12G, GC74-22G, MSB8-6G , OC1/4V, VC1-7G1, 9N2-31B/G and AEDII12RA18B/G may be employed in a wide variety of industrial applications, including in corn wet milling for the separation of starch and gluten, in the fruit industry for clarification and equipment maintenance, in baking for viscosity reduction, in the textile

industry for the processing of blue jeans, and in the detergent industry as an additive. For these and other applications, thermostable enzymes are desirable.

Antibodies generated against the enzymes corresponding to a sequence of the present invention can be obtained by direct injection of the enzymes into an animal or by administering the enzymes to an animal, preferably a nonhuman. The antibody so obtained will then bind the enzymes itself. In this manner, even a sequence encoding only a fragment of the enzymes can be used to generate antibodies binding the whole native enzymes. Such antibodies can then be used to isolate the enzyme from cells expressing that enzyme.

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For preparation of monoclonal antibodies, any technique which provides antibodies produced by continuous cell line cultures can be used. Examples include the hybridoma technique (Kohler and Milstein, 1975, Nature, 256:495-497), the trioma technique, the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kozbor et al., 1983, Immunology Today 4:72), and the EBV-hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (Cole, et al., 1985, in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96).

Techniques described for the production of single chain antibodies (U.S. Patent 4,946,778) can be adapted to produce single chain antibodies to immunogenic enzyme products of this invention. Also, transgenic mice may be used to express humanized antibodies to immunogenic enzyme products of this invention.

Antibodies generated against the enzyme of the present invention may be used in screening for similar enzymes from other organisms and samples. Such screening techniques are known in the art, for example, one such screening assay is described in "Methods for Measuring Cellulase Activities", *Methods in enzymology*, Vol 160, pp. 87-116, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

The present invention will be further described with reference to the following examples; however, it is to be understood that the present invention is not limited to such examples. All parts or amounts, unless otherwise specified, are by weight.

In order to facilitate understanding of the following examples certain frequently occurring methods and/or terms will be described.

"Plasmids" are designated by a lower case p preceded and/or followed by capital letters and/or numbers. The starting plasmids herein are either commercially available, publicly available on an unrestricted basis, or can be constructed from available plasmids in accord with published procedures. In addition, equivalent plasmids to those described are known in the art and will be apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan.

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"Digestion" of DNA refers to catalytic cleavage of the DNA with a restriction enzyme that acts only at certain sequences in the DNA. The various restriction enzymes used herein are commercially available and their reaction conditions, cofactors and other requirements were used as would be known to the ordinarily skilled artisan. For analytical purposes, typically 1 µg of plasmid or DNA fragment is used with about 2 units of enzyme in about 20 µl of buffer solution. For the purpose of isolating DNA fragments for plasmid construction, typically 5 to 50 µg of DNA are digested with 20 to 250 units of enzyme in a larger volume. Appropriate buffers and substrate amounts for particular restriction enzymes are specified by the manufacturer. Incubation times of about 1 hour at 37°C are ordinarily used, but may vary in accordance with the supplier's instructions. After digestion the reaction is electrophoresed directly on a polyacrylamide gel to isolate the desired fragment.

Size separation of the cleaved fragments is performed using 8 percent polyacrylamide gel described by Goeddel, D. et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 8:4057 (1980).

"Oligonucleotides" refers to either a single stranded polydeoxynucleotide or two complementary polydeoxynucleotide strands which may be chemically synthesized. Such synthetic oligonucleotides have no 5' phosphate and thus will not ligate to another oligonucleotide without adding a phosphate with an ATP in the presence of a kinase. A synthetic oligonucleotide will ligate to a fragment that has not been dephosphorylated.

"Ligation" refers to the process of forming phosphodiester bonds between two double stranded nucleic acid fragments (Maniatis, T., et al., Id., p. 146). Unless otherwise provided, ligation may be accomplished using known buffers and conditions with 10 units of T4 DNA ligase ("ligase") per  $0.5~\mu g$  of approximately equimolar amounts of the DNA fragments to be ligated.

Unless otherwise stated, transformation was performed as described in the method of Graham, F. and Van der Eb, A., Virology, 52:456-457 (1973).

#### Example 1

#### **Bacterial Expression and Purification of Glycosidase Enzymes**

DNA encoding the enzymes of the present invention, SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60 were initially amplified from a pBluescript vector containing the DNA by the PCR technique using the primers noted herein. The amplified sequences were then inserted into the respective PQE vector listed beneath the primer sequences, and the enzyme was expressed according to the protocols set forth herein. The 5' and 3' primer sequences for the respective genes are as follows:

#### Thermococcus AEDII12RA -18B/G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGTGAATGCTATGATTGTC 3' (SEQ ID NO:29)

3' CGGAAGATCTTCATAGCTCCGGAAGCCCATA 5' (SEQ ID NO:30)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Blg

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#### OC1/4V-33B/G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGATAAGAAGGTCCGATTTTCC 3' (SEQ ID NO:31)

3' CGGAAGATCTTTAAGATTTTAGAAATTCCTT 5' (SEQ ID NO:32)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Bgl II.

#### Thermococcus 9N2 - 31B/G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGCTACCAGAAGGCTTTCTC 3' (SEQ ID NO:33)

3' CGGAGGTACCTCACCCAAGTCCGAACTTCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:34)

Vector: pQE30; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' KpnI.

#### Staphylothermus marinus F1 - 12G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGATAAGGTTTCCTGATTAT 3' (SEQ ID NO:35)

3' CGGAAGATCTTTATTCGAGGTTCTTTAATCC 5' (SEQ ID NO:36)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Bgl II.

#### Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74 - 22G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGCTTCCAGGAGAACTTTCTC 3' (SEQ ID NO:37)

3' CGGAGGATCCCTACCCCTCTCTAAGATCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:38)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' BamHI.

#### M11TL

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5' AATAATCTAGAGCATGCAATTCCCCAAAGACTTCATGATAG 3' (SEQ ID NO:39)

3' AATAAAAGCTTACTGGATCAGTGTAAGATGCT 5' (SEQ ID NO:40)

Vector: pQE70; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' SphI and 3' Hind III.

#### Thermotoga maritima MSB8-6G

5' CCGACAATTGATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGAAAGGATCGATGAAATT 3' (SEQ ID NO:41)

3' CGGAGGTACCTCATGGTTTGAATCTCTTCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:42)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' KpnI.

#### Pyrococcus furiosus VC1 - 7G1

5' CCGACAATTGATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGTTCCCTGAAAAGTTCCTT 3' (SEQ ID NO:43)

3' CGGAGGTACCTCATCCCCTCAGCAATTCCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:44)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Kpn I.

#### Bankia gouldi endoglucanase (37GP1)

5' AATAAGGATCCGTTTAGCGACGCTCGC 3' (SEQ ID NO:45)

3' AATAAAAGCTTCCGGGTTGTACAGCGGTAATAGGC 5' (SEQ ID NO:46)

Vector: pQE52; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' Bam HI and 3'

Hind III.

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#### Thermotoga maritima \alpha-galactosidase (6GC2)

5'TTTATTGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGATCTGTGTGGAAATATTCGGAAAG 3' (SEQ ID NO:47)

3' TCTATAAAGCTTTCATTCTCTCACCCTCTTCGTAGAAG 5' (SEQ ID NO:48)

Vector: pQET; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Hind III.

#### Thermotoga maritima \( \beta\)-mannanase (6GP2)

5'TTTATTCAATTGATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGGGATTGGTGGCGACGAC 3' (SEQ ID NO:49)

3' TTTATTAAGCTTATCTTTTCATATTCACATACCTCC 5' (SEQ ID NO:50)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' Hind III and 3' EcoRI.

#### AEPII 1a \( \beta\)-mannanase (63GB1)

5' TTTATTGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGCTACCAGAAGAGTTCCTATGGGGC 3' (SEQ ID NO:51)

3' TTTATTAAGCTTCTCATCAACGGCTATGGTCTTCATTTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:52)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' Hind III and 3' EcoRI.

#### OC1/4V endoglucanase (33GP1)

- 5' AAAAAACAATTGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGTAGAAAGACACTTCAGATATGTTCTT
  3' (SEO ID NO:53)
- 3' TTTTTCGGATCCAATTCTTCATTTACTCTTTGCCTG 5' (SEQ ID NO:54)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' BamHI and 3' EcoRI.

Thermotoga maritima pullalanase (6GP3)

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5' TTTTGGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGAACTGATCATAGAAGGTTAC 3' (SEQ ID NO:55)

3' ATAAGAAGCTTTTCACTCTCTGTACAGAACGTACGC 5' (SEQ ID NO:56)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Hind III.

The restriction enzyme sites indicated correspond to the restriction enzyme sites on the bacterial expression vector indicated for the respective gene (Qiagen, Inc. Chatsworth, CA). The pQE vector encodes antibiotic resistance (Amp<sup>r</sup>), a bacterial origin of replication (ori), an IPTG-regulatable promoter operator (P/O), a ribosome binding site (RBS), a 6-His tag and restriction enzyme sites.

The pOE vector was digested with the restriction enzymes indicated. The amplified sequences were ligated into the respective pQE vector and inserted in frame with the sequence encoding for the RBS. The ligation mixture was then used to transform the E. coli strain M15/pREP4 (Qiagen, Inc.) by electroporation. M15/pREP4 contains multiple copies of the plasmid pREP4, which expresses the lacI repressor and also confers kanamycin resistance (Kan'). Transformants were identified by their ability to grow on LB plates and ampicillin/kanamycin resistant colonies were selected. Plasmid DNA was isolated and confirmed by restriction analysis. Clones containing the desired constructs were grown overnight (O/N) in liquid culture in LB media supplemented with both Amp (100 ug/ml) and Kan (25 ug/ml). The O/N culture was used to inoculate a large culture at a ratio of 1:100 to 1:250. The cells were grown to an optical density 600 (O.D.600) of between 0.4 and IPTG ("Isopropyl-B-D-thiogalacto pyranoside") was then added to a final 0.6. concentration of 1 mM. IPTG induces by inactivating the lacI repressor, clearing the P/O leading to increased gene expression. Cells were grown an extra 3 to 4 hours. Cells were then harvested by centrifugation.

The primer sequences set out above may also be employed to isolate the target gene from the deposited material by hybridization techniques described above.

#### Example 2

#### Isolation of A Selected Clone From the Deposited genomic clones

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A clone is isolated directly by screening the deposited material using the oligonucleotide primers set forth in Example 1 for the particular gene desired to be isolated. The specific oligonucleotides are synthesized using an Applied Biosystems DNA synthesizer. The oligonucleotides are labeled with <sup>32</sup>P--ATP using T4 polynucleotide kinase and purified according to a standard protocol (Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring, NY, 1982). The deposited clones in the pBluescript vectors may be employed to transform bacterial hosts which are then plated on 1.5% agar plates to the density of 20,000-50,000 pfu/150 mm plate. These plates are screened using Nylon membranes according to the standard screening protocol (Stratagene, 1993). Specifically, the Nylon membrane with denatured and fixed DNA is prehybridized in 6 x SSC, 20 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 0.4%SDS, 5 x Denhardt's 500 μg/ml denatured, sonicated salmon sperm DNA; and 6 x SSC, 0.1% SDS. After one hour of prehybridization, the membrane is hybridized with hybridization buffer 6xSSC, 20 mM NaH, PO4, 0.4%SDS, 500 ug/ml denatured, sonicated salmon sperm DNA with 1x106 cpm/ml 32P-probe overnight at 42°C. The membrane is washed at 45-50°C with washing buffer 6 x SSC, 0.1% SDS for 20-30 minutes dried and exposed to Kodak X-ray film overnight. Positive clones are isolated and purified by secondary and tertiary screening. The purified clone is sequenced to verify its identity to the primer sequence.

Once the clone is isolated, the two oligonucleotide primers corresponding to the gene of interest are used to amplify the gene from the deposited material. A polymerase chain reaction is carried out in 25  $\mu$ l of reaction mixture with 0.5 ug of the DNA of the gene of interest. The reaction mixture is 1.5-5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.01% (w/v) gelatin, 20  $\mu$ M each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP, 25 pmol of each primer and 0.25 Unit of Taq

polymerase. Thirty five cycles of PCR (denaturation at 94°C for 1 min; annealing at 55°C for 1 min; elongation at 72°C for 1 min) are performed with the Perkin-Elmer Cetus automated thermal cycler. The amplified product is analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and the DNA band with expected molecular weight is excised and purified. The PCR product is verified to be the gene of interest by subcloning and sequencing the DNA product. The ends of the newly purified genes are nucleotide sequenced to identify full length sequences. Complete sequencing of full length genes is then performed by Exonuclease III digestion or primer walking.

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#### Example 3

#### **Screening for Galactosidase Activity**

Screening procedures for  $\alpha$ -galactosidase protein activity may be assayed for as follows:

Substrate plates were provided by a standard plating procedure. Dilute XL1-Blue MRF  $E \, coli$  host of (Stratagene Čloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) to O.D.<sub>600</sub> = 1.0 with NZY media. In 15 ml tubes, inoculate 200  $\mu$ l diluted host cells with phage. Mix gently and incubate tubes at 37 °C for 15 min. Add approximately 3.5 ml LB top agarose (0.7%) containing 1mM IPTG to each tube and pour onto all NYZ plate surface. Allow to cool and incubate at 37 °C overnight. The assay plates are obtained as substrate p-Nitrophenyl  $\alpha$ -galactosidase (Sigma) (200 mg/100 ml) (100 mM NaCl, 100 mM Potassium-Phosphate) 1% (w/v) agarose. The plaques are overlayed with nitrocellulose and incubated at 4 °C for 30 minutes whereupon the nitrocellulose is removed and overlayed onto the substrate plates. The substrate plates are then incubated at 70 °C for 20 minutes.

#### Example 4

#### Screening of Clones for Mannanase Activity

A solid phase screening assay was utilized as a primary screening method to test clones for β-mannanase activity.

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A culture solution of the Y1090-E. coli host strain (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) was diluted to O.D.<sub>600</sub>=1.0 with NZY media. The amplified library from Thermotoga maritima lambda gtl1 library was diluted in SM (phage dilution buffer):  $5 \times 10^7$  pfu/ $\mu$ l diluted 1:1000 then 1:100 to  $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/ $\mu$ l. Then 8  $\mu$ l of phage dilution ( $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/ $\mu$ l) was plated in 200  $\mu$ l host cells. They were then incubated in 15 ml tubes at 37 °C for 15 minutes.

Approximately 4 ml of molten, LB top agarose (0.7%) at approximately 52 °C was added to each tube and the mixture was poured onto the surface of LB agar plates. The agar plates were then incubated at 37 °C for five hours. The plates were replicated and induced with 10 mM IPTG-soaked Duralon-UV<sup>TM</sup> nylon membranes (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) overnight. The nylon membranes and plates were marked with a needle to keep their orientation and the nylon membranes were then removed and stored at 4 °C.

An Azo-galactomannan overlay was applied to the LB plates containing the lambda plaques. The overlay contains 1% agarose, 50 mM potassium-phosphate buffer pH 7, 0.4% Azocarob-galactomannan. (Megazyme, Australia). The plates were incubated at 72 °C. The Azocarob-galactomannan treated plates were observed after 4 hours then returned to incubation overnight. Putative positives were identified by clearing zones on the Azocarob-galactomannan plates. Two positive clones were observed.

The nylon membranes referred to above, which correspond to the positive clones were retrieved, oriented over the plate and the portions matching the locations of the clearing zones for positive clones were cut out. Phage was eluted from the membrane cut-out portions by soaking the individual portions in 500  $\mu$ l SM (phage dilution buffer) and 25  $\mu$ l CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### Example 5

#### Screening of Clones for Mannosidase Activity

A solid phase screening assay was utilized as a primary screening method to test clones for \( \beta \)-mannosidase activity.

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A culture solution of the Y1090-*E. coli* host strain (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) was diluted to O.D.<sub>600</sub>=1.0 with NZY media. The amplified library from AEPII 1a lambda gtl1 library was diluted in SM (phage dilution buffer):  $5 \times 10^7$  pfu/µl diluted 1:1000 then 1:100 to  $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/µl. Then 8 µl of phage dilution ( $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/µl) was plated in 200 µl host cells. They were then incubated in 15 ml tubes at 37 °C for 15 minutes.

Approximately 4 ml of molten, LB top agarose (0.7%) at approximately 52 °C was added to each tube and the mixture was poured onto the surface of LB agar plates. The agar plates were then incubated at 37 °C for five hours. The plates were replicated and induced with 10 mM IPTG-soaked Duralon-UV<sup>TM</sup> nylon membranes (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) overnight. The nylon membranes and plates were marked with a needle to keep their orientation and the nylon membranes were then removed and stored at 4 °C.

A p-nitrophenyl-\(\beta\)-D-manno-pyranoside overlay was applied to the LB plates containing the lambda plaques. The overlay contains 1% agarose, 50 mM potassium-phosphate buffer pH 7, 0.4% p-nitrophenyl-\(\beta\)-D-manno-pyranoside. (Megazyme, Australia). The plates were incubated at 72 °C. The p-nitrophenyl-\(\beta\)-D-manno-pyranoside treated plates were observed after 4 hours then returned to incubation overnight. Putative positives were identified by clearing zones on the p-nitrophenyl-\(\beta\)-D-manno-pyranoside plates. Two positive clones were observed.

The nylon membranes referred to above, which correspond to the positive clones were retrieved, oriented over the plate and the portions matching the locations of the clearing zones for positive clones were cut out. Phage was eluted from the membrane cut-out portions by soaking the individual portions in 500  $\mu$ l SM (phage dilution buffer) and 25  $\mu$ l CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### Example 6

#### **Screening for Pullulanase Activity**

Screening procedures for pullulanase protein activity may be assayed for as follows:

Substrate plates were provided by a standard plating procedure. Host cells are diluted to  $O.D._{600} = 1.0$  with NZY or appropriate media. In 15 ml tubes, inoculate 200  $\mu$ l diluted host cells with phage. Mix gently and incubate tubes at 37 °C for 15 min. Add approximately 3.5 ml LB top agarose (0.7%) is added to each tube and the mixture is plated, allowed to cool, and incubated at 37 °C for about 28 hours. Overlays of 4.5 mls of the following substrate are poured:

#### 100 ml total volume

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0.5g	Red Pullulan Red (Megazyme, Australia)
1.0g	Agarose
5ml	Buffer (Tris-HCL pH 7.2 @ 75 °C)
2ml	5M NaCl
5ml	CaCl <sub>2</sub> (100mM)
85ml	dH <sub>2</sub> O

Plates are cooled at room temperature, and thenm incubated at 75°C for 2 hours. Positives are observed as showing substrate degradation.

#### Example 7

#### Screening for Endoglucanase Activity

Screening procedures for endoglucanase protein activity may be assayed for as follows:

1. The gene library is plated onto 6 LB/GelRite/0.1% CMC/NZY agar plates (-4,800 plaque forming units/plate) in E.coli host with LB agarose as top agarose. The plates are incubated at 37°C overnight.

- 2. Plates are chilled at 4°C for one hour.
- 3. The plates are overlayed with Duralon membranes (Stratagene) at room temperature for one hour and the membranes are oriented and lifted off the plates and stored at 4°C.
- 4. The top agarose layer is removed and plates are incubated at 37°C for ~3 hours.
  - 5. The plate surface is rinsed with NaCl.

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- 6. The plate is stained with 0.1% Congo Red for 15 minutes.
- 7. The plate is destained with 1M NaCl.
- 8. The putative positives identified on plate are isolated from the Duralon membrane (positives are identified by clearing zones around clones). The phage is eluted from the membrane by incubating in  $500\mu l SM + 25\mu l CHCl_3$  to elute.
- 9. Insert DNA is subcloned into any appropriate cloning vector and subclones are reassayed for CMCase activity using the following protocol:
- i) Spin 1ml overnight miniprep of clone at maximum speed for 3 minutes.
- ii) Decant the supernatant and use it to fill "wells" that have been made in an LB/GelRite/0.1% CMC plate.
  - iii) Incubate at 37°C for 2 hours.
  - iv) Stain with 0.1% Congo Red for 15 minutes.
  - v) Destain with 1M NaCl for 15 minutes.
  - vi) Identify positives by clearing zone around clone.

Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings and, therefore, within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as particularly described.

#### **WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60;
- (b) SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60, wherein T can also be U;
- (c) polynucleotide sequences complementary to SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60;
- (d) polynucleotide sequences which encode an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOS:15-28, and 61-64; and
- (e) fragments of (a), (b), (c) or (d) that are at least 15 consecutive bases in length and that will selectively hybridize to DNA which encodes a polypeptide of SEQ ID NOS:15-28, and 61-64.
- 2. A vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 3. A host cell containing the vector of claim 2.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the host cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 5. The method of claim 3, wherein the host cell is a prokaryotic cell.
- 6. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising:
  - (a) culturing the host cells of claim 3;
  - (b) expressing from the host cell of claim 3 a polypeptide encoded by said polynucleotide; and
  - (c) isolating the polypeptide.

- 7. An enzyme selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 or 61-64; and
  - (b) an enzyme which comprises at least 30 consecutive amino acid residue as an enzyme of (a).
- 8. An enzyme of which at least a portion is coded for by a polynucleotide of claim 1, and which is selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 70% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group of amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS:15-28 or 61-64; and
  - (b) an enzyme which comprises at least 30 amino acid residues to the enzyme of (a).
- 9. A method for generating glucose from soluble cell oligosaccharides comprising contacting a sample containing oligosaccharides with an effective amount of an enyzme selected from the group consisting of an enzyme having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28, 61-63 and 64 such that glucose is produced.
- 10. The method of cliam 9, wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting of dairy products, fruit juices, detergents, textiles, guar gum, animal feed, plant biomass and waste products.
- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the oligosaccharide is selected from the group consisting of maltose, cellobiose, lactose, sucrose, raffinose, stachyose, verbascose, cellulose, starch, amylose, glycogen, disacharrides, polysacharrides and pullulan.

# NIITL GLYCOSIDASE - 29G COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95

COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95
1 THE AAA FEE CUT AAA CAN THE ATA CHE THE TWO THE THA CUT THE CAA THE CAA THE CAA CHE AD
Here Lyn Phie Pro Lyn And that the tree try Typ The first that the tree the tree the tree the tree the tree tre
the day the day the ther ther the
61 CATE ATT CCC GCCC TCC CAG GAT CCG AAT ACT GAT TAX TCC GTA TCC GTA CAT GAT CAG LAG ALG ALG ALG ALG ALG ALG GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GA
21 Gly 11e Pro Gly Ser Glu And Pro Ann Soi And Ten Ten Ten Gra Ten Gra Cat Gat 1711 CAG 120 121 AAC ACA CEA CET GGA CTA CTY AND TEN TEN TEN TEN VAI TEN VAI HER AND PRO GIU 40
121 AAC ACA CON AND THE CALL T
121 AAC ACA CCA CCT GGA CTA CTC ACC CCA CAT TTT CCC CAG AAC CCC CCA GCT TAC TTX AAT 180
And Gry Leu val Ser Gly And Pho Pro Gly And GRE CCA GET TAC 172: AAT 180
TTA AAC CAA AAM and the same an
61 Leu Aen Glo Ash Ash His Ash Leu Ala Glu Lys Leu Gly Val Ash Thr 11e Ard Val Gly BD
241 CTM COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO CO
241 GTT GAG TGG AGT AGG ATT TTT CCA AAG CCA ACT TTC AAT GTT AAA GTC CCT GTA GAG AGA 100
of the Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Lys Pro The Phe Art GTT AAA GTC CCT GTA GAG ACA
JUL GAT CAG AND ON-
101 AEP GLU ASH GLY SET ILE VAL HIS VAL ASP VAL ASP ASP LYS ALE VAL GLU AFF LEU ASP 120  161 GAA TTA GCC AAC AAG GAG GCC GTA AAG GAT GAT GAT AAA GCG GTT GAA AGA CTT GAT 160  161 GAA TTA GCC AAC AAG GAG GCC GTA AAG GAD GAT
Set tie Val His Val Asp Val Asp Asp Lys Ala VAL ACA ACA CTT GAT 160
JOI CAL TEL COO LAN
121 Glu Leu Ala Asn Lys Glu Ala Val Asn His Tyr Val Glu Het Tyr Lys Asp Trp Val Glu 140
421 ACA COM AC
421 AGA GOT AGA AAA CTT ATA CTC AAT TTA TAC CAT TGG CCC CTG CCT CTC TGG CTT CAC AAC  141 Arg Gly Arg Lys Leu Ile Leu Ash Leu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Ren Ceu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Tyr His Tyr Pro Leu T
141 Arg Gly Arg Lys Leu Ile Leu Asn Leu Tyr His Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu Trp Leu His Asn 160
481 CCA ATC ATC CTO
481 CCA ATC ATG GTG AGA AGA ATG GGC CCG GAC AGA GCG CCC TCA GGC TCG CTT AAC GAG GAG 161 Pro Ile Met Val Arg Arg Met Gly Pro Asp Arg Ala Pro Ser Gly Trp Leu Asn Glu Glu 180
Arg Het Gly Pro Asp Arg Ala Pro Ser Gly Tro Lat AAC GAG GAG 540
541 TCC GTG GTG GAG TTT GCC AAA TAC GCC GCA TAC ATT GCT TGG AAA ATG GGC GAG CTA CCT 600
181 Ser Val Val Glu Phe Ala Lys Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Ile Ala Trp Lys Het Gly Glu Leu Pro 200
601 GTT and me 500
601 GTT ATG TGG AGC ACC ATG AAC GAA CCC AAC GTC GTT TAT GAG CAA GGA TAC ATG TTC GTT 660 201 Val Het Trp Ser Thr Het Asn Glu Pro Asn Val Val Tyr Glu Gln Gla TAC ATG TTC GTT 660
of the ser the Het Ash Glu Pro Ash Val Val Tyr Glu Gla CAA GGA TAC ATG TTC GTT 660
661 AAA COR com
121 Lys Gly Gly Phe Pro Pro Col TAC TTG ACT TTG GAA GCT GCT GAT AAG COR LOS
711 Leu Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Lvs Asp Lv
721 ATG ATC CAG GCT CAT GCA CGG GCC TAT GAC AAT ATT AAA CGC TTC AGT AAG AAA CCT GTT 780
THE THE GIN Ala His Ala Arg Ala Tyr Asp Asn Ile Lys Arg She Cor AAA CCT GTT 780
781 GGA CTA AND GGA LYS LYS Pro Val 260
781 GGA CTA ATA TAC GCT TTC CAA TGG TTC GAA CTA TTA GAG GGT CCA GCA GAA GTA TTT GAT 261 Gly Leu Ile Tyr Ala Phe Gln Trp Phe Glu Leu Leu Glu Gly Pro Ala Glu Val Phe Asp 280 841 AAG TTT AAG AGC TCT AAG TTA TIC COM
Pine Gin Trp Phe Glu Leu Leu Glu Gly Pro Ala GNA GTA TTT GAT 840
841 AAG TTT 110 100 -
841 AAG TTT AAG AGC TCT AAG TTA TAC TAT TTC ACA GAC ATA GTA TCG AAG GGT AGT TCA ATC 281 Lys Phe Lys Ser Ser Lys Leu Tyr Tyr Phe Thr Asp Ile Val Ser Lys Gly Ser Ser Ile 300 4TC AAT GTT GAA TAC AGG AGG AGG AGG AGG AGG AGG AGG AGG A
901 ATC AAT GTT GAA TAG AGE AGE TYPE THE THE ASP Ile Val Ser Lys Gly Ser Ser Ile 300
301 Ile Aer Wal of the AGG AGA GAT CTT GCC AAT AGG CTD CAGE
901 ATC AAT GTT GAA TAC AGG AGA GAT CTT GCC AAT AGG CTA GAC TGG TTG GGC GTT AAC TAC 960 301 Ile Asn Val Glu Tyr Arg Arg Asp Leu Ala Asn Arg Leu Asp Trp Leu Gly Val Asn Tyr 320 961 TAT AGC CGT TTA GTC TAC Ala 185 CTC TAC Al
961 TAT ACT ON THE 120
121 Tyr Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Lys Ile Val Asp Asp Lys Pro Ile Ile Leu His Gly Tyr Gly 340
1021 and and the City of the C
141 THE CIT TGT ACA CCT GGG GGG ATC AGC CCG GCT CLA
1021 TTC CTT TGT ACA CCT GGG GGG ATC AGC CCG GCT GAA AAT CCT TGT AGC GAT TTT GGG TGG 1080 1081 GAG GTC TAT CCT GAA GGA GGA GGG GGG GGG GAG GGG GAG GA
1081 GAG GTG TAT COT GALL
1081 GAG GTG TAT CCT GAA GGA CTC TAC CTA CTT CTA AAA GAA CTT TAC AAC CGA TAC GGG GTA 1140
361 Glu Val Tyr Pro Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu Leu Leu Lys Glu Leu Tyr Asn Arg GG GTA 1140 1141 GAC TTG ATG GTG ACT GAT ALS GAT ALS GAT ALS GAT GAT GAT GAT ALS GAT GAT GAT ALS GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT ALS GAT
1141 GAC TTG ATT CTT ATT TTT GIV VAL 180
1141 GAC TTG ATC GTG ACC GAG AAC GGT CTT TCA GAC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC GCA TAC GCG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GT
1201 CTG GTC STCC CATAC 1200
401 Late Wal Con Mil TAC AGE GTA TIKE AAA GEE CET AND AND GEE CET AND AND GEE
1201 CTG GTC TCG CAT GTT TAC AGC GTA TGG AAA GCC GCT AAC GAC GGC ATT CCC GTC AAA GGC 1260
1461 TAC CTU PAR THE ACT ACT TO A ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT A
126) TAC CTC CAC TOD AGE TTG ACA GAC AAT TAC GAG TEG GCT CAG CAC CAG CAG CAG CAG CAG CAG CAG CAG
42) Typ Len His Trp Son Len Thr And Ann Tyr Glu Trp Ale Cln Cly Phe Arg Glu Lyn Phe 440
Arg Clu Lys Plo 440

Figure la

1 (#1	י רורוי	(YH;	GAG	ATY:	6 10 ° A							• • •	1.3.41	V 1 -1	Pr · ·	****	Ala	Livia		460
1441	CAG Gln	TAA	14	46	•	••••	****	1114	1111	Pro	ужр	Glu	داسرا	4:1n	Hin	lanı	Thi	lanı	ATC:	1440 4HN

Figure 1b(Continued)

### OCI/4 GLYCOSIDASE - 33G/B COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95

ATI ATA ACA ACA
1 ATG ATA AGA AGG TCC GAT TPT CCA AAA GAT TTT ATC TTC GGA ACG GCT ACG GCA GCA TAC 60 He Cla ATG ATG GGA AGG GCA AAG GAT GAT GAA GGT GCA AAG GAT TAC 40 CAG ATT GAA GGT GCA GCA AAG GAT GAT GAA GGT GCA AAG GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GAT GA
Ser Asp Phe Prn Lys Asp Phe Ile Phe Glumen ANG GCA GCA TAC 60
III ('NG ATT GAA CO'
21 Gin Tie Giu Gly Ale Ale Ash Giu Ash Giy Are Gly Pro Ser Tie Try Ash Val Phe Ser 40
121 CAC ACC COM and City App City Arg City Pro Ser Lie Trp Asp Val Pile Ser Acc
41 His The Day of AM ACC CTG AM CCT GAC ACA COL COL
131 CAC ACG CCT GGC AMA ACC CTG AMG GCT GAC ACA GGA GAC GTT GCG TGT GAC CAT TAT CAC 180 181 CGA TAC AAG GAA GAT ATC CAC GTG GAC GAT GAG ASP Wal Ala Cys Asp His Tyr His 60
181 CGA TAC AAG GAA GAT AME GOOD THE GIV ASP VAI Ala Cys ASP His Tyr His 60
181 CGA TAC AAG GAA GAT ATC CAG CTG ATG AAA GAA ATA GGG TTA GAC GCT TAC AGG TTC TCT 240
61 Arg Tyr Lys Glu Asp 11e Gln Leu Her Lys Glu I1e Gly Leu Asp Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser 80
241 ATC TCC TCG CCC ATT
241 ATC TCC TGG CCC AGA ATT ATG CCA GAT GGG AAG AAC ATC AAC CAA AAG GGT GTG GAT TTC 300
81 Ile Ser Trp Pro Arg Ile Het Pro Asp Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn Gln Lys Gly Val Asp Phe 100
101 TAC AAC AGA CTC GTT GAT GAG CTT TTG AAG AAT GAT AND
JOI TAC AAC AGA CTC GTT GAT GAG CTT TTG AAG AAT GAT ATC ATA CCA TTC GTA ACA CTC TAT 160 101 Tyr Asn Arg Leu Val Asp Glu Leu Leu Lys Asn Asp Ile Ile Pro Phe Val Thr Leu Tyr 120
361 CAC TYPE CAC THE LOW TYPE 120
His Trp Asp Leu Pro Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Glu Lys Gly Gly Trp Leu Asn Pro Asp Ile Ala 140
TYP AIR Leu Tyr Glu Lys Gly Gly Trp Leu Asn Bro ATA GCG 420
421 CTC TAT TTC AGA GCA TAC GCA ACG TTT ATG TTC AAC GAA CTC GGT GAT CGT GTG AAA CAT 480
. 141 Leu Tyr Phe Arg Ala Tyr Ala Thr Phe Het Phe Asn Glu Leu Gly Asp Arg Val Lys His 160
481 TGG ATT ACA CTG AND GREEN THE PRE Het Phe Asn Glu Leu Gly Asp Arg Val Lys His 160
481 TGG ATT ACA CTG AAC GAA CCA TGG TGT TCT TCT TTC TGG GGT TAT TAC ACG GGA GAG CAT 540
161 TEP ILE THE LEU ASH GLU PEO TEP Cys Ser Ser Phe Ser Gly Tyr Tyr The Gly Glu His 180
541 GCC CCC CCT GLT GLT GLY GLU His 180
541 GCC CCG GCT CAT CAA AAT TTA CAA GAA GCG ATA ATC GCG GCG CAC AAC CTG TTG AGG GAA . 600
181 Ala Pro Gly His Gln Asn Leu Gln Glu Ala Ile Ile Ala Ala His Asn Leu Leu Arg Glu 200
601 CAT GGA CAT GCC GTC CAG GCG TCC AGA GAA GAA GTA AAA GAT GGG GAA GTT GGC TTA ACC 660
201 His Gly His Ala Val Gln Ala Ser Arg Glu Glu Val Lys Asp Gly Glu Val Gly Leu Thr 220
661 AAC GTV CMC and Leu Thr 220
221 Asn Val Val Met Ive Ille Ala CCC GCC GAA ACT THE DATE OF THE COLUMN THE C
are Glu Pro Gly Asp Ala Lys Pro Glu Ser Phe Leu Gl GA AGT 720
721 CTT GTT GAT ANG TTC GTT AAT GCA TOC COM CAN AND THE VALUE AND AND THE CAN
721 CTT GTT GAT ANG TTC GTT AAT GCA TGG TCC CAT GAC CCT GTT GTT TTC GGA ANA TAT CCC 780 - 781 GAA GAA GCA GTT GTA GTA GTA GTA GTA GTA GTA GTA GT
781 GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GAA GA
781 GAA GAA GCA GTT GCA CTT TAT ACG GAA AAA GGG TTG CAA GTT CTC GAT AGC GAT ATG AAT 840
261 Glu Glu Ala Val Ala Leu Tyr Thr Glu Lys Gly Leu Gln Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Het Asn 280
841 ATT ATT TOG ACT CCT ATA CAG COMP.
841 ATT ATT TCG ACT CCT ATA GAC TTC TTT GGT GTG AAT TAT TAC ACA AGA ACA CTT GTT GTT 900 901 TTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GAT GTT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GAT ATG AAC AAT GAT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GAT ATG AAC AAT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT
901 TIT GAT AND ALC AND PINE PINE Gly Val Asn Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Thr Leu Val Val 300
901 TIT GAT ATG AAC AAT CCT CTT GGA TIT TCG TAT GTT CAG GGA GAC CTT CCC AAA ACG GAG 960
Phe Asp Met Ash Ash Pro Leu Gly Phe Ser Tyr Val Gln Gly Asp Leu Pro Lys Thr Glu 320
961 ATG GGA TGC CAN AND GGG
961 ATG GGA TGG GAA ATC TAC CCG CAG GGA TTA TTT GAT ATG CTG GTC TAT CTG AAG GAA AGA 1020
Het Gly Trp Glu Ile Tyr Pro Gin Gly Leu Phe Asp Het Leu Val Tyr Leu Lys Glu Arg 340
1021 TAT AAA CTA CCA CTT TAT ATC ACA GAG AAC GGG ATG GCT GGA CCT GAT AAA TTG GAA AAC 1080
141 Tyr Lys Leu Pro Leu Tyr Ile Thr Glu Asn Gly Het Ala Gly Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Asn 360
1081 GGA AGA CTT CAR
1081 GGA AGA GTT CAT GAT AAT TAC CGA ATT GAA TAT TTG GAA AAG CAC TTT GAA AAA GCA CTT 1140
J61 Gly Arg Val His Asp Asn Tyr Arg Ile Glu Tyr Leu Glu Lys His Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu J80
1141 GAA CCA ATC AAT CTA CTA
381 Glu Ala Ile Asn Ala Asg Val Asg Is
381 Glu Ala Ile Asn Ala Asp Val Asp Leu Lys Cly Tyr Phe Ile Trp Ser Leu Het Asp Asn . 400
1201 TTC GAA TGG GCG TGC GGA TAC TCC AAA CGT TTC GGT ATA ATC TAC GTA GAT TAC AAT ACC 1260
THE GIU TEP ALA CYS GIY TYE SEE LYS AND PHE GIV TAC TAC GTA GAT TAC AAT ACC 1260
Phe Glu Trp Ala Cys Gly Tyr Ser Lys Arg Phe Gly Lie Lie Tyr Val Asp Tyr Asn Thr 420
1261 CCA AAA AGG ATA TTG AAA GAT TCA GCG ATG TGG TTG AAG GAA TTT CTA AAA TCT TAA 1317
Lys Ser End 419

### STAPHYLOTHERMUS MARINUS GLYCOSIDASE - 12G COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE 9/95

1 TTG ATA AGG TTT CCT GAT TAT TTC TTG TTG GGA ACA UCT AGA TCA TCG CAG CAG ATT GAG. 60
1 Het Ile Arg Phe Pro Asp Tyr Phe Leu Phe Gly Thr Ala Thr Ser Ser His Gln Ile Glb 20
61 CGT AAT AAC AD
61 GGT AAT AAC ATA TTT AAT GAT TGG TGG GAG TGG GAG ACT AAA GGC AGG ATT AAG GTG ACA 120 21 Gly Asn Asn Ile Phe Asn Asp Trp Trp Glu Trp Glu Thr Lys Gly Arg Ile Lys Val Arg 40
121 TOP ON ASP TEP TEP Glu TEP Glu The Lys Gly Arg He Lys Val Arg
121 TCG CCT AAG GCA TCT AAT CAT TGG GAA CTC TAT AAA GAA GAC ATA GAG CTT ATC GCT GAG 180
41 Ser Gly Lys Ala Cys Asn His Trp Glu Leu Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ile Glu Leu Het Ala Glu 60
181 CTG GGA TAT AAT GCT TAT AGG TTC TCC AND GLO AND GL
181 CTG GGA TAT AAT GCT TAT AGG TTC TCC ATA GAG TGG AGT AGA ATA TTT CCC AGA AAA GAT 61 Leu Gly Tyr Asn Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Arg Lys Asp 80 241 CAT ATA GAT TAT GAG TCC CTT ATA GAG TCC AGA AAA GAT 240
241 CAT ATA CAM MAG CAM MAG LYS ASP 80
241 CAT ATA GAT TAT GAG TCG CTT AAT AAG TAT AAG GAA ATA GTT AAT CTA CTT AGA AAA TAC 100
B1 His Ile Asp Tyr Glu Ser Leu Asn Lys Tyr Lys Glu Ile Val Asn Leu Leu Arg Lys Tyr 100
101 GGG ATA GAA CCT GTA ATC ACT CTT CAC CAC TTC ACA AAC CCG CAA TGG TTT ATG AAA ATT 160
101 Gly Ile Glu Pro Val Ile Thr Leu His His Phe Thr Asn Pro Gln Trp Phe Het Lys Ile 120
361 GGT GGA TGG ACT AGG GAA GAG AAC ATA AAA TAT TTT ATA AAA TAT GTA GAA CTT ATA GCT 420
121 Gly Gly Trp Thr Arg Glu Glu Asn Ile Lys Tyr Phe Ile Lys Tyr Val Glu Leu Ile Ala 140
421 TCC GAG ATA AND GOOD TO AND GOOD TO A STATE OF THE ALE 140
141 Ser Glu Ile Lys Asp Val Lys Ile Trp Ile Thr Ile Asp Clu Day Ath Ath The Get Ten 480
481 CAA GTA TAT ACT TO LEE 160
161 Gin Gly TVT Ile See City GAR TGG CCA CCT GGA ATT AAA AAT TTA AAA AAT TTA
541 GTA ACT and and GIU Trp Pro Pro Gly Ile Lys Asn Leu Lys Ile Ale Asp Gln 180
541 GTA ACT AAG AAT CTT TTA AAA GCA CAT AAT GAA GCC TAT AAT ATA CTT CAT AAA CAC GGT 600
181 Val Thr Lys Asn Leu Leu Lys Ala His Asn Glu Ala Tyr Asn Ile Leu His Lys His Gly 200
201 Ile Val Gly Ile Ala Lys Asn Het Ile Ala Phe Lys Pro Gly Ser Asn Arg Gly Lys Asp 220
221 Ile Asn Ile Tyr His Lys Val Asp Lys Ala Phe Asn Trp Gly Phe Leu Asn Gly Ile Leu 240
721 AGG GGA GAA CTA CTA CTA CTA CTA CTA CTA CTA CTA C
721 AGG GGA GAA CTA GAA ACT CTC CGT GGA AAA TAC CGA GTT GAG CCC GGA AAT ATT GAT TTC 780  781 ATA GGC ATA AAC TAT TAT TAT TAT TAT TAT TAT TA
781 ATA GGC ATA AAC TAT TAT TCA TCA TAT ATT GTA AAA TAT ACT TGG AAT CCT TIT AAA CTA 840
261 Ile Gly Ile Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Tyr Ile Val Lys Tyr Thr Trp Asn Pro Phe Lys Leu 280
841 CAT ATT AAA GTC GAA CCA TTA GAT ACA GGT CTA TGG ACA ACT ATG GGT TAC TGC ATA TAT 900
281 His Ile Lys Val Glu Pro Leu Asp Thr Gly Leu Trp Thr Thr Het Gly Tyr Cys Ile Tyr 300
901 CCT AGA GGA ATA TAT GAA GTT GTA ATG AAA ACT CAT GAG AAA TAC GGC AAA GAA ATA ATC 960
301 Pro Arg Gly Ile Tyr Glu Val Val Net Lys Thr His Glu Lys Tyr Gly Lys Glu Ile Ile 120
961 ATT ACA CAC AND COMPANY OF THE 120
121 Ile Thr Glu Asn Gly Val Ala Vel Glu Asn Asp Glu Leu Arg Ile Leu Ser Ile Ile Arg 1020 1021 CAC TTA CAA TAC TTA TAN AND AND CONTROL OF THE ILE ARG 1020
1021 CAC TTA CLA TAG THE THE ARG 140
J41 His Leu Gin Tor Lan AAA GCC ATG AAT GAA GGA GGA AAG GTG AAA GCC ATG
1081 TCC ACC TOTAL LYS Ala Het Asn Glu Cly Ala Lys Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Tyr 360
1081 TGG AGC TTC ATG GAT AAT TTT GAG TGG GAT AAA GGA TTT AAC CAA AGG TTC GGA CTA GTA 161 Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Asn Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Glp Arg Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asp Gly Phe Asp Cly Phe Asp C
JB1 Giu Vai Asp Tyr Lys Thr Phe Giu Arg Lys Pro Arg Lys Ser Ala Tyr Val Tyr Ser Gin 400
1201 ATA CCA CGT ACC AAG ACT ATA ACT GAT GAA TAC CTA GAA AAA TAT GGA TTA AAG AAC CTC 1260 1261 GAA TAA 1266
1261 CAA TO LEU 420
421 Glu End 422

Figure 3

### Thermucoccus 9N2 Glycusidase -318/G Complete gene sequence 9/95

ATG CTA CTA	
ATG CTA CCA GAA GGC TIT CTC TGG GGC GTG TCC CAG TCC GGC TTT CAG TTC GAG ATG G  Het Lau Pro Glu Gly Phe Leu Trp Gly val Ser Gln Sex Gly Phe Gln Phe Glu Net G  GAC AAG CTC AGG AGG AAC ACT GGT GUT	
THE GAY PAR LOU TEP GLY VAL SET GLO SAT GLY THE CAG TTC GAG ATG G	CC 60
61 GAC AAC COO ACC	1
21 AMP LYM LOU AND AND AND THE AMP FOR AME THE AMP THE LYM THE VAL AND AND THE AMP THE LYM THE VAL AND	
THE AMP FEG AME THE AMP TEP LYS TEP VALABLE	CC 120
TTC AAC ATA AND AGG GAA CTC LTC AGG COM COM	ro 40
121 TTC AAC ATA AAG AGG GAR CTC UTC AGG GAC CTU CCC GAG GAG GGG ATA AAC AAC TO 181 GAA CTT TAC GAG AAG GAT CDC CCC GAI GAG GGG ATA AAC AAC TO 181 GAA CTT TAC GAG AAG GAT CDC CCC CCC GAI GAG GGG ATA AAC AAC TO	
181 GAA COM MAG AGE AGE AGE AGE AGE AGE AGE AGE AGE A	/F
61 GIU LEU TOT GAS ANG GAT CAC CON CTC UCC AUA GAS CTC CON	. 60
181 GAA CTT TAC GAG AAG GAT CAC CGC CTC UCC AUA GAC CTC GGT CTG AAC GTT TAC AGG AT	T 240
741 GGA ATT GOO	
81 Gly rie Glu Trp ser Arg rie Phe Pro Trp Pro Thr Trp Phe Val Glu Val Amp Val Glu 301 CGG GAC AGC TAC GGA CTC GTG ANG ANG ANG ANG AGG TAC GAC GAC GAC AGC TAC GGA CTC GTG ANG ANG AGG TAC GAC GAC AGC TAC GGA CTC GTG ANG ANG ANG ANG AGG TAC GTG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG AN	_
The Pile Pile Pro The Trp Phe Wal Glu Val	300
101 CGG GAC AGC TAC GGA CTC GTG AAG GAC GTC AAA ATC GAT AAA GAC ACG CTC GAA GAG CTC AAA ATC GAT AAA GAC ACG CTC GAA GAG CTC	100
101 Arg Asp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Vol Lys Asp Vol Lys Ite Asp Lys Asp Thr Leu Glu Clu Leu 361 GAC GAG ATA GCG AAT CAT TAG GDG ATA	
361 GLC CAC AND GOOD	
361 GAC GAG ATA GCG AAT CAT CAG GAG ATA GCC TAC TAC CGC CGC GTT ATA GAG CAC CTC ACC CGC GTT ATA GAG CAC CTC ACC	120
ASP Glu Ile Ala Asm His Glm Glu Fie Ale Tyr Tyr Are Are Vel Ile Glu His Leu Are  421 GAG CTG GGC TTG AAG GTG ARG GTG ARG GTG ARG GTG ARG	420
421 GlC CYC con me	345
421 CAG CTC CCC TTC AAG GTC ATC CTC AAC CTC AAC CAC TTC ACG GTC CCC CTC TGC CTT CAC 481 CAT CCC ATA ATC CCC ACC CAC ACC CTC AST His Phe Thr Leu Pro Leu Trp Leu His	
an Leu Ann Leu Ann His Phe The Leu Pro Leu Res Leu	480
481 GAT CCG ATA ATC GCG AGG GAG GAG GCC CTC ACC AAC GGT AGG ATT GGC TGG GTC GAG GAG 161 Asp Pro Ile Ile Ala Are Glu Lys Ala Leu Thr Ash Gly Are Ile Glu Gag GAG	160
161 AMP PTO THE HE ALE AND GOT AND GOT AND AND GOT AGG ATT GOT TOO GOT GOT GOT GOT GOT GOT GOT G	540
541 GAG AGG GTO THE TOTAL GIV GIV	180
541 GAG AGG GTG GTG GAG TTC GGC AAG TAC GCG GCG TAC ATC GCG AAC GCA CTC GGG GAC CTC 181 Glu Ser Val Val Glu Phe Ale Lys Tyr Ale Ale Tyr Ile Ale AFT Ale CTC GGG GAC CTC	
181 Glu Ser Val Val Glu Phe Ale Lys Tyr Ale Ale Tyr Ile Ale Asm Ale Leu Gly Asp Leu 601 GTT GAT ATG TGG AGT ATT TOTAL AST AND AST AND AST	600
501 GTT CAT ATG TGG AGE ACT TTE ANG GOOD GOOD GOOD GOOD GOOD AND LOU	200
501 GTT GAT ATU TGG AGG AGG TTC AAC GAG CCC ATG GTC GTT GTG GAG CTC GGT TAC CTC GCG 201 Val ASD Met Ttp Sex Thr Phe Ash Glu Pro Met Val Val Glu Leu Gly Tyr Leu Ala 561 CCC TAC TCC GGC TTT CTC CCC	
561 CCC THE WELL VEL VEL VEL GLY LOU GIV TVE LOU BLA	660
FIG. THE THE GOT THE CON CON USE OFF AND AND CON GOT GOT GOT AND CON GOT AND C	220
221 Pro Tyr Ser Gly Phe Pro Pro Gly Val Met Ase Pro Glu Ala Ala Lys Leu Ala Ile Leu 721 AAC ATG ATA AAC GCC COC COC COC COC COC COC COC COC CO	720
721 AAC 170 1m 110 Leu	240
721 AAC ATG ATA AAC GCC CAC GCA CTC CCC TAC AAG ATG ATA AAG ATG TTC GAC AGG GTA AAG 241 AGR Het lie Ass Ala His Ala Leu Ala Tyx Lys Met Lie Lys Lys Pha Asp ATG Val Lys 781 GCC GAT AAG GAT TCC CCC TAC AAG ATG ATA AAG AAG TTC GAC AGG GTA AAG	
and her Ald Tyx Lys Met Ile Lys Lys Phe Arm And GTA AAG	780
161 GCC GRT AAG GRT TCC GGC TCC GRG GCC TCC GRG GCC	<b>J6</b> 0 .
781 GCC CAT ANG GAT TCC CGC TCC GAG GCC GAG GTC GGG ATA ATC TAC AAC AAC ATA GCC GTT 261 Ala Asp Lys Asp Ser Arg Ser Glu Ala Glu Val Gly Ile Ile Tyr Asm Asm Ile Gly Val 641 GCC TAT CGA TAC GAC GCC GTT 641 GCC TAT CGA TAC GAC GCC GCC GCC GCC GCC GCC GCC GCC G	840
\$41 GCC TRE CON AND ILE GLY Val	280
841 GCC TAT CCA TAC GAC TCC AAC GAC CCA AAG GAC GTG AAA GCT GCA GAA AAC GAC AAC TAC 281 Ala Tyr Pro Tyr Asp ser Asm Asp Pro Lys Asp Val Lys Ala Als Glu Asm Asp Asm Tyr 501 TTC CAC AGC GGG CTC TCC TTC TTC TTC TTC TTC TTC T	
THE ASE ASE FEE LYS ASE VAL LYS ALS ALL COLUMN THE CANCEL THE	900
501 TTC CAC AGE GGG CTC TTC TTC CTC CTC	300
901 TTC CAC AGE GGG CTC TTC TTC GAC GCA ATC CAC AAG GOC AAG CTC AAC ATC GAG TTC GAC 961 GGT GAG ACC TTC GTC AAA GTC GAC AAG GCC AAG CTC AAC ATC GAG TTC GAC 961 GGT GAG ACC TTC GTC AAA GTC GAC AAG GCC AAG CTC AAC ATC GAG TTC GAC	
361 COR CAR AND THE LYS CITY LYS LEU AND ITS GIV Phe AND	560 320
961 GGT GAG ACC TTC GTC AAA GTT CGG CAT CTC ACG GGG AAC GAC TGG ATA GGC GTT AAC TAC 321 Gly Glu The Phe Val Lys Val Arg His Leu Arg Gly Arn Arn TTC Tie GTT AAC TAC	320
321 Gly Glu Thr Phe Val Lys Val Arg His Leu Arg Gly Am Asp Trp Ile Gly Val Asp Tyr	1020
1021 TAC ACT ACT CAN CON THE CONTROL OF THE CAN VAL AST TYPE	340
Jet Tyr The Arg Glu Val	
The last last Ser Glu Pro Lys Phe Pro Ser Ile Pro Lou Ile Ile Pro Lou Ile	1080
THE COG GCA GTT CAC AAC TAC GCC TAC GCC TAC GCC	360
1081 THE COG GCA GTT CAC AAC TAC GGC TAC GCC TGC AGG CCC GGG AGT TGT TCC GCC GAC GGA 161 Phe Arg Gly Val His Asm Tyr Gly Tyr Als Cys Arg Pro Gly Ear Ser Als Asp Cly 1141 AGG CCC GTA ACC GAC ATG GGA CTC GCC GAC AGG CCC GTA ACC GAC ATG CCC GAC ATG CCC GAC ATG CCC GAC ACC GTA ACC GAC ATG CCC GAC ACC GTA ACC GAC ATG CCC GAC ACC GTA ACC GAC ATG CCC GAC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC AC	1140
1141 AGG CCC CTA AGG CLG CAN AGG CLY	380
1141 AGG CCC GTA AGG GAC ATC GGC TGG GAG ATC TAT CCG GAG GGG ATC TAC GAC TCG ATA AGA 1 181 ACG FEO Val See Asp 11e Gly TEP Glu 11e Tyr Pro Glu gly 11e Tyr ACG ATC ATA AGA 1	
181 AND FED VAL SON AND ILE GLY TEP GLU 110 TYP PRO GLU GLY ILE TYP AMP SET ILE AND 401201 GAG GCC AAC AAA TAC CCC GMC AND AND TAC CCC GMC AND	.200
1201 GAG GCC AAC AAA TAC GGG GTC CCG GTT TAC GTC ACC GAA AAC GGA ATA GCC GAT TCA ACT 1 401 Glu Ala Ast Lys Tyr Gly Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Ast Cly Tip Ale GAT TCA ACT 1	00
and Glu Ala Asm Lys Tyr Cly Val Pro Usl Man AND GCA ATA GCC GAT TO TO	740
401 Glu Ala Asn Lys Tyr Gly Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Asn Cly Ile Als Asp Ser Thr 4	.260 20
1261 GAC ACC CTG CGG CCG TAC TAC CTC GCG AGC CAT GTA CCG AAG ATT GAG GAG GCG TAC GAC 12 Asp Thr Leu Arg Pro Tyr Tyr Leu Ale Ser His Val Ale Lys Ile Glu Clu Ale Cac 12	
421 Asp The Leu Arg Pro Tyr Leu Ala Ser His Val Ala Lys Ils Glu Glu Ala Tyr Glu 4	320
are the Glu Ala Tyr Glu d	40

Figure 4a

461	Leu	Gly	Phe	Arg	Met Met	AGG Arg	TTC Phe	ege	CTC	TAT	Lva	GTG	GAT	CIC	ATA	ACC	MG	CNG	TIP	A	460
****	CCC	œ	CAG										_			w 434E	-yz	Glu	Arm	The	400
401	FFO	yza	Glu	GJU	Ser	Val	Lye	Val	TAT	YRC	G!v CCC	ATC I.u	CTG Val	GAG Glu	AAC	AAC	CCA	orc.	MOC	Thr AAC Lys	1500
501	Cin	ATC 11.	YLA COC	C) II	r).a	TTC ( Phe (	gga Bly	-en Cli	ay agg	TCA End	15	30					<b></b> y	441	ser	Lys	500

Figure 4b(Continued)

ATG GAA AGG ATC GAT GAA ATT CTC TCT CAG TTA ACT ACA GAG GAA AAG GTG AAG CTC Met Giu Arg He Asp Giu He Leu Ser Cin Leu Thr Thr Giu Giu Lys MI Val M GTG GGG GTT UGT CTT CCA GGA CTT TTT GUG AAC CCA CAT TCC AGA GTG GCG GGT Val Gly Val (Ay Leu Pro Gly Leu Phe Gly Ann Pro His Ser Arg Val 170 4() GGA GAA ACA CAT CCC GTT CCA AGA CTT GGA ATT CCT GCG TTT GTC CTG GCA GAT CCT CCC 120 Val Pro Arg Leo Gly lie Pro Ala Phe Val Leo Gly Glu Thr Hax Pro Λla Asp Gly GCA GGA CTC AGA ATA AAT CCC ACA AGG GAA AAC GAT GAA AAC ACT TAC TAC ACG Ala Gly Leu Arg lie Asn Pro Thr Arg Glu Asn Asp Glu Asn Thr Tyr ACG GCA 240 Ala RO TIT CCC GTT GAA ATC ATG CTC GCT TCT ACC TGG AAC AGA GAC CTT CTG 241 GAA GAA GTG GGA Val Glu lic Met Leu Ala Ser Thr Trp Asn Arg Asp Leu Leu 300 Giu Val Gly 100 AMA GCC ATG GGA GAA GAA GTT AGG GAA TAC GGT GTC GAT GTG CTT CTT 301 Lys Ala Mci Gly Glu Glu Val Arg Glu Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Lou Lou GCA CCT GCG ATG 360 Ale Pro Ale Mct 120 361 AAC ATT CAC AGA AAC CCT CTT TGT GGA AGG AAT TTC GAG TAC TAC TCA Asn lie His Arg Asn Pro Leu Cys Gly Arg Asn Phe Glu Tyr Tyr Ser GAA GAT CCT GTC 420 Glu CTT TCC GGT GAA ATG GCT TCA GCC TTT GTC AAG GGA GTT CAA TCT CAA GGG Leu Ser Gly Glu Met Ala Ser Ala Phe Val Lys Gly Val Gle Ser Gla GTG GGA GCC 480 Cly Val Gly Ala 481 TGC ATA AMA CAC TIT GTC GCG AAC AAC CAG GAA ACG AAC AGG ATG GTA CTG GAC ACG ATC 540 Lyx His Phe Val Ala Asn Asn Gln Glu Thr Asn Arg Met Val Val GTG TCC GAG CGA GCC CTC AGA GAA ATA TAT CTG AAA GGT TTT GAA ATT Val Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Arg Glu lie Tyr Leu Lys Gly Pae Giu lie CCT CTC AAG Ala Val Lys Lys GCA AGA CCC TGG ACC GTG ATG AGC GCT TAC AAC AAA CTG AAT GGA AAA Ala Arg Pro Trp Thr Val Met Ser Ala Tyr Ass Lys Leu Ass Gly Lys TAC TGT TCA CAG Cys AAC GAA TGG CTT TTG AAG AAG CTT CTC AGG GAA GAA TGG GGA TTT GGC Asn Glu Trp Leu Leu Lyz Lyz Val Leu Arg Glu Glu Trp Gly Phe Gly GGT TTC CTG Gly Ma AGC GAC TGG TAC GCG GGA GAC AAC CCT GTA GAA CAG CTC AAG GCC GGA AAC GAT Ser Asp Trp Tyr Ala Gly Asp Asa Pro Val Glu Gin Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp ATG CCT GGG AAA GCG TAT CAG GTG AAC ACA GAA AGA AGA GAT GAA ATA Met Pro Gly Lys Ala Tyr Gln Val Asn Thr Glu Arg Arg Asp Glu GAA GAA lie GAG GCG TTG AAG GAG GGA AAA TTG AGT GAG GAG GTT CTC GAT GAG TGT 241 Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Gly Lys Leu Ser Glu Glu Val Leu Asp Glu Cys CTG 281 AGA AAC ATT Asn Are CTC AAA GTT CTT GTG AAC GCG CCT TCC TTC AAA GGG TAC AGG TAC TCA Leu Lys Val Leu Val Am Ala Pro Ser Phe Lys Gly Tyr Arg Tyr Ser 301 AAG CCG GAT Asn Lys Pro Asp CTC GAA TCT CAC GCG GAA GTC GCC TAC GAA GCA GGT GCG GAG GGT GTT 961 Leu Glu Scr His Ala Glu Val Ala Tyr Glu Ala Gly Ala Glu Gly Val 321 CTT 1020 CTT GAG 340 Leu Leu Glu AND AND GOT GIT CIT COO TTO GAT GAN ANT ACC CAT GTC GCC GTC TIT 1021 Asn Asn Gly Val Leu Pro Phe Asp Glu Asn Thr His Val Ala GGC ACC CCT CAA 1080 Val Gly 360 Thr Gly Gin 1081 ATC GAA ACA ATA AAG GGA GGA ACG GGA AGT GGA GAC ACC CAT CCG AGA 361 He Glu Thr He 1.yx Gly Gly Thr Gly Ser Cly Axp Thr TAC ACG ATC TCT 1140 His Pru Arg Tyr Thr He 380 1141 ATC CTT GAA GGC ATA AAA GAA AGA AAC ATG AAG ITC GAC GAA GAA CTC 181 lite Leu Gio Giy He Lys Giu Arg Asn Mei Lys Phe Asp Giu Giu Leu GCT TCC ACT 12(1) Ala 400

Figure:.5a

1201 GAG GAG TAC ATA AAA AAG ATG AGA GAA ACA GAG GAA TAT AAA CCC AGA ACC 401 Glu Glu Tyr IIc Lyx Lyx Met Arg Glu Thr Glu Glu Tyr Lyx Pro 717 TGG Asp 420 1261 GGA ACG GTC ATA AAA CCG AAA CTC CCA GAG AAT TTC CTC TCA GAA AAA GAG ATA Gly The Val lie Lya Pro AAG Lys Leu Pro Glu Asa Phe Leu Ser 1320 Clu Lys П¢ Lys Lys 440 1321 CCT CCA AAG AAA AAC GAT GTT GCA GTT GTG ATC AGT AGG ATC TCC Pro Pro Lya Lya Azo Azo Val Ala Val Val Val lic CCT GAG GGA TAC 1380 Ser Atk lic Ser Gly Tyr GAC AGA AAG CCG GTG AAA GGT GAC TTC TAC CTC TCC GAT GAC GAG CTG Asp Arg Lys Pro Val Lys Gly Asp Pho Tyr Leu Scr Asp Asp GAA CTC ATA 1440 Glu Leu Lcu He Lys 480 1441 ACC GTC TCG AAA GAA TTC CAC GAT CAG GGT AAG AAA GTT GTG GTT CTT The Val See Lys Glu Phe His Asp Glu Gly Lys Lys Val CTG AAC ATC 1500 Val Leu Asn Gly 500 1301 AGT CCC ATC GAA GTC GCA AGC TGG AGA GAC CTT GTG GAT GGA ATT CTT S01 Ser Pro lie Giu Val Ala Ser Trp Arg Asp Leu Val Asp Giy lie Leu CTC CTC TGG CAG 1560 Leu Val Τmp 520 1361 GCG GGA CAG GAG ATG GGA AGA ATA GTG GCC GAT GTT CTT GTG GGA AAG Ala Gly Gin Glu Met Gly Arg lie Val Ala Asp Val Leu ATT AAT CCC 1620 Gly Lys lle Pro 540 1621 GGA AAA CTT CCA ACG ACC TTC CCG AAG GAT TAC TCG GAC GTT CCA TCC Gly Lys Len Pro Thr Thr Phe Pro Lys Asp Tyr Ser Asp Val Pro TGG ACG TTC CCA 1680 Pro 560 1681 GGA GAG CCA AAG GAC AAT CCG CAA AGA GTG GTG TAC GAG GAA GAC ATC 561 Gly Glu Pro Lys Asp Asn Pro Gln Arg Val Val Tyr Glu Glu Asp TAC GTG GGA TAC 1740 Тут Giv Tyr 580 1741 AGG TAC TAC GAC ACC TTC GGT GTG GAA CCT GCC TAC GAA TTC GGC TAC Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Thr Phe Gly Val Glu Pro Ala Tyr Glu Phe Gly Tyr GGC CTC TCT TAC 1800 Tyr 600 1801 ACA AAG TIT GAA TAC AAA GAT TTA AAA ATC GCT ATC GAC GGT GAG ACG 601 The Lys Phe Glu Tyr Lys Asp Leu Lys lic Ala lic Asp Gly CTC CTG TCG 1860 Glu Thr Are Vai 620 1861 TAC ACG ATC ACA AAC ACT GGG GAC AGA GCT GGA AAG GAA GTC TCA CAG Tyr Thr lie Thr Asn Thr Gly Asp Arg Ala Gly Lys Glu Val Scr CTC TAC ATC AAA 1920 Tyr lle Lys 640 1921 GCT CCA AAA GGA AAA ATA GAC AAA CCC TTC CAG GAG CTG AAA GCG TTT Ala Pro Lys Gly Lys lic Asp Lys Pro Phe Gla Glu Leu Lys Ala CAC \*\* ACA 1980 His Lys Thr Lys 660 1981 CTT TTG AAC CCG GGT GAA TCA GAA GAA ATC TCC TTG GAA ATT CCT CTC 661 Leu Leu Azn Pro Gly Glu Ser Glu Glu lie AGA GAT CTT aca 2040 Ser Leu Glu lie Arg Asp Ala 680 Leu 2041 AGT TTC GAT GGG AAA GAA TGG GTT GTC GAG TCA GGA GAA TAC GAG GTC 681 Ser Phe Asp Gly Lys Glu Trp Val Val Glu Ser AGG GTC CCT GCA 2100 Gly Glu Tyr Glu Arg Val 2101 TCT TCG AGG GAT ATA AGG TTG AGA GAT ATT TTT CTG GTT GAG GGA GAG 701 Ser Ser Arg Asp lie Arg Leu Arg Asp lie Pite Leu Val Glu Gly Glu AAG AGA TTC AAA 2160 Lys Arg 720 2161 CCA TGA 2166 721 Pro End 722

Figure 56(Continued)

# THERMOCOCCUS AEDIIIZRA GLYCOSIDASE (188/G) COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95

I ATG ATC CAC TGC CCG GTT AAA GGG ATT ATA TCT GAG GCT CGC GGC ATA ACC ATC ACA ATA 60  Het lie His Cys Pro Val Lys Gly He lie Ser Glu Ala Arg Gly Liu Thy Lie The Ata 60
Het lie His Cys Pro Vai Lys Gly Ile Ile Ser Glu Ala Arg Gly Ile Thr Ile Thr Ile 20
Lys Gly Fie Ile Ser Glu Ale Arg Gly Ilu Thr the Ara 60
61 GAT TTA AGT TTT CAA GGC CAA ATA AAT AAT TTG GTG AAT GCT ATG GTT TTT CCG GAG 120
21 ASP Leu Ser Phe Gin Gly Gin 11e Asn Ash Leu Val Asn Ale Het 11e Val Phe Pro Glu 40
121 TTC TTC CTC CTC CTC
11 Phe Phe Leu Phe GIV The ALL ACT TOT CAT CAG ATC GAG GTA CAR
41 Phe Phe Leu Phe Gly Thr Ale Thr Ser Ser His Gln Ile Glu Gly Asp Asn Lys Trp Asn 60
181 GAC TGG TGG TAT TAT GAG GAG ATA GGT AAG CTC CCC TAC AAA TCC GGT AAA GCC TGC AAT 240
61 ASP TEP TEP TYE TYE GIU GIU IIE GIY LYS LEU PEO TYE LYS SEE GIY LYS ALS CYS ASP. 80
491 CAC MOD ALA
241 CAC TOG GAG CTT TAC AGG GAA GAT ATA GAG CTA ATG GCA CAG CTC GGC TAC AAT GCC TAC 300  301 CGC TTT TCG ATA GAG TGG AGC CTT CTG CTG CTG CTG TAC AAT GCC TAC 300  301 CGC TTT TCG ATA GAG TGG AGC CTT CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG C
101 CON AND THE GIR LEW HET ALE GIR LEW GIV TAY AND GIC TAC 100
101 Arg Pho Con Till TOO ATA GAG TOO AGC COT CTC TTC CON CAN CON THE TOTAL ATA TYP 100
301 CGC TTT TCG ATA GAG TGG AGC CGT CTC TTC CCG GAA GAG GGC AAA TTC AAT GAA GAA GCC 160 ACG TAC CGC TAC CGT GAA ATA ATT GAA GAA GCC GGC TAC CGT GAA ATA ATT GAA ATA ATT GAA ATA ATT GAA ATA AT
121 Phe Asn Arg Tyr Arg Glu 110 Yle Yle Yle Yle Yn Arg GGG ATT Arg GG ATT Arg Arg GG ATT Arg Arg GG ATT Arg Arg Arg GG ATT Arg Arg Arg GG ATT Arg
121 Phe Ash Arg Tyr Arg Glu Ile Ile Glu Ile Leu Leu Glu Lys Gly Ile Thr Pro Ash Val 140
141 The Law CAC CAC TTC ACA TCA CCG CTG TCG TTC ACA TCA CCG CTG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG
421 ACA CTG CAC CAC TTC ACA TCA CCG CTG TGG TTC ATG CGG AAG GGA GGC TTT TTG AAG GAA 141 Thr Leu His His Phe Thr Ser Fro Leu Trp Phe Het Arg Lys Gly Gly Phe Leu Lys Glu 160 481 GAA AAC CTC AAG TAC TGG GAG CAG TAG TAG TAG GAG CAG TAG TAG GAG CAG TAG TAG TAG GAG CAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG T
481 Gla and one and
161 Glu Asn Leu Lys Tyr Tre Glu Gle Der GAT AAA GCC GCG GAG CTC CTG AND GCC
541 ANG STATE OF THE STATE OF T
181 Lys Len Val TTC ACC GAG CCG ATG CTC TAP CTT
541 AAG CTT GTA GCT ACA TTC AAC GAG CCC ATG GTC TAT GTT ATG ATG GGC TAC CTC ACA GCC 600 FAC TGG CCG CCC TTC ATC AAC ACG CCC ATG TYT Val Het Het Gly Tyr Leu Thr Ale. 200
601 Par men and and are
201 Tyr Trp Pro Pro Pro Phe Ile Lys Ser Pro Phe Lys Ala Phe Lys Val Ala Ash Leu Leu 220
DOL AND COR COM COM
661 AMG GCC CAT GCA ATG GCA TAT GAT ATC CTC CAT GGT AAC TTT GAT GTG GGG ATA GTT AAA 720
221 Lys Ala His Ala Het Ala Tyr Asp Ile Leu His Gly Ash Phe Asp Val Gly Ile Val Lys 240
721 ARC two man
ASH Ile Pro Ile Het Leu Pro Ala Ser Ash Arg Glu Lys Ash Val Glu Ala Ala Gln Lys 260 781 GCG GAT AAC CTC TIT AAC TES ANG TO THE ACT TO THE ACT TIT AAC TO THE ACT TO THE ACT TO THE ACT TO THE ACT TIT AAC TO THE ACT TO THE ACT TIT AACT TIT AACT TO THE ACT TIT AACT TO THE ACT TIT AACT TO THE ACT TIT AACT TIT AACT TO THE ACT TIT AACT T
781 GCG COM NAME OF THE STATE O
781 GCG CAT AAC CTC TIT AAC TGG AAC TTC CTT GAT GCA ATA TGG AGC GGA AAA TAT AAA GGA 840 841 GCT TTT GGA ACT TAC AAA ACT CGC CCA AAA TAT GGA CGC GGA AAA TAT AAA GGA 840 841 GCT TTT GGA ACT TAC AAA ACT CGC CCA AAA TAT AAA GGA 280
and the har has been as all the tro ser Gly Lye Ber Gl
281 All DO COLOR THE GRA ACT THE ANA ACT CEA GAN ACT C
841 GCT TIT GGA ACT TAC ARA ACT CCA GAA ACC CAT GCA GAC TTC ATA GGG ATA AAC TAC TAC 900 901 ACA GCC AGC GAG GTA ACC CAT ACC CAT GCA GAP Phe lie Gly Ile Ash Tyr Tyr 100
901 ACA COC ARM OLD TOT TOT 100
JOI THE ALE SET GLU VAL AND HIS SET TIP AND PRO LEU LYS PHE PHE AND ALE LYS LEU JZO
961 CCh Con and Mark Try Asn Pro Leu Lys Phe Phe Asp Ala Lys Phe
J21 Ale AST LOW SOM AND ACK GAT AND GOT TOT ACT OF THE LAW LOW LOW
961 GCA GAC TTA AGC GAG AGA AAA ACA GAT ATG GGT TGG AGT GTC TAT CCA AAG GGC ATA TAC 1020
1021 CAL COM DATE OF THE TAX TAX TAX
Glu Ale Ile Ale Lys Val Ser His Tyr GIA TAG CCA ATG TAC ATG ACG GAA AAC CCC amp
1081 GPP and and all ASE GIV TIE 260
1081 GCT ACC TTA GAC GAT GAG TGG AGG ATA GAG TTT ATC ATC CAG CAC CTC CAG TAC GTT CAC 1140 1141 AAA GCC TTA AAC GAT GGC TTT CAG TTT CAG TTT GAG
Amp Amp Glu Trp Arg Ile Glu Phe Ile Ile Gla His Leu Cla CTC CAG TAC GTT CAC 1140
1161 All con
381 Lys Ala Leu Asn Asp Gly Phe Asp Leu Arg Gly Tyr Phe Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Asn 400
1201 TTC GAG TOO COM ALL
1201 TTC GAG TGG GCT GAG GGT TTT AGA CCA CGC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 1260  1261 TTC AAG AGG AGA AGG AGA AAC ACG ACG AGG AAC ACG ACG
day pine Arg Pro Arg Phe Gly Leu Val Gly Val Arg Acc Acc 1260
1251 TTC AAG AGG AGA CCG AGA AAG AGT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1320  1261 TTC AAG AGG AGA CCG AGA AAG AGT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1320
Phe Lys Arg Arg Pro Arg Lys Ser Ala Tyr He Tyr Gly Glu He Ala Arg Glu Lys Lys 440
1321 ATA AAA GAC GAA COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO C
1321 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG CTG GCA AAG TAT CCG CTT CCG GAG CTA TGA 1365
THE LYS TYP GIV LAN DATE ALL LAND

1321 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG CTG GCA AAG TAT GGG CTT CCG GAG CTA TGA 1365
441 Ile Lys Asp Glu Leu Leu Ale Lys Tyr Gly Leu Pro Glu Leu End 455

Figure 6

# THERMOCOCCUS CHITONOPHAGUS GLYCOSIDASE - 22G COMPLETE SEQUENCE - 9/95

1 TTG CTT CCA GAG AAC TTT CTC TGG GGA GTT TCA CAG TCC GGA TTC CAG TTT GAA ATG (NG 60
1 HEE LEU PRO GIU ASH PHE LEU TEP GIY VAL SET GIN SET GIY PHE GIN HEE GIY 20
ASA Phe Leu Trp Gly Val Ser Gla Ser Gly Phe Cha TTC CAG TTT GAA ATC CAG 60
51 GAC AGA CTC AGE 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
21 ASP ATG LOU AND AND CAC ATT GAT CCA AAC ACA GAT TGG TGG TAG
ALE ALE HIS ITE ASP PRO ASA THE ASP TED TED THE
121 TAT AAT ATC AAA
41 Tyr Asn Ile Lys Lys Chu CTA GTA AGT GGG GAT CTT CCC GAA GAC CCT AND
41 Tyr Asn Ile Lys Lys Gly Leu Val Ser Gly Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp Gly Ile Asn Ser Tyr 60
181 GAA TTA TAT GAG AGA GAC CAA GAA ATT GCA AAG GAT TTA GGG CTC AAC ACA TAT AGG ATC 240
61 Glu Leu Tyr Glu Arg Asp Gln Glu Ile Ala Lys Asp Leu Gly Leu Asn Thr Tyr Arg Ile 80
of the Ala Lys Asp Leu Gly Leu Asp The Day Age ATC 240
GGA AFT GAA TGG AGC AGA GTA TTT CCA CON
241 GGA AFT GAA TGG AGC AGA GTA TIT CCA TGG CCA ACG ACT TIT GTC GAC GTG GAG TAT GAA 300 81 Gly Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Val Phe Pro Trp Pro Thr Thr Phe Val Ash Val
81 Gly Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Val Phe Pro Trp Pro Thr Thr Phe Val Asp Val Glu Tyr Glu 100  301 ATT GAT GAG TCT TAC GGG TTC CTD AND THE PRO TRP Pro Thr Thr Phe Val Asp Val Glu Tyr Glu 100
JOI ATT GAT GAG TOT TAC GGG TTG GTA AAG GAT GTG AAG ATT TOT AAA GAC GCA TTA GAA AAA 360
101 Ile Asp Glu Ser Tyr Gly Leu Val Lys Asp Val Lys Ile Ser Lys Asp Ala Leu Glu Lys 120 161 CTT GAT GAA ATC GCT ARC GLA LOR CLA LYS Asp Val Lys Ile Ser Lys Asp Ala Leu Glu Lys 120
361 CTT GAT GAA ATC GCT ARG GTT AND GTT AND GTT AND GTT GAT GAA ATC GCT ARG GTT AND GT
161 CTT GAT GAA ATC GCT AAC CAA AGG GAA ATA ATA TAT TAT AGG AAC CTA ATA AAT TCC CTA 420
AND GIR HE Ale Arn Glm Arg Glu He He Tyr Tyr Arg Arn Low 114 ATA TCC CTA 420
421 AGA AAG AGG GOO 140
421 AGA AAG AGG GGT TTT AAG GTA ATA CTA AAC CTA AAT CAT TTT ACC CTC CCA ATA TGG CTT 480
and the Lys Val Ile Leu Asn Leu Asn His Phe The Leu Ash TGG CTT 480
481 CAT GAT CTT AND GOLD - 160
161 His Asp Pro Ile Glu Ser AGA GAA AAA GCC CTG ACC AAT AAG AGA AAC CCC
161 His Asp Pro Ile Glu Ser Arg Glu Lys Ala Leu Thr Asn Lys Arg Asn Gly Trp Val Ser 180
541 GAA AGG AGT GTT ATA GAG TTT GCA AAA TTT GCC GCG TAT TTA GCA TAT AAA TTC GGA GAC 600
181 Glu Arg Ser Vel Ile Glu Phe Ala Lye Bho Ala GCG TAT TTA GCA TAT ANA TTC GGA GAG
181 Glu Arg Ser Val Ile Glu Phe Ala Lys Phe Ala Ala Tyr Leu Ala Tyr Lys Phe Gly Asp 200
601 ATA GAC ATG TGG AGC ACA TIT AAT GAA CCT ATG GTG GTC GCC GAG TTG GGG TAT TTA 660
201 Ile Val Asp Het Trp Ser The Phe Asn Glu Pro Het Val Val Ala Glu Leu Gly Tyr Leu 220
661 GCC CCA TAC TCA CCA TCA T
661 GCC CCA TAC TCA GCA TTC CCC CCG GGA GTC ATG AAT CCA GAA GCA GCA AAG TTA GTT ATG 221 Ala Pro Tyr Ser Gly Phe Pro Pro Gly Val Het Asn Pro Glu Ala Ala Lys Leu Val Het 240  721 CTA CAT ATG ATA AAG CCC CCC CCG GGA GTC ATG AAT CCA GAA GCA GCA AAG TTA GTT ATG 720
720 THE PER PEO PEO GLY VAL HET ASE PEO GLY ALE ALE THE GIT ATG
721 CTA CAT ATG ATA AAC COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO CO
721 CTA CAT ATG ATA AAC GCC CAT GCT TTA GCA TAT AGG ATG ATA AAG AAA TTT GAC AGA AAA 780 241 Leu His Het Ile Asn Ale His Ale Leu Ale Tyr Arg Het Ile Lys Lys Phe Asp Arg Lys 260 781 AAA GCT GAT CCA GAA TCA AAA 780
Ala Leu Ala Tyr Arg Met Ile Lys Lys Phe Arg And AAA 780
781 ANA GCT GAT CCA GAA TCA ANA GAA CCA GCT CAA ANA GCT CAA ANA GCT CAA ANA GCT CAA ANA GCT CAA CCC CAA CCC CAA ANA GCT CAA ANA GCT CAA CCC CAA CC
781 AAA GCT GAT CCA GAA TCA AAA GAA CCA GCT GAA ATA GGA ATT ATA TAC AAT AAC ATC GGC 840 261 Lys Ala Asp Pro Glu Ser Lys Glu Pro Ala Glu Ile Gly Ile Ile Tyr Asn Asn Ile Gly 280
841 GTC ACA TAT COO CO. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
841 GTC ACA TAT CCG TTT AAT CCG AAA GAC TCA AAG GAT CTA CAA GCA TCC GAT AAT GCC AAT 900
174 FTG PRE ASR PTG LYS ASP Ser LYS ASP Leu Gle ALA TCC GAT AAT GCC AAT 900
901 TTC TTC CAC ACT AND
JOI Phe Phe His Ser Gly Leu Phe Leu Thr Ala Ile His Arg Gly Lys Leu Asn Ile Glu Phe J20  961 GAC GGA GAG ACA TTT CTM TIO
of the Leu Thr Ala Ile His Arg Gly Lys Leu and The GAR TTT 960
961 GAC GGA GAG ACA TIT GIT TAC CIT CCA TAT TIA AAG GGC AAT GAT TGG CIG GGA GTC AAT 1020
321 Asp Gly Glu Thr Phe Val Tyr Lou Pox TTA AAG GGC AAT GAT TGG CTG GGA GTG AAM
321 ASP Gly Glu Thr Phe Val Tyr Leu Pro Tyr Leu Lys Gly Ash ASP Trp Leu Gly Val Ash 340
1021 TAT TAT ACA AGA GAA GTC GTT AAA TAC CAA GAT CCC ATG TTT CCA AGT ATC CCT CTC ATA 1080
141 Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Glu Val Val Lys Tyr Gln Asp Pro Het Phe Pro Ser Ile Pro Leu Ile 160
1081 ACC TTC 11C con
1081 AGC TTC AAG GGC GTT CCA GAT TAT GGA TAC GGA TGT AGA CCA GGA ACG ACG TCA AAG GAC 1140
161 Ser Phe Lys Gly Val Pro Asp Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Cys Arg Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Lys Asp 180
1141 GGT AAT COM COM 180
381 GLY ASH PRO VAL SON AND ATT GGA TGG GAG GTA TAT CCC AAA GGC ATC TAT
Jel Asp Ite Gly Trp Glu Val Tyr Pro Lys Gly Het Tyr Arn 1200
1201 GTA GCT GCC AAT GAA TAT GGA GTT CCT GTA TAC GTA ACA GAA AAC GGA ATA GCA GAT TCA 1260
401 Val Ala Ala Asn Glu Tyr Gly Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Asn Gly Ile Ala Asp Ser 420
1261 AAA GAT CTA CTA CTA CTA CTA GAY Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Asn Gly Ile Ala Asp Ser 420
421 LAW GAT GTA TTA AGG CCC TAT TAC ATC GCA TCT CAG
1261 AAA GAT GTA TTA AGG CCC TAT TAC ATC GCA TCT CAC ATT GAA GCC ATG GAA GAG GCT TAC 1120 421 Lys Asp Vel Leu Arg Pro Tyr Tyr Ile Ala Ser His Ile Glu Ala Met Glu Glu Ala Tyr 440
of the fie Giu Ala Het Giu Glu Ala Tyr 440
•

Figure 7a

1121	CIV.	AA?	CTA CCI	TAT	GAC	CTC Val	AGA Arg	GCA	TAC	TTA	CAC	TGG	GCA	TTA	ACC	CAT	AAT	TAC	CAA	TCC Trp	1 180
1381	GCC	TTA	CCC	7070									****	CAR	Thr	VED	Asn	Tyr	. Glu	Trp	460
461	Ala	Leu	GIA	Phe	Arg	Het	Arg	Phe	Gly	Leu	Tyr	GAA Glu	GTA Val	AAC	TTG	ATA	ACC	***	GAG	AGA Arg	1440
																					480
481 1501	Lys	Pro	Arg	Lys	Lys	Ser	Val	Arg	Val	Phe	Arg	GAG	ATA Ile	CTT Val	ATT	AAT	AAT	GGG	CTA	ACA	1500
	****	~~	W 1.	ACT		~										~#11	ASD	Cly	Leu	Thr	500
501	Ser	λsn	Ile	YLÖ	Lys	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Clu	Clu	TAG	15								

Figure 7b(Continued)

### PYROCOCCUS FURIOSUS GLYCOSIDASE - 7G1 COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 10/95

							-	~~~	TE G		320	JUNE:	<b>.</b> - :	10/9	5							
	ATC	TIC	CCI	CA	AA.	G TT	C CT	T TO	ic er													
	Het GAT	Phe	Pro	51 t	Lv	a Pho	e Le		- ~	I G	rg G	בא כ	AA T	CG G	GT T	T C	AG '	T÷T	GB A	h 700		
							v ne	u II	b C	Y V	al A	laG	in s	er G	LV P	ne G	ומו			ATC	GCC	E0
61	GA?	, yry	CTC	AGG	ACC	- 201	P 3.74	<b>~</b> ~~										rne	Cia	Met	Cly	20
2:	GA7 Asp	Lys	Leu	Ara	Arc	7 4	. 71		CAC	TA	IC A	er c	AT TO	G TO	is c	יר די						
						, 42t	1 11	EA P	p Th	IL Y	n T	IF A	p T	TO T	to Hi	• T	~ :	· I'A	AGG	GAT	, YYC	120
121	ACR	7.7.99												-			٠,	ar.	~==	Asn		40
41	Thr	Asn	Ile	Glu	7.22	Cla	CT	GT	T AG	TG	y c	T CI	T C	:c &	(C C)	G C						
					2,3	, GI	rei	1 AF	1 3e	r Gi	y A:	P Le	u Pr	o 61	n ej	1		II.	AAC	AAT	TAC	180
181		~~~	-															46.	AJD.	Aen	T	60
61	Glu	Leu	TVF	Glu	Lve	3		GU	5 AT	T GC	A AG	KA A	G CT	C CC	T CT						_	- •
	GLu		•		-,,	Asp	ais	GTI	1 11	e Al	a Ar	g Ly	3 Le	u G1	v 1.		CE C	CI :	CAC	AGA	ATA	240
Z41		RT N	~~															<u></u>	LVE	Arm	T1-	80
81	Gly	Ile	Glu	Trn	50-	- ALA	ATA	TTC	: 00	A TG	G CC	A AC	G AC	A TT	T 3~			_				••
	_				261	Αrg	116	Phe	Pro	o Tr	P Pr	o Th	r Th	r Dh	• 71	. (	T C	II (	AT	TAT	AGC	300
301	TIT	220	~~ .														P -	44 /	<b>5</b> 0	TVF	50"	100
101	TYE	Asn	Glu	500	IAT	AAC	CII	ATA	GAJ	GA:	GT	A AA	G AT	- 10			_			-		
	• -		-14	241	LAE	As.	ren	11 8	Glu	Z Asi	Va.	l Lv	3 71		- AA	GA	CA	CT 1	TG (	GAG	GAG	360
361	TTA	GAT	CAC	BTC	~~~										-3.		P 11	TE F	eu (	GLU	Glu	120
121	Leu AGG	Asn	6)	TI-	GCC	YYC	AAG	AGG	GAG	GTC	GC	T # 1										
			014	TIE	VIT	ysu	Lys	Arg	Glu	Val	. Al	Tu	- 40.	- 75	TO	GT	. A	A A	AC J	rcc	CTG	120
421	AGE .	366	220	~~~									-	-	,	· •		LE A	Sn S	i e -	Leu	
141	کتټ ( د کتټ (	Car	7	GGG.	TIT	AAG	CTT	ATA	GTT	AAT	CT2	111										140
\		567	-5.3	C-y	2::0	Lys	Val	Ile	Val	Aen		. ~~.		TIC	ACC	CT	, cc	A I	AT T	GG ·	TTG	480
481	C27 /	C3.T									~~.	^==		Spe	The	Let	ı P:	O T	vr T	ZD	Leu	
161	CAT ( Kis )	ans i	CCC /	ATT (	ಮಾ	GCT	λGG	GAG	AGG	GCG	TTR	3.~~								-,-		160
	Kis /	nap (	Pro	Ile (	Slu.	Ala.	λrσ	Glu	Ara	Ala	Lan	MUI	AAT	, ALG	AGG	AAC	GG	C TO	is c	TT :	120	
541	CCA						•		,		ned	ing	ASD	Lys	Arg	Asn	G1	y T	v מי	-1	lan	540
191	CCA ;		LLK (	STT :	ATA (	eve .	TIT	GCA	AAG	TAT	GCC							•		,	1511	180
	Pro J	æg :	CAE V	AT 1	ile (	Glu :	Phe	Ala	Lvs	Tv.	81-	OC I	TAC	ATA	CCC	TAT	AA	G TI	TO	GA 6		600
601	1T1 C								-,-	. , .	~ra	AT 8	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Ly	s Ph	ie G	10 1		600
201	Tie u	riu (	MT A	LTG 1	(GG )	AGC J	NCG '	TTT	ALT	GNG						_	•	•		-, ,	.ap	200
	ATA G	at h	rab i	let 1	th :	Se: 7	Thr :	Phe	Arn	Gli	201	MIG	GIG	GII	CIT	CAG	CT	C GC	C TI	ac c	T R	cro
661	er r			•						424	FEG	uec	Val	Val	Val	Glu	Let	1 G)	v T	7 L		660
221	Ala b	CC I	AC I	CIC	GC 1	MC (	CT	CCA .	ccc	CTT	CT'S								<i>-</i> - :	-	Eu	220
	SCC C	LO T	yr s	er C	ly r	he F	20 1	Pro	Glu	Va i	CIA	AAT	CCA	CAG	CCC	GCA	AAC	CT	G CC	·G A	T D	720
721	^~~ ~			•					,		red	A3n	PZO	Glu	Ala	λla	Lvs	Le	u Al	2 7	1.	720
241	7 4 11 12	~~ ^	TG A	TA A	AT G	CA C	AT C	CT '	TTA .	CCT	T > T						•			•	- 6	240
	CTT C. Leu H WA G	T3 W	ec I	le A	sn A	$\mathbf{K} \in \mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}$	lis J	Ua i	Lett	115	TAL	765	CAG	ATA	AAG	AAG	TTT	CA	- AC	7 6	20	780
781 2											- YE	VL.A	ern	Ile	Lys	Lys	Phe	As	D Th			
261 1	· · ·	CT G	AT A	AG G	AT T	CT A	<b>AA</b> 0	inc d	T.	CCL	~							,				260
401	Lys A	Ta V	ab r	ys A	sp s	er L	VS G	:1	200		GAA.	GIT	CCI	ATA	att	TAC	AAC	ALC	. 24	+ ~		D.4.6
841 6	Lys A.				-	_	,		10 /	~LE !	CTI	AT	Gly	Ile	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Ass	71	- ~	are.	840
281 V	II GO	FT T	AT C	נג ככ	<b>LG G</b>	AT C	CG A	AC C								• -				Ŧ 6,	Y	280
-61 A	TI GO	La Tj	AE BI	to L	/3 A	30 P	ro A			ree a	AAG	GAT	CTI .	<b>XXG</b>	GCA .	GCA	GAA	830	- CR		_	
961 T				-					ap z	er	Lys .	Vab .	Val .	Lys .	Ala:	Ala	Glu	A		- 1	<b>L</b>	900
301 p	TC T.	CO	ic to	JA GC	G C	IG T	TC T	TC C										٠		P A3	п	300
301 P	he Ph	ie Hi	3 Se	er Gl	Y Le	eu Pi	he P	he C	3		ITA (	CAC 2	WA (	GGA 2	AAA (	CTI	RAT	ATA	~~		_	
961 G	<b></b>				-				1 u A	77.99 1	Te 1	iis )	Lys (	Sly :	Lys 1	Leu	Agn	712	- WW.	TT	I	960
351 -	AC GG	I CH	y yc	G IT	T AT	A G	T C	-	~~ ~					-	-	'		***	47/	א או	e	320
321 A	ab CI	y G1	u Th	r Ph	e Il	e A	in a	1- 5	CC T	AT C	TA J	VAG (	EC 1	UAT (	AC 1	nce :	ATA	ccc			_	
321 A					-		.h. v.	- P	ro T	yr I	eu I	ys (	ily )	lsn )	י פצו	rp	112	CI	GT7	, AA	I	1020
1021 7	AC TA	C AC	A AG	G GA	A GT	A CT	7 3-				_			•				GTÅ	A9]	A3	n	340
341 7	YF TY	r Th	r Ar	a C1	u Va	V.	1 70	-U I)	MI C	VC C	AA C	CA A	TG T	TT C	CT T	CA I	· ~~	~~-				
1001 -	YF TY					- 14	- IT	r L	yr G	Tu C	lu P	TO M	let E	he F	To 4	J	11.	n	CTG	AT	= .	1080
TOBI XC	:C TT	T AR															TE	rz0	Leu	111		360
361 Th	r Phi	Ly.	s GI	V VA	1 61	~ C)	M. TA	T GC	CT	at G	CC I	GC A	GA C	CT G	GA 1	CT -						
1345	r Phi	•			- 91	OI	у ту	r C	Y T	yr A	la C	уз А	ra P	ro G	1 -		LG	TCA	MC	GA1	r 1	L140
TIAI CN	ער אפז	L CC				_							•		-, .		.611	262	Lys	λas	, 3	360
381 As	PAR	Pro	V × 1	- 1907		- AT	A GG	A TO	CC	W C	TC T	AT C	CA G	AG c	CC >	T						
	C AG		- 70/	. 361	AS	b IT	e GI	y Tr	P G	Lu C	eu T	VE P	ro G	G	A	IG T	AC (	GAT	TCA	ATA	. 1	.200
1501 CL	T CAD	CCT										-			-,	<b>u</b> .,	yr i	-SP	Ser	Ile	4	00
401 Va	i Giu	Ala	U	~~	TAC	GGC	CT	T CC	A GT	TI	C G	TG 31	C ~	ic v								
		0	. 4113	L L Y 3	Ty:	GL)	y Va.	l Pr	o Va	1 T	/E V	- 74		~~ <i>A</i> /	6	A A	TA (	≈cc	GAT	TCA		260
										1			. U	LU A	an G	ly I	le /	U a	qr.A	Ser	4	20
																			•			

Figure 8a

	Lys Asp Ile		_	- • -	- , -		****	~~.	1123	4 7 6	LY3	ne t	ILE	Glu	1.0	11.	Dh.	1320
1341	WW GAT GC	TAT CA																440
441	GAG GAT GGG Glu Asp Gly	Tys Gli	val	Lva	Glv	TUE	Bha	CAC	TCC	GCA	TTA	ACT	GAC	AAC	TTC	GAG	TGG	1380
					,	-,-				VIG	i.eu	The	A3D	neA	Phe	GI	Tem	160
461	GCT CTC GGG Ala Leu Gly	TTT AC	A AIG	CGC	TTT	CCC	CTC	TAC	GAX	GTC	220	CTA	3 70					
702	Ala Leu Gly	Phe Ar	] Met	λrg	Phe	CLY	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Val	Azn	Leu	Tie	ACA	AAG	GAG	AGA	1440
1337	ATT CCC AGG	GRG RAC	100														•	. 480
481	ATT CCC AGG	Glu Lys	Sec	Val	TCG	ATA	TTC	AGA	CAG	ATA	GTA	CCC	aat	AAT	GGT	GTT	ACG	1500
										Ile	Val	YJ Y	λın	ncA	Gly	Val	The	500
TOOT	AMA AAG ATT	GAA GAG	(2)							i33								- 40
301	Lys Lys Ile	GIR CIF	e Clu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Gly	End	51									

Figure 8b(Continued)

# Bankia gouldi endoglucanese (37071)

(3/6/1)
9 18 27 36 45
ATG AGA ATA CGT TTA GGG AGG GTG
Met Arg Ile Arg Leu Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Cys Ala Ala Leu Ser Pro Val Thr
and Leu Ala Leu Cys Ala Ala Leu Sor Pro Val The
63 79 00
TIT GCA GAT ANT GTA AGG GRAN BI
Phe Ala ASD ASD Value CTA CAA ATC GAC GCC GAC GGC AAA AAA CTC ASS
Phe Ala Asp Asn Val Thr Val Gln Ile Asp Ala Asp Gly Cly Lys Lys Leu Ile
117 196
AGC CGA GCC CTD D10 275 135 144 153
AGC CGA GCC CTT TAC GGC ATG AAT AAC TCC AAC GCA CAA AGC CTT ACC GAT ACT Ser Arg Ala Leu Tyr Gly Met Asn Asn Ser Asn Ala Clu Ser Acc
Ser Arg Ala Leu Tyr Gly Met Asn Asn Ser Asn Ala Glu Ser Leu Thr Asp Thr
GAC TOTAL THE 180 189 198 202
GAC TGG CAG CGT TTT CGC GAT GCA GGT GTG CGC ATG CTG CGG GAA AAT GGC GGC ABD Trp Glm Arg Phe Arg Asp Ala Gly Val Arg Mar Loui And GGC GGC
Asp Trp Gln Arg Phe Arg Asp Ala Gly Val Arg Met Leu Arg Glu Asn Gly Gly
225 234 243 252 251
AAC AGC AGC AAR THE
Ash Ash Ser The Lys Tyr Ash Tro Gin Lee Mis Ast CAT CAT CCG GAT TGG
Asn Asn Ser Thr Lys Tyr Asn Trp Gln Leu His Leu Ser Ser His Pro Asp Trp
279 · 289
TAC AAC AAT GTC TAC GGC ANG
TYT ASN ASN VAL TYT ALE GIV ASN ASN ASN ASN GAC AAC CGG GTA GCC CTG ATT
Tyr Asn Asn Val Tyr Ala Gly Asn Asn Asn Trp Asp Asn Arg Val Ala Leu Ile
333 345
CAG GAA AAC CTG CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC CT
Gln Glu Asn Leu Pro Gly Ala Asn Art Too GCA TTC CAG CTC ATC GGT AAG
Gln Glu Asn Leu Pro Gly Ala Asp Thr Met Trp Ala Phe Gln Leu Ile Gly Lys
387 206
GTC GCG GCG ACT TOT GCC THE 222
Val Ala Ala Thr Ser lie The AAC GAT TGG GAA TTC AAC CAG TCG CAA
Val Ala Ala Thr Ser Ala Tyr Asa Phe Asa Asp Try Glu Pho Asa Gla Ser Gla
461 AER
TGG TGG ACC GGC GTC GCT GCT GCT 425 468 477 486
Try Try Thr Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Ala Gly Gly Gly Glu Pro Asn Leu Asp
val ala din Asn Leu Ala Cly Cly Clu Pro Asn Leu Asn
495 604
GGC GGC GGA COC GGA COC GGA COC GGC GGA COC GGC GGA COC GGA COC GGA COC GGC GGC GGA COC GGC GGA COC GGC GGA COC GGC GGC GGA COC GGC GGC GGA COC GGC GGC GGA COC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGA COC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGC GGC
GGC GGC GAA GCG CTG GTT GAA GGA GAC CCC AAT CTC TAC CTC ATG GAT TGG Gly Gly Gly Glu Ala Leu Val Glu Gly Asp Bro Lee Lee
Gly Gly Glu Ala Leu Val Glu Gly Asp Pro Asn Leu Tyr Leu Met Asp Trp
549 cra
TCG CCA GTC 200 558 567 576 586
TCG CCA GCC GAC ACT GTG GGT ATT CTC GAC CAC TGG TTT GGC GTA AAC GCG CTC Ser Pro Ala Amp The Val Gly Ile Leu Amp Him TTP Pho Cly Val AAC GCG CTC
Ser Pro Ala Asp Thr Val Gly Ile Leu Asp His Trp Phe Gly Val Asa Gly Leu
603 612 621 630 639
GCC GTG CGG CGT GGC AAA GCC AAA TAC TGG AGT ATG GAT AAC GAG CCC GGC ATC
val Arg Arg Gly Lye Ala Lye Tyr Tro Ser Mor Act CAG CCC GGC ATC
and Clu Pro Gly Ile
057 866
TOO GIT GET ACC CAC CAC CAC CAC
TEP VAL Gly The His Asp Asp Val Val Inc Cha ACC CCG GTA GAA GAT TTC
Trp Val Gly Thr His Asp Asp Val Val Lys Glu Gln Thr Pro Val Glu Asp Phe

Figure 90.

# Bankia gouldi endoglucanase (37021) (continued)

711 720 CTG CAC ACC TAT TTC GAA ACC GCC AAA AAA GCC CGC GCC AAA TTT CCC GGT ATT Leu His Thr Tyr Phe Glu Thr Ala Lys Lys Ala Arg Ala Lys Phe Pro Gly Ile 774 AAA ATC ACC GGT CCG GTG CCC GCT AAT GAG TGG CAG TGG TAT GCC TGG GGC GGT 783 Lys Ile Thr Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Asn Glu Trp Gln Trp Tyr Ala Trp Gly Gly 828 TTC TCG GTA CCC CAG GAA CAA GGG TTT ATG AGC TGG ATG GAG TAT TTC ATC AAG Phe Ser Val Pro Glu Glu Glu Gly Phe Met Ser Trp Met Glu Tyr Phe Ile Lys 882 CGG GTG TCT GAA GAG CAA CGC GCA AGT GCT GTT CGC CTC GAT GTA CTC GAT 891 Arg Val Scr Glu Glu Gln Arg Ala Scr Gly Val Arg Leu Asp Val Leu Asp 936 CTG CAC TAC TAC CCC GGC GCT TAC AAT GCG GAA GAT ATC GTG CAA TTA CAT CGC Leu His Tyr Tyr Pro Gly Ala Tyr Asn Ala Glu Asp Ile Val Gln Leu His Arg 990 ACG TTC TTC GAC CGC GAC TTT GTT TCA CTG GAT GCC AAC GGG GTG AAA ATG GTA Thr Phe Phe Asp Ary Asp Phe Val Ser Leu Asp Ala Asn Gly Val Lim Met Val 1035 1044 GAA GOT GGC TGG GAT GAC AGC ATC AAC AAG GAA TAT ATT TTC GGG CGA GTG AAC Glu Gly Gly Trp Asp Asp Ser Ile Asn Lys Glu Tyr Ile Phe Gly Ary Val Asn 1098 CAT TGG CTC GAG GAA TAT ATG GGG CCA GAC CAT GGT GTA ACC CTG GGC TTA ACC 1107 Asp Trp Leu Glu Glu Tyr Het Gly Pro Asp His Gly Val Thr Leu Gly Leu Thr . 1143 1152 1161 GAA ATG TGC GTG CGC AAT GTG AAT CCG ATG ACT ACC GCC ATC TGG TAT GCC TCC Glu Met Cys Val Arg Asn Val Asn Pro Met Thr Thr Ala Ile Trp Tyr Ala Ser 1206 ATG CTC GGC ACC TTC GCG GAT AAC GGC GTC GAA ATA TTC ACC CCA TGG TGC TGG 1215 Met Leu Gly Thr Phe Ala Asp Asn Gly Val Glu Ile Phe Thr Pro Trp Cys Trp 1251 1260 AAC ACC GGA ATG TGG GAA ACA CTC CAC CTC TTC AGC CGC TAC AAC AAA CCT TAT Asn Thr Gly Met Trp Glu Thr Leu His Leu Phe Ser Arg Tyr Asn Lys Pro Tyr 1314 1323 CGG GTC GCC TCC AGC TCC AGT CTT GAA GAG TTT GTC AGC GCC TAC AGC TCC ATT Arg Val Ala Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Glu Glu Phe Val Ser Ala Tyr Ser Ser Ile 1350

Asn Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Met Thr Val Leu Leu Val Asn Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Figure 9b(Continued)

AAC GAA GCA GAA GAC GCC ATG ACG GTA CTT CTG GTG AAT CGT TCC ACT AGC GAC 1377

1368

# Bankia gouldi endoglucanase (17GP1) (continued)

1413 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458
ACC CAC ACC GCC ACT GTC GCT ATC GAC GAT TTC CCA CTG GAT GGC CCC TAC CGC
Thr His Thr Ala Thr Val Ala Ile Asp Asp Phe Pro Leu Asp Gly Pro Tyr Arg

1467 1476 1485 1494 1503 1512
ACC CTG CGC TTA CAC AAC CTG CCG GGG GAG GAA ACC TTC GTA TCT CAC CGA GAC
Thr Leu Arg Leu His Asn Leu Pro Gly Glu Glu Thr Phe Val Ser His Arg Asp

1521 1530 1539 1548 1557 1566
AAC GCC CTG GAA AAA GGT ACA GTG CGC GCC AGC GAC AAT ACG GTA ACA CTG CAG
Asn Ala Leu Glu Lys Gly Thr Val Arg Ala Ser Asp Asn Thr Val Thr Leu Glu

1575 1584 1593 1602 1611
TTG CCC CCT CTG TCC GTT ACT GCA ATA TTG CTC AAG GCC CGG CCC TAA 3\*
Leu Pro Pro Leu Ser Val Thr Ala Ile Leu Leu Lys Ala Arg Pro \*\*\*

Figure 94 (Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima Alpha-qalactusidana Cumplete Gene Sequence (LC+3)

5' GTG ATC TGT GTG GAA ATA TITC GGA ANG ACC TTC AGA GAG GGA AGA TTC GTT CTC
The Cys val Glu Ile Phe Gly Lys Thr Phe Arg Glu Gly Arg Phe Val Lou
ANA GAG ANA ANC TITC ACA CIT GAG TIC GCG GTC GAG ANG ATA CAC CIT GCC TGC
Lys Glu Lys Asn Phe Thr Val Glu Phe Ala Val Glu Lys Ile His Leu Gly Trp
AAG ATC TCC GGC AGG GTG AAG CCA ACT CCG GGA AGG CTT GAG GTT CTT CGA ACG
bys lie ser Gly Arg Val Lys Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Arg Thr
ANA GCA COG GAA AAG GTA CTT GTG AAC AAC TOG CAG TOC TOG GGA COG TOC AGG
bys Ala Pro Glu Lys Val Leu Val Asn Asn Trp Gln Ser Trp Gly Pro Cys Arg
GTG GTC GAT GCC TIT TCT TTC AAA CCA CCT GAA ATA GAT CCG AAC TGG AGA TAC
Val Val Asp Ala Phe Ser Phe Lys Pro Pro Glu Ile Asp Pro Asm Trp Ary Tyr
ACC GCT TCG GTG GTG CCC GAT GTA CTT GAA ACG AAC CTC CAG AGC GAC TAT TTC
The Ala Ser Val Val Pro Asp Val Lou Glu Ary Asm Leu Glm Ser Asp Tyr Phe
GTG GCT GAA GAA GGA AAA GTG TAC GGT TTT CTG AGT TCG AAA ATC GCA CAT CCT
val Ala Glu Glu Gly Lys Val Tyr Gly Phe Leu Ser Ser Lys Ile Ala His Pro
THE THE GET GIG GAA GAT GGG GAA CIT GIG GCA TRC CTC GAA TAT THE GAT GTC
Prie Phe Ala Val Glu Asp Gly Glu Leu Val Ala Tyr Leu Glu Tyr Phe Asp Val
GAG TTC GAC GAC TTT GTT CCT CTT GAA CCT CTC GTT GTA CTC GAG GAT CCC AAC
GIU Phe Amp Amp Phe Val Pro Leu Glu Pro Leu Val Val Leu Glu Amp Pro Am
ACA CCC CTT CTT CTG GAG AAA TAC GCG GAA CTC GTC GGA ATG GAA AAC AAC GCG
The Pro Leu Leu Clu Lys Tyr Ala Clu Leu Val Cly Met Glu Asn Asn Ala
AGA GTT CUA AAA CAC ACA CCC ACT CCA TCC TCC ACC TCC T
Arg Val Pro Lys His The Pro The Gly Trp Cys See Trp Tyr His Tyr Phe Leu

Figure 10a.

# Thermotoga maritima Alpha-qalactosidane Complete Gene Sequence (2 of 3)

•
GAT CTC ACC TOG GAA GAG ACC CTC AAG AAC CTG AAG CTC OCG AAG AAT TTC CCG
Asp Leu Thr Trp Glu Glu Thr Leu Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Ala Lys Aon Phe Pro
TTC GAG GTC TTC CAG ATA GAC GAC GCC TAC GAA AAG GAC ATA GGT GAC GAC
Phe Glu Val Phe Gln Ile Asp Asp Ala Tyr Glu Lys Asp Ile Gly Asp Trp Leu
OTG ACA AGA GGA GAC TIT CCA TCG GTG GAA GAG ATG GCA AAA GTT ATA CTG
val the Ary Gly Asp Phe Pro Ser Val Glu Glu Met Ala Lys Val Ile Ala Glu
AMC GOT TTC ATC CCG GOC ATA TGG ACC GCC CCG TTC AGT GTT TCT GAA ACC TCC
Asm Gly Phe Ile Pro Gly Ile Trp Thr Ala Pro Phe Ser Val Ser Glu Thr Ser
GAT GTA TTC AAC GAA CAT COG GAC TGG GTA GTG AAG GAA AAC GGA GAG COG AAG
Asp Val Phe Asn Glu His Pro Asp Trp Val Val Lys Glu Asn Gly Glu Pro Lys
ATG GCT TAC AGA AAC TGG AAC AAA AAG ATA TAC GCC CTC GAT CTT TCG AAA GAT
Met Ala Tyr Ary Asn Trp Asn Lys Lys Ile Tyr Ala Leu Asp Leu Ser Lys Asp
927 936 945 954 963 972 CAG GTT CTG AAC TOG CTT TTC GAT CTC TTC TCA TCT CTG AGA AAG ATG GGC TAC
Glu Val Leu Asn Trp Leu Phe Asp Leu Phe Ser Ser Leu Arg Lys Met Gly Tyr
981 990
AGG TAC TTC AAG ATC GAC TIT CTC TTC GCG GGT GCC GTT CCA GGA GAA AGA AAA
Arg Tyr Phe Lys Ile Asp Phe Leu Phe Ala Gly Ala Val Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys
LAG AND ACA CCA ATT CAG CCC TTC AGA AAA CCG ATT GAG ACG ATC AGA AAA
Ays Asn Ile Thr Pro Ile Gln Ala Phe Arg Lys Gly Ile Glu Thr Ile Arg Lys
CG GTG GGA GAA GAT TCT TTC ATC CTC GGA TGC GGC TCT CCC CTT CTT CCC GCA
La Val Gly Glu Asp Ser Phe Ile Leu Gly Cys Gly Ser Pro Leu Pro Ala
1143 1152 1161 1170 1179 1188 TC GCA TGC GTC GAC GCG ATG AGG ATA GGA CCT GAC ACT GCG CCG TTC TGG GGA
al Gly Cys Val Asp Gly Met Arg Ile Gly Pro Asp Thr Ala Pro Phe Trp Gly

Figure 10 (Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima Alpha-qalactusidane Cumplete Gune Sequence (3.24.5)

1197 1206 1215
1197 1206 1215 1224 1233 1242 GAA CAT ATA GAA GAC AAC CCA CCT CCC CCT GCA ACA TOG CCG CTG AGA AAC CCC
Glu His Ile Glu Asp Asn Gly Ala Pro Ala Ala Arg Trp Ala Leu Arg Asn Ala
ATA ACG AGG TAC TTC ATG CAC GAC AGG TTC TGC CTG AAC GAC CCC GAC TGT CTG
The Thr Arg Tyr Phe Mar His Acr Arg Tyr The Car Tor CTG
Ile Thr Arg Tyr Phe Met His Asp Arg Phe Trp Leu Asm Asp Pro Asp Cys Leu 1305
ATA CTG AGA GAG GAG AAA ACC GAT CTC ACA CAG AAG GAA AAG GAG CTC TAC TOG
The Leu Arg Glu Glu Lve Tor Arm Louis The Arm Louis Glad CTC TAC TOG
The Leu Arg Glu Glu Lys Thr Asp Leu Thr Gln Lys Glu Lys Glu Leu Tyr Ser
TAC ACG TGT GGA GTG CTC GAC AAC ATG ATC ATA GAA AGC GAT GAT CTC TCG CTC
Tyr The Cys Gly Val Leu Asp Asn Met Ile Ile Glu Ser Asp Asp Leu Ser Leu
GTC AGA GAT CAT GGA AAA AAG GTT CTG AAA GAA ACG CTC GAA CTC CTC GGT GGA
Val Arg Asp His Gly Lys Lys Val Leu Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
AGA CCA CGG GTT CAA AAC ATC ATG TCG GAG GAT CTG AGA TAC GAG ATC GTC TCG
Arg Pro Arg Val Gln Asn Ile Met Ser Glu Asp Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Val Ser
1566
Ser Gly Thr Leu Ser Gly Asn Val Lys Ile Val Val Asp Table 25 Chu
1620
Tyr His Leu Glu Lys Glu Gly Lys Ser Ser Leu Lys Lys Arg Val Val Lys Arg
THE TAC TIC TAC GAA GAG GGT GAG AGE GAR MORE
ilu Asp Gly Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Tyr Glu Glu Gly Glu Arg Glu ***
we wall was

Figure 10c(Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima 8-mannanese (sept. (669.3)

			9			18									45			54
5,	ATG	GGG	ATT	GGT	GGC	CYC	GAC	TCC	TGG	AGC	CCG	TCA	GTA	TCG	CCC	Gλλ	TTC	CLL
	Mor	Gly	T1.	Gly	Glv	Asp.	Ago	Ser	TXTO	Ser	Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	Ala	Glu	Phe	Leu
	1366	Gry		017	,		,											
			63			72			81			90			99			108
	TTA	TIG	ATC	GTT	GAG	CIC	TCT	TTC	GTT	CTC	TTT	GCA	AGT	CYC	GAG	TIC	CIC	XXX
		Leu		7/-1				Dh.		Low	Dhe	11-	Ser	len	G1.,	Pha	1/-1	
	rea	rea	116	AGT	GIU	Deu	Je.		141	<i></i>			<b>5</b> 62		<b>01</b> 4	-110	441	μys
			117		•	126			135			144		•	153			162
	GTG	GAA	AAC	GGA	λλλ	TTC	GCT	CIG	AAC	GGA	XXX	GAA	TTC	AGA	TTC	ATT	GGA	AGC
							***			63				<b>1</b>	7		<b></b>	
	Val	Glu	ASD	GIĀ	гÃЗ	Pne	VIA	ren	ASI	età	rys	GIU	PAG	Arg	Aug	TTG	GIĀ	Ser
			171			180			189			198			207			216
	AAC	AAC	TAC	TAC	ATG	CYC	TAC	AAG	YCC	AAC	GGA	ATG	ATA	GAC	AGT	GTT	CTG	GAG
		Asn				***						wa-	71-			1/-1		
	,ASD	Asn	TYE	1 <b>y</b> I	BBC	nls	TYE	гЛя	Ser	VRII	GLY	nec	110	ALD.	SEL	AGI	Per	GIU
			225		•	234			243			252			261			270
	agt	GCC	λGλ	GAC	atg	CCT	λTλ	AAG	GIC					CCT	TTC	CIC	GAC	GCC
												710						
	Ser	Ala	Arg	ASD	met	GIY	TTE	гÃа	VAL	Pen	ALG	TIG	, LLD	GTA	PNW	Leu	ASD	Gly,
			279			288			297			306			315			324
	GAG	AGT	TAC	TGC	λGλ	GAC	AAG	AAC	YCC	TAC	ATG	CAT	CCI	GAG	ccc	CCI	CIT	TTC
							*				Wat		Dro		D	01	77-3	Dha
	Glu	Ser	TYI	CAS	VLA	ASD	Lys	ASII	THE	ıyı	nec	nıs	PLO	OT I	PIC	GIĀ	AGT	Phe
			333			342			351			360		•	369			378
	GGG									CAG	AGC	GGT	TIC	GAA	AGA	CTC	GAC	TAC
												C) 20		63				
	GIA	Val	Pro	GIU	GTÅ	TIE	Ser	ABII	LALA	GIH	SET	GIY	rue	41u	AIG	- Derr	Asp	Tyr
			387	,		396	i		405			414			423	i		432
	ACA	GTI	GCC	XXX	CCG	YYY	CY	CIC	GGT	ATA	. AAA	CTI	GTC	λTI	GTI	CIT	GTG	AAC
											7.00	In		T10	1701	·		<b></b>
	TRE	APT	. Ale	rys	. VI	rys	GIU	Lev	r GTA	TTE	. Dys	Deu	, val	TTE	VA.	. veu	Val	Asn
			441			450	)		459	ı		468	1		477	,		486
	AAC	TGC	GAC	CAC	TTC	GG1	. GCN	ATC	S AAC	CAG	TAC	GTG	) AGG	TGG	TT	GGA	. GGA	ACC
	Asn	TEL	AS	ya!	סמע כ	: GI)	GTA	net	. AST	GIL	yz	. 401	· vrc	, AET	, rne	- GTĀ	GTĀ	Thr
			495			504			513			522			53:			540
	CAT	CAC			י דוכ	TAC	: AGA	GA1	r GAG	AAG	ATC	LAA:	CV	CAC	TAC	: AAA	AAG	TAC
	His	HIE	AS)	) A91	> PN€	ועזי	. ATG	, ve	b GTE	LLY	TTE	: nyt	, GT	ı Gil	ı TY	: LYS	гAа	Tyr

Figure 11a

		Tbe.	rmo	to	ga ·	max	111	<b>11.</b>	β-me	DDEI		Ca	<b>200</b> ;	- (c	ont:	inue	a) (	6.GP.
			19				8			67								•
GTC	: TC	C T	T (	TC	GT	1 A A	ים כז	ייי כי	ים יא יצד	0/ Mm h/	~ ~	) D	76		58	5		594
										*1. W(	17	IC AC	G GC	ia Gi	T CC	T TA	C YC	594 G GAA
Val	. Se	r Pì	e I	œu	Va:	l As	n Hi	a V	n ] A:	ים בי	- Th	- m						g Glu
					•					*** **	17 13	r ir	IF G1	y Va	1 Pr	o Ty	r Ar	g Glu
		60	3			61	2		63	21		63				_		
GAG	CC	C AC	C A	TC	ATC	GC	C TC	G (2)	AG CT	er cc	'A AD	ری ص ده	· · ·	~ ~	63	9		648 G GAC
													w	G CG	C TG	T GA	3 YC	GAC
Glu	Pr	o Th	r I	le	Met	: Al	a Tr	D G	lu Le	u Al		n G1			<del>-</del>			Asp
								-				01	u PI	O AT	g cy	5 G1:	: Thi	Asp
		65	7			66	6		67	5		68	4			_		
AAA	TCC	GC	G A	YC	ACC	CI/	C GT	T GA	G TG	GGT	G AA	G GL	a G ba	G 30	99.	3 <b>-</b>		702
						-							- n.	G AG	- 10	C TAC	: AT	\ AAG
Lys	Sea	: G1	λу	5D	The	Le	u Va	1 G1	u Tr	p Va	l Lv	z Gl	u He					Lys
										-	•			- 50	. se	Tyz	IIe	Lys
		71	1			720	)		72	9		73	8		74.	,		
AGT	CIC	GA	TC	CC	AAC	CAC	CI	C GI	G GC	I CIN	GGG	G GA	CGA	A GC	الملمال و المالي و	. Almir.	3.00	756 AAC
																	AGC	AAC
Ser	ren	AS	P P:	ro	yeu	His	Le	y Va	I Al	a Va	GI	y Ası	<b>G</b> 11	a Gly	/ Phe	Dhe.		Asn
																. 2116	SEL	W217
TAC	G) h	76		~		774			78	3		79:	2		801	L		810
	GAA	ساسا	A 17	ıc	<b>AAA</b>	CCI	' TA	: cc	T GG	A GAI	CCC	GAG	TG	GC(	TAC	. yyc	GGC	810 TGG
Tur	Glu	G1:	- 71				·											
-3-	010	GL		16	rys	PTO	נגני	G1;	y Gly	y Gl	ı Ala	Gli	Tr	Ala	Tyz	. Asn	Glv	Trp
		819				828								•	_			
TCC	GGT			· ~	7762	230		. ~	837	, 		846	í		855	i		864
				-		nas		CR	: CM	. 100	KTA ;	CAC	ACC	GTG	GAC	TTC	GGC	ACG
Ser	Gly	Va.	l As	י מו	T'AT	Tare	tac	to										
	_				,	-73	Uy 4	DEC	The	s Ser	TIE	Glu	The	Val	. Asp	Phe	Gly	Thr
		873				882			891									
TTC	CAC	CTC	TA	T (	CCG	TCC	CAC	700	1007			900		AAC	909			918
											MG.	CUA	GAG	AAC	TAT	GCC	CAG	TGG
Phe	His	Leu	Ty	rı	Pro	5er	His	Tre	Glu	Val	Cor	D						
									3		261	PLO	GIU	ASD	Tyr	Ala	Gln	LLD
_		927				936			945			954			063			
GGA (	CCG	AAG	TG	G į	<b>XI</b>	gaa	GAC	CAC	ATA	AAG	ATC	GCA	222	CAC	303			972
															ATC	GGA	AAA	CCC
Gly	Ala	Lys	Tr	p J	Cle	Glu	Asp	His	Ile	Lys	Ile	Ala	Lve	Glas	T3.			
										-			-,-	924	TTG	GTA	гÃа	Pro
	-	981		_		990			999			1008			1017			006
GTT (	GTT	CLG	GA	N G	AA	TAT	GGA	ATT	CCA	AAG	AGT	GCG	CCA	GIT	AAC	lc)	1	.026
1/-1																	4CG	<b></b>
Val \	AST	Leu	GĮ	u G	ilu '	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ser	λla	Pro	Val	Asp	lra	The	 >)-
																+ A	• • • • •	<b>~1</b> 4
ATC 0		035			1	044		:	1053		1	1062		1	1071		1	080
ATC 1			CT(	- 7	GG /	AAC	GAT	CTG	CIC	TAC	GAT	CTC	GGT	GGA	GAT	GGA I	GCG _	ATG
Ile 7	. , .	~T 13	red (	T	TP A	ren	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	<b>As</b> p	Leu	Gly	Gly	Asp	Gly .	Ala	Met

Figure 11b(Continued)

Thermotoga maritima β-mannanese (mag) (continued) (6 6 P2)
(med) (continued) (6 GP2)
1089 1098 1107 TTC TGG ATG CTC GCG GGA ATC CCG GN ATC C
TTC TGG ATG CTC GCG GGA ATC GGG GAA GGT TCG GAC AGA GAC GAG AGA GGG TAC
Pho The State of the GAC AGA GAC GAG AGA GAG TAG
Phe Trp Met Leu Ala Gly Ile Gly Glu Gly Ser Asp Arg Acc Gl
1143 CEL Arg Gly Tvr
TAT CCG GAC TAC CRG GAT 1170
TAT CCG GAC TAC GAC GGT TTC AGA ATA GTG AAC GAC GAC AGT CCA GAA GCG GAA  TYY Pro Asp Tyy Asp Gly Pho Assault
Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Asp Gly Phe Arg Ile Val Asn Asp Asp Ser Pro Glu Ala Glu
and Ash Asp Asp Ser Pro Glu Ala Clu
1197 1206 1215
CTG ATA AGA GAA TAC GCG AAG CTG TTC AAC ACA GGT GAA GAC ATA AGA GAA GAC Leu Ile Arg Glu Tyr Ala Inn
Leu Ile Arg Glu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn Thr Gly Glu Agn Ti
and are Giu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn Thr Clu Clu
1251
ACC TGC TCT TTC 1260 1269 1278
1287 1296
ACC TGC TCT TTC ATC CTT CCA AAA GAC GGC ATG GAG ATC AAA AAG ACC GTG GAA  Thr Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Pro Lys Asp Gly Met Gly Tle Town
Thr Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Pro Lys Asp Gly Met Glu Ile Lys Lys Thr Val Glu
1305 1314 1323
GTG AGG GCT GGT GTT TTC GAG TAGE 1332 1341
GTG AGG GCT GGT GTT TTC GAC TAC AGC AAC ACG TTT GAA AAG TTG TCT GTC AAA  Val Arg Ala Gly Val Bho and AGG TTC GAA AAG TTG TCT GTC AAA
Val Arg Ala Gly Val Phe Arp Tyr Son has a Transaction of the Ara Transaction of the Araba Transa
of Ser Ash Thr Phe Glu Lys Leu Ser Val Ly
1359 1368 4377
GTC GAA GAT CTG GTT TTT GAA AAT GAG ATA GAG CAT CTC GGA TAC GGA ATT TAC  Val Glu Asp Leu Val Pho Clu Asp Car CTC GGA TAC GGA ATT TAC
Val Glu Asp Leu Val Phe Glu Asn Glu Ile Glu Be
Val Glu Asp Leu Val Phe Glu Asn Glu Ile Glu His Leu Gly Tyr Gly Ile Tyr
1411 1422
GGC TTT GAT CTC GAC ACA ACC CGG ATC CCG GAT GGA GAA CAT GAA ATG TTC CTT Gly Phe Asp Leu App The Ti
1458
Gly Phe Asp Leu Asp The State of the State o
Gly Phe Asp Leu Asp Thr Thr Arg Ile Pro Asp Gly Glu His Glu Met Phe Leu
1467 1476 148E
GAA GGC CAC TIT CAG GGA AAA ACG GTG AAA GAC TCT ATC AAA GCG AAA GTG GTG Glu Gly His Phe Glo Glo Clo Company
THE STO AND GAC TOT ATC AND GCG AND GTG GTG
Glu Gly His Phe Gln Gly Lys Thr Val Lys Asp Ser Ile Lys Ala Lys Val Val
val bys Asp Ser Ile Lys Ala Lys Val Val
1521 1530 1539 1546
AAC GAA GCA CGG TAC GTG CTC GCA GAG GAA CTT CAT TTT TCC TCT CCA GAA GAG ASIN Glu Ala Arg Tyr Val You had a company to the comp
ASD GIV ALL AND THE TOTAL COA GAA GAG
Asn Glu Ala Arg Tyr Val Leu Ala Glu Glu Val Asp Phe Server
1676 Ser Pro Glu Glu
GTG AAA AAC TGG TGG AAC AGC GGA ACC TGG CAG GCA GAG TTC GGG TCA CCT GAC  Val Lys Asn Trp Trp Ass Seconds
100 AND AGC GGA ACC TGG CAG GCA GAG TTV COO
Val Lys Asn Trp Trp Asn Ser Clar
Val Lys Asn Trp Trp Asn Ser Gly Thr Trp Gln Ala Glu Phe Gly Ser Pro Asp
July Pro Asp

Figure 110 (Continued)

1629 1638 1647 1656 1665 1665 1674  ATT GAA TGG AAC GGT GAG GTG GGA AAT GGA GCA CTG CAG CTG AAC GTG AAA CTG  Ile Glu Trp Asn Gly Glu Val Gly Asn Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Asn Val Lys Leu  1683 1692 1701 1710 1719 1728  CCC GGA AAG AGC GAC TGG GAA GAA GTO AGA GTA GCA AGG AAG TTC GAA AGA CTC  Pro Gly Lys Ser Asp Trp Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Phe Glu Arg Leu  1737 1746 1755 1764 1773 1782  TCA GAA TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC  Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu  1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836  AAG GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC  Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890  CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCC AAC GTT GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA  Leu Asp Het Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA CCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GAT GGA CCG ATT  Lys Glu Leu His Ile Gly Val Val Gly Asp His Leu Arg Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile	-	Thermotoge	maritime	β-mannase	(See)	(continued) (6602
1683 1692 1701 1710 1719 1728  CCC GGA AAG AGC GAC TGG GAA GAA GTG AGA GTA GCA AGG AAG TTC GAA AGA CTC  Pro Gly Lys Ser Asp Trp Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Phe Glu Arg Leu  1737 1746 1755 1764 1773 1782  TCA GAA TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC  Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu  1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836  AAG GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC  Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890  CTC GAC ATG AAC ACC GCG AAC GTT GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA  Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 - 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGD GGG TAC GAT GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGD GGT GAA GGA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GGT GG	ATT GA	A TGG AAC (	1638 GT GAG GTG	1647 GGA AAT GGA GCA	1656 CTG CAG	1665 1674
Pro Gly Lys Ser Asp Trp Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Phe Glu Arg Leu  1737 1746 1755 1764 1773 1782  TCA GAA TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC  Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu  1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836  AAG GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC  Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTT GAA AGT GGG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA  Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 . 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998	Ile G1	d TIP ASD (	Sly Glu Val	Gly Asn Gly Ala	Leu Gln	Leu Asn Val Lys Lou
1737 1746 1755 1764 1773 1782  TCA GAA TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC  Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu  1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836  AAG GCA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC  Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTT GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA  Leu Asp Het Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 . 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGT	CCC CC:			CIA NEW CIA	GCA AGG A	AG TIN GAL AGE
TCA GAA TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC  Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu  1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836  AAG GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC  Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890  CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTT GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA  Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 - 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA CGA	Pro Gl	rha ser Y	sp Trp Glu	Glu Val Arg Val	Ala Arg I	ys Phe Glu Arg Leu
1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836  AAG GCA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890  CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GT GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 - 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GCG	TCA GAI	TGT GAG A	TC CTC GAG	THE ONE NIC TYC	ATT CCA A	AC GTC GAG CON
Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly  1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890  CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTT GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA  Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 . 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GCG	Ser GI	CAR GIN I	le Leu Glu	Tyr Asp Ile Tyr	Ile Pro A	sn Val Glu Gly Len
1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890 CTC GAC ATG AAC ACC GCC AAC GTC GAA ACT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly 1899 - 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944 AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GGT GGT			is one the	ere ell cle yyc	CCC GGC IV	GG GTG AAG ATA CCC
Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly  1899 - 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GGG	-12 GIA	Arg Leu Ar 1845	TY Pro Tyr ,	Lla Val Leu Asn	Pro Gly To	rp Val Lys Ile Gly
1899 - 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944  AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG  Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GGT				GAA AGT GCG	gag atc at	C ACT TY CCC CCC
Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val  1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998  AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GGT	4	.899 _	1000	or ord ser Ala	ern lie Il	e Thr Phe Gly Gly
AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA GGA GGA GGA GGA GGA GGA GGA GGA				THE MAN NIT GAG	LLC CYC YC	A ACA GOS GOS GOS
THE STATE OF CAT CAT CAG TAC GAT GGA CON	1	<b>953</b>	1863			
or val Gly Asp His ton ham m	Lys Glu		- our GIT G	IC GGT GAT CAT C	TG AGG TA	C GAT GGS COS TAG
400/ 201¢	- 4	JU 7	384 C			
TTC ATC GAT AAT GTG AGA CTT TAT AAA AGA ACA GGA GGT ATG TGA 3'  Phe Ile Asp Asn Val Arg Leu Tyr Lys Arg Thr Gly Gly Met ***		wer war Gig	AGA CTT TA	IT AAA AGA ACA G	GA GGT ATY	3 TGA 3'

Figure 11d (Continued)

### ABPII im β-mannosidase (63GB1)

9
5' ATG CTA CCA GAA CAG
5' ATG CTA CCA GAA GAG TTC CTA TGG GGC GTT GGG CAG TCA GGC TTT CAG TTC GAA
Met Leu Pro Glu Glu Phe Leu Tre Glu vi
Het Leu Pro Glu Glu Phe Leu Trp Gly Val Gly Gln Ser Gly Phe Gln Phe Glu
63 72 81 PA
ATO CGC GAC AAG CTC AGG AGG CAC ATC GAT CCA AAT ACC CO. 99
ATG GGC GAC AAG CTC AGG AGG CAC ATC GAT CCA AAT ACC GAC TGG TGG AAG TGG
Met Gly Asp Lys Leu Arg Arg His Ile Asp Pro Asn Thr Asp Trp Trp Lys Trp
117 126 136 136
GTT CGC GAT CCT TTC AAC ATA AAA AAG GAG CTT GTG AGT GGG GAC CTT CCC GAG
Value of the control
Val Arg Asp Pro Phe Asn Ile Lys Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Gly Asp Leu Pro Glu
GAC GGC ATC AAC AAC TAC GAA CTT TIT GAA AAC GAT CAC AAG CTC GCT AAA GGC
THE GAR CTT TIT GAR AND GAT CAC ANG CTC GCT AND COO
Asp Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Glu Leu Phe Glu Asn
Asp Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Glu Leu Phe Glu Asn Asp His Lys Leu Ala Lys Gly
CTT GGA CTC AAC GCA TAC AGG ATT GGA ATA GAG TGG AGC AGA ATC TTT CCC TGG
Leu Gly Leu Asn Ala Tor Are The Color Tor
Leu Gly Leu Asm Ala Tyr Arg Ile Gly Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Trp
279 288 297 30s
CCG ACG TGG ACG GTC GAT ACC GAG GTC GAG TTC GAC ACT TAC GGT TTA GTA AAG
Pro The Tro Thr Val Age
Pro Thr Trp Thr Val Asp Thr Glu Val Glu Phe Asp Thr Tyr Gly Leu Val Lys
GAC GTT ANG ATA GAC ANG TCC ACC CTT GTT GAA GEO 369 378
GAC GTT AAG ATA GAC AAG TCC ACC CTT GCT GAA CTC GAC AGG CTG GCC AAC AAG
Asp Val Lys Ile Asp Lys Ser Thr Leu Ala Glu Leu Asp Arg Leu Ala Asn Lys
387 396 405
GAG GAG GTA ATG TAC TAC AGG CGC CTT ATT CO. 414 423 437
GAG GAG GTA ATG TAC TAC AGG CGC GTT ATT CAG CAT TTG AGG GAG CTC GGC TTC
Glu Glu Val Met Tyr Tyr Arg Arg Val Ile Gln His Leu Arg Glu Leu Gly Phe
441 450
AAG GTC TTC GTT AAC CTC AAC CT
ANG GTC TTC GTT ANC CTC ANC CAC TTC ACG CTT CCA ATA TGG CTC CAC GAC CCG
Lys Val Phe Val Asn Leu Asn His Pho The
Lys Val Phe Val Asn Leu Asn His Phe Thr Leu Pro Ile Trp Leu His Asp Pro
495 504 513 522
ATA GTG GCA AGG GAG AAG GCC CTC ACA AAC GAC AGA ATC GGC TGG GTC TCC CAG
Ile Val Ala Arg Glu Lys Ala Leu Thr Asn Asp Arg Ile Gly Trp Val Ser Gln
Let The Ash Asp Arg Ile Gly Trp Val Sar Gla
var ser din

Figure 120.

### AMPII la β-mannosidase (63GB1) (continued)

		54	9		55	Ω		6.6	••			_						
AGG	) AC	A GT	T GT	T GA	ידי מידי	o Troco	~ A.A.	56 2 m	"/ m ~~		57	6		58	5		594 ⊆ GGA	
									T GC	r GC	T TA	CATO	GC(	C CX	r GC	3 CT	C GGA	
λrg	Th:	r Va	l Va	ı Ġı	u Ph	e Al	a Lv:	a Tv									Gly	
							- <b>-</b> .	,		2 VT	a Ty	r Ile	a XI	a His	s Ala	Le	g Gly	
		60	3		61.	2		62	1		630	3		c > .				
GAC	CI	CTY	3 GA	C YC	A TG	3 AGG	: ACC	T	- C AAG	: GN	L CC	o Parko	. C481	. 63	, 		648 CTC	
														. 017	GI	i GA	CIC	
veb	Lat	ı Va	l As <sub>i</sub>	) Th	r Tr	Sex	Thi	Ph	e Asi	ı Glı	ı Pro	Met	Val	Val	17-1		Leu	
														. va.	. AG1	GIL	1 Leu	
		65			666	ş		67	5		684	ı		693			707	
GGC	TAC	: CI	: GC	: cc	C TAC	: דט	ccs	TI	r ccc	: ccc	GGJ	GTC	ATC	AAC		· Gar	702 GCC	
Glas	~															-	000	
GTA	TY	Let	1 YTS	l Pro	о Туг	Sez	. CJ <sup>2</sup>	Pho	2 Pro	Pro	Gly	. Val	Met	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ala	
		711															. nza	
GCG	AAG	, T.1	: c~	~	720			729	)		738	Ì		747	•		756	
						AAC	ATG	AT	N AAC	CCC	CAC	CCC	TTG	GCA	TAT	λλG	756 ATG	
Ala	Lve	Lev	Ala	T14	Lan	200	No.											
					- 24	, van	MAC	114	ASD	YIS	His	Ala	Leu	λla	Tyr	Lys	Met	
•		765			774			797			700							
ATA	AAG	AGG	TTC	GAC	ACC	AAG	AAG	COT	Car.	CAG	792			801			810	
Ile	Lys	Arg	Phe	λερ	Thr	Lys	Lvs	λla	Ann	G) u	) and	Ca-	7					
						_	•					act	PÅS	Ser	Pro	λla	Asp	
		819			828			837			846			855			054	
GIT	GGC	ATA	ATT	TAC	AAC	AAC	ATC	GGT	GTT	GCC	TAC	CCT	AAA	622	CCT	110	804	
Val	GIA	Ile	Ile	Tyr	yen	Yeu	Ile	Gly	Val	Ala	Tyr	Pro	Lys	λsp	Pro	Am	len	
						•							_		-40		برد،	
CCC	8 8 6	873	~		882			891			900			909			91R	
ccc .			GFF	AAA	GCA	GCC	GYY	YYC	GAC	AAC	TAC	TTC	CAC	AGC	GGA	CTG	TTC	
Pro	Lvs	Asn	Val	Lare	11-	11-												
Pro				-75	UTO	VTG	GTR	ASI	qaa	Asn	Tyr	Phe	His	Ser	Gly	Leu	Phe	
		927			936			915										
TTT	GAT	GCC	ATC	CAC	λAG	GGT	AAG	CAC	אאר	2772	954	mmo		963			972	
Phe ;	λsp	Ala	Ile	His	Lys	Gly	Lys	Leu	Asn	Tle	G)	Dha	A					
						-	-				924	r ne	vab	GIY	GT#	Asn	Phe	
										_			_					
-		981			990			999		1	.COB		7	017		_	886	
GTA A		981	AGA	CYC	990 CTA	አአአ	GGC	999 Aat	GAC	TGG	800. ATA	GGC	CTC	.017 AAC	TAG	1	026	
GTA A		981 GTT			CTA		GGC	AAT		TGG	ATA		CTC	AAC				
		981 GTT			CTA		GGC	AAT		TGG	ATA		CTC	AAC				
GTA A	Lys	981 GTT  Val		His	CTA  Leu		GCC GCC	AAT  Asn		TGG	ATA		CTC	AAC				
Val 1	AAA  Lys	981 GTT Val	Arg	His 1	CTA Leu	Lys	GCC	TAA  Aan	Asp	TGG Trp	ATA Ile	Gly	CTC Leu	AAC  Asn	Tyr '	Tyr	Thr	
Val 1	AAA  Lys	981 GTT Val	Arg	His 1	CTA Leu	Lys	GCC	TAA  Aan	Asp	TGG Trp	ATA Ile	Gly	CTC Leu	AAC  Asn	Tyr '	Tyr	Thr	
	Lys Lys SAG	981 GTT Val 035 GTT	Arg GTT	His J Aga	CTA Leu LO44 TAT	Lys	GCC Gly L	AAT Aan 053 CCC	Asp	TGG TTP	Ile 062 CCA	Gly AGT	CTC  Leu 1 ATA	AAC Asn 071 CCC	LAL .	Tyr 1	Thr 080	

Figure 12b(Continued)

# ABPII la $\beta$ -mannosidase (63QB1) (continued)

(Continued)
TTC AAG GGC GTT CCC AAC TAC GGC TAC TCC TGC AGG CCC GGC ACG ACC TCC GCC  Phe Lys Gly Val Pro Agg To Cl
1143
Asp Gly Met Pro Val Ser Asp Ile Gly Trp Glu Val TVF Pro Gla Co
GAC TCG ATA GTC GAG GCC ACC AAG TAC AGT GTT GCT GTT TAG 1213
1251 1260 1269 1278 1287 1287 1287
1305
1305 1314 1323 1332 1341 1350 TCA AAG ATA GAG GAA GCC ATT GAG AAT GGA TAC CCC GTA AAA GGC TAC ATG TAC Ser Lys Ile Glu Glu Ala Ile Glu Asn Gly Tyr Pro Val Lys Gly Tyr Met Tyr
TGG GCG CTT ACG GAT AAC TAC GAG TGG GCC CTC GGC TTC ACG LATE ACG L
1413
Leu Tyr Lys Val Asp Leu Ile Ser Lys Glu Arg Ile Pro Arg Glu Acc GTT
GAG ATA TAT CGC AGG ATA GTG CAG TCC AAC GGT GTT CCT AAC GTT CC
Glu Ile Tyr Arg Arg Ile Val Gln Ser Asn Gly Val Pro Lys Asp Ile Lys Glu  1521 1530 1539  GAG TTC CTG AAG GGT GAG GAG AAA TGA 3
Glu Phe Leu Lys Gly Glu Glu Lys

Figure 12C(Continued)

### OC1/4V Endoglacanase (33GP1)

9 18 27
5' ATG GTA GAA AGA CAC TTC AGA TAT GTT CTT ATT TGC ACC CTG TTT CTT GTT ATC
Met Val Glu Arg His Day
Met Val Glu Arg His Pha Arg Tyr Val Leu Ile Cys Thr Leu Phe Leu Val Met
63 72 81 80
CTC CTA ATC TCA TCC ACT CAG TGT GGA AAA AAT GAA CCA AAC AAA AGA GTG AAT
Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Thr Gln Cys Gly Lys Asn Glu Pro Asn Lys Arg Val Asn
the Cys Giy Lys Asn Glu Pro Asn Lys Arg Val Asn
AGC ATG GAA CAG TO COM 135 144 155
AGC ATG GAA CAG TCA GTT GCT GAA AGT GAT AGC AAC TCA GCA TTT GAA TAC AAC
Ser Met Glu Gln Ser Val Ala Glu Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Ala Phe Glu Tyr Asp
AAA ATG GTA GGT AAA GGA GTA AAT ATT GGA AAT GCT TTA GAA GCT CCT TTC GAA
AAT ANT GGA AAT GCT TTA GAA GCT CCT TTC GAA
Lys Met Val Gly Lys Gly Val Asn Ile Gly Asn Ala Leu Glu Ala Pro Phe Glu
GGA GCT TGG GGA GTA AGA ATT GAG GAT GAA TAT TTT GAG ATA ATA
GIV ALS THE CLU WILL BE SEEN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
Gly Ala Trp Gly Val Arg Ile Glu Asp Glu Tyr Phe Glu Ile Ile Lys Lys Arg
GGA TTT GAT TCT GTT AGG ATT CCC ATA AGA TGG TCA GCA CAT ATA TCC GAA AAG
Gly Phe Asp Ser Val And The Control of the CAT ATA TOC GAA AAG
Gly Phe Asp Ser Val Arg Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Ser Ale His Ile Ser Glu Lys
378
Pro Pro Tyr Asp Ile Asp Arg Asp Pho Israel
Pro Pro Tyr Asp Ile Asp Arg Asn Phe Leu Glu Arg Val Asn His Val Val Asp
AGG GCT CTT GAG AAT AAT TTA ACA GTA ATC ATC AAT ACG CAC CAT TTT GAA GAA
Arg Ala Leu Glu Asn Asn Leu Thr Val Ile Ile Asn Thr His His Phe Glu Glu
CTC TAT CAA GAA CCG GAT AAA TAC GCC CLD COM
CTC TAT CAA GAA CCG GAT AAA TAC GGC GAT GTT TTG GTG GAA ATT TGG AGA CAG
Leu Tyr Gln Glu Pro Asp Lys Tyr Gly Asp Val Leu Val Glu Ile Trp Arg Gln
ATT GCA AAA TTC TTT AAA GAT TAC CCG GAA AAT CTG TTC TTT GAA ATC TAC AAC
The Ale Lue Dhe Dhe The
Ile Ala Lys Phe Phe Lys Asp Tyr Pro Glu Asn Leu Phe Phe Glu Ile Tyr Asn

Figure 130.

9C1/AV
OC1/4V Endoglucanase (33GP1) (continued) 549 558 567 576
GAG CCT GCT CAG AAC TTG ACA GCT GAA AAA TGG AAC GCA 585 594
Glu Pro Ala Gln Asn Leu Thr Ala Glu Lys Trp Asn Ala Leu Tyr Pro Lys Val
603 612 621 630 630
CTC AAA GTT ATC AGG GAG AGC AAT CCA ACC CGG ATT GTC ATT ATC GAT GCT CCA
Leu Lys Val Ile and Civilla Land Civilla Con Con
Leu Lys Val Ile Arg Glu Ser Asn Pro Thr Arg Ile Val Ile Ile Asp Ala Pro
657 666 675 684 693
AAC TGG GCA CAC TAT AGC GCA GTG AGA AGT CTA AAA TTA GTC AAC GAC AAA CGC
Asn Trp Ale His Tor Con 12
Asn Trp Ala His Tyr Ser Ala Val Arg Ser Leu Lys Leu Val Asn Asp Lys Arg
ATC ATT GTT TCC TTC CAT TAC TAC GAA CCT TTC AAA TTC ACA CAT CAG GGT GCC
Ile Ile Val Say pho W.
Ile Ile Val Sar Phe His Tyr Tyr Glu Pro Phe Lys Phe Thr His Gln Gly Ala
GAA TGG GTT AAT CCC ATC CCA CCT GTT AGG GTT AAG TGG AAT GGC GAG GAA TGG
Glu Trp Val Asp Bro 71-
Glu Trp Val Asn Pro Ile Pro Pro Val Arg Val Lys Trp Asn Gly Glu Glu Trp
GAN ATT AAC CAN ATC AGN AGT CAT TTC ANA TAC GTG AGT GAC TGG GCA AAG CAN
Glu Ile Asn Gln Ile Arn Gen Ille
Glu Ile Asn Gln Ile Arg Ser His Phe Lys Tyr Val Ser Asp Trp Ala Lys Gln
AAT AAC GTA CCA ATC TTT CTT GGT GAA TTC GGT GCT TAT TCA AAA GCA GAC ATG
Asn Asn Val Pro Ile Phe Leu Gly Glu Phe Gly Ala Tyr Ser Lys Ala Asp Het
oly old the Gly Ala Tyr Ser Lys Ala Asp Met
GAC TCA AGG GTT AAG TGG ACC GAA AGT GTG AGA AAA ATG GCG GAA GAA TTT GGA
Asp Ser Arg Val Lys Trp Thr Glu Ser Val Arg Lys Met Ala Glu Glu Phe Gly
age:
TOTAL TOT GCA GGA TTT GGC AND TOTAL
Phe Ser Tyr Ala Tyr Trp Glu Phe Cys Ala Gly Phe Gly Ile Tyr Asp Arg Trp
1035 1044
TCT CAA AAC TOC AND CALL 1053 1062 1033
TCT CAA AAC TOG ATC GAA CCA TTG GCA ACA GCT GTG GTT GGC ACA GGC AAA GAG Ser Gln Asn Trp Ile Glu Pro Leu Ala man and and and and and and and and and a
Ser Gln Asn Trp Ile Glu Pro Leu Ala Thr Ala Val Val Gly Thr Gly Lys Glu
TAA 3'
***

Figure 13b(Continued)

## Thermotoga maritima Pullulanase (6GP3)

5' ATG GAT CTT ACA AAG GTG GGG ATC ATA GTG AGG CTG AAC GAG TGG CAG GCA AAA
Met Asp Leu Thr Lys Val Gly Ile Ile Val Arg Leu Asn Glu Trp Gln Ala Lys
63 72 81
CAC GTG GCA AAA GAC AGG TTC ATA GAG ATA AAA GAC GGA AAG GCT GAA GTG TGG
Asp Val Ala Lys Asp Arg Phe The Court
Asp Val Ala Lys Asp Arg Phe Ile Glu Ile Lys Asp Gly Lys Ala Glu Val Trp
ATA CTC CAG GGA GTG GAA GAG ATT TTC TAC GAA AAA CCA GAC ACA TCT CCC AGA
Ile Leu Glm Gly Val Glu Glu Ile Phe Tyr Glu Lys Pro Asp Thr Ser Pro Arg
171 180 189 198 207
ATC TTC TTC GCA CAG GCA AGG TCG AAC AAG GTG ATC GAG GCT TTT CTG ACC AAT
Ile Phe Phe Ala Gln Ala Arg Ser Asn Lys Val Ile Glu Ala Phe Leu Thr Asn
CCT GTG GAT ACG AAA AAG AAA GAA CTC TTC AAG GTT ACT GTT GAC GGA AAA GAG
Pro Val Asp Thr Lys Lys Glu Leu Phe Lys Val Thr Val Asp Gly Lys Glu
THE COL GIVE TOA AGA GITG GAA AAG GCC GAT CCC ACG GAC ATA CAG
Ile Pro Val Ser Arg Val Glu Lys Ala Asp Pro Thr Asp Ile Asp Val Thr Asn
333 342 353
TAC GTG AGA ATC GTC CTT TCT GAA TCC CTG AAA GAA GAA GAA GAC CTC AGA AAA GAC
Tyr Val Arg Ile Val Leu Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys Glu Glu Asp Leu Arg Lys Asp
GTG GAA CTG ATC ATA GAA GGT TAC AAA CCG GCA AGA GTC ATC ATG ATG GAG ATC
Val Glu Leu Ile Ile Glu Gly The International State ATC ATC ATC ATC
Val Glu Leu Ile Ile Glu Gly Tyr Lys Pro Ala Arg Val Ile Met Met Glu Ile
CTG GAC GAC TAC TAT TAC GAT GGA GAG CTC GGA GCC GTA TAT TCT CCA GAG AAG
Leu Asp Asp Tor The Day of the Cold GAG AAG
Leu Asp Asp Tyr Tyr Asp Gly Glu Leu Gly Ala Val Tyr Ser Pro Glu Lys
495 504 513 522 531 540
ACG ATA TTC AGA GTC TGG TCC CCC GTT TCT AAG TGG GTA AAG GTG CTT CTC TTC
Thr Ile Phe Arg Val Trp Ser Pro Val Ser Lys Trp Val Lys Val Leu Leu Phe

Figure 14a

Thermotoga maritime Pullulanese (5GP3) (continued)
549 '
AAA AAC GGA GAA GAC ACA GAA CCG TAC CAG GTT GTG AAC ATG GAA TAC AAG GGA
594
THE
Lys Asn Gly Glu Asp Thr Glu Pro Tyr Gln Val Val Asn Het Glu Tyr Lys Gly
The Tyr Gin Val Ash Met Glu Tyr Live Chin
AAC GGG GTC TGG GAA GCG GTT GTT GAA GGC GAT CTC GAC GGA GTG TTC TAC CTC
648
THE
Ash Gly Val Trp Glu Ala Val Val Glu Gla
Asn Gly Val Trp Glu Ala Val Val Glu Gly Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Phe Tyr Leu
TAT CAG CTG GAA AAC TAC GGA AAG ATC AGA ACA ACC GTC GAT CCT TAT TCG AAA
702
The same of the sa
Tyr Gin Leu Glu Asn Tyr Gly Lvs Tie Ass mba ma
Tyr Gin Leu Glu Asn Tyr Gly Lys Ile Arg Thr Thr Vel Asp Pro Tyr Ser Lys
GCG GTT TAC GCB ANG G13 G13 729 738 747 756
GCG GTT TAC GCA AAC CAA GAG AGC GCC GTT GTG AAT CTT GCC AGG ACA AAC
Ala Val man ala
Tyr Ala Asn Asn Gln Glu Ser Ala Val Val Land
Ala Val Tyr Ala Asn Asn Gln Glu Ser Ala Val Val Asn Leu Ala Arg Thr Asn
/A% 98 A
CCA GAA GGA TGG GAA AAC GAC ACG GGA 792 801 810
CCA GAA GGA TGG GAA AAC GAC AGG GGA CCG AAA ATC GAA GGA TAC GAA GAC GCG
Pro Glu Gly Tro Glu Am Care
Pro Glu Gly Trp Glu Asn Asp Arg Gly Pro Lys Ile Glu Gly Tyr Glu Asp Ala
819 ero
817 828 837 846 ATT
ATA ATC TAT GAA ATA CAC ATA GCG GAC ATC ACA GGA CTC GAA AAC TCC GGG GTA
THE GAR AND THE GGG GTA
ile ile Tyr Glu ile Ris ile Ala len ile Ris ile ala len ile Ris ile Ri
Ile Ile Tyr Glu Ile His Ile Ala Asp Ile Thr Gly Leu Glu Asn Ser Gly Val
· #7.5 Ann
AAA AAC AAA GGC CTC TOT 891 900 909 010
AAA AAC AAA GGC CTC TAT CTC GGG CTC ACC GAA GAA AAC ACG AAA GGA CCG GGC
LVE APP ING CLU .
by Gly Leu Tyr Leu Gly Leu Thr Glu Gly Acc The
Lys Asn Lys Gly Leu Tyr Leu Gly Leu Thr Glu Glu Asn Thr Lys Gly Pro Gly
92/ R3 <i>e</i>
GGT GTG ACA ACA GGC CTT TCG CAC CTT GTG GAA CTC GGT GTT ACA CAC GTT CAT
THE GAA CTC GGT GTT ACA CAC GTT CAT
Gly Val Thr Thr Gly Leu Ser His Leu Val Glu Leu Gly Val Thr His Val His
Jes Ser His Leu Val Glu Leu Gly Val Thr His Wal Wil
481 AAA
ATA CTT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT
1026
ATA CTT CCT TTC TTT GAT TTC TAC ACA GGC GAC GAA CTC GAT AAA GAT TTC GAG
and Pro Phe Phe Asp Phe Tyr Thr Clu has Clu
Ile Leu Pro Phe Phe Asp Phe Tyr Thr Gly Asp Glu Leu Asp Lys Asp Phe Glu
AAG TAC TAC AAC TGG GGT TAC CAR 1062 1071 1080
AAG TAC TAC AAC TGG GGT TAC GAT CCT TAC CTG TTC ATG GTT CCG GAG GGC AGA
Lys TVT TVF Ass many as
Lys Tyr Asn Trp Gly Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Leu Phe Het Val Pro Glu Gly Arg
The net val Pro Glu Gly Arg
Figure 14h/Continue

Figure 14b(Continued)

### thermotoga maritima Pullulanasa (6GP3) (Continue)

Full lenge (6GP3) (continued)
I (IMO
1089 1098 1107 1116 1125
TITLE CEA CAC ACG AGA ATC AGA CAR ATC
Tyr Ser Thr Asp Pro Lys Asn Pro His Thr Arg Ile Arg Glu Val Lys Glu Het
The Lys Ash Pro His Thr Arg Ile Arg Glu Val
1143 1152
GTC AAA GCC CTT CAC AAA GCC TT CAC AAA AAA AAA GCC TT CAC AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AA
1188
GTC AAA GCC CTT CAC AAA CAC GGT ATA GGT GTG ATT ATG GAC ATG GTG TTC CCT
and his Lys His Gly Ile Gly Val Ile Mer ham Val
Val Lys Ala Leu His Lys His Gly Ile Gly Val Ile Met Asp Met Val Phe Pro
1242
CAC ACC TAC GGT ATA GGC GAA CTC TCT GCG TTC GAT CAG ACG GTG CCG TAC TAC
Tyr Gly Ile Gly Glu Leu Ser Ala Phe Asp Gla mban and
His Thr Tyr Gly Ile Gly Glu Leu Ser Ala Phe Asp Gln Thr Val Pro Tyr Tyr  1251 1260
1251 1260 1269 1278
TTC TAC AGA ATC GAC AAG ACA GGT GCC TAT TTG AAC GAA AGC GGA TGT GGT AAC  Phe TVE ATC II. A TO THE ATC THE ATC THE ATC GAT AGC GGA TGT GGT AAC
Phe Tyr Arg Ile Asp Lys Thr Gly Ala Tyr Lew Acc GAA AGC GGA TGT GGT AAC
and the Asp Lys Thr Gly Ala Tyr Leu Asp Gly Son of
Phe Tyr Arg Ile Asp Lys Thr Gly Ala Tyr Leu Asn Glu Ser Gly Cys Gly Asn
GTC ATC GCA AGC GAA AGA CCC ATG ATG AGA AAA TTC ATA GTC GAT ACC GTC ACC
Val Ile Ala Ser all
Val Ile Ala Ser Glu Arg Pro Met Net Arg Lys Phe Ile Val Asp Thr Val Thr
1359 1368
TAC TGG GTA AAG GAG TAT CAC ATA GAC GGA TTC AGG TTC GAT CAG ATG GGT CTC
THE ATA GAC GGA TIC AGG TIC CAME CASE
Tyr Trp Val Lys Glu Tyr His Ile Asp Gly Phe Ary Phe Asp Gln Mer Gly Leu
Typ Gid Tyr His Ile Asp Gly Phe Arg Phe Asp Cla
1413 1422
ATC GAC AAA AAG ACA ATG CTG CIL 1440 1449 1450
1458
Ile Asp Lys Lys Thr Met Leu Glu Val Glu Arg Ala Leu His Lys Ile Asp Pro
by the net Leu Glu Val Glu Arg Ala Leu His Law Tla
ACT ATC ATT CTC TAC GGC GAA CCG TGG GGT GGA TGG GGA GCG ATC AGG TTT Thr Ile Ile Leu Tar Clu Tag Gla TGG GGA GGA CCG ATC AGG TTT
1512
Thr Ile Ile Leu Tyr Gly Glu Pro Trp Gly Gly Trp Gly Ala Pro Ile Arg Phe
Ty Gly Gly Fro Trp Gly Gly Ala Pro Tie
1521 1530 1530
GGA AAG AGC GAT GTC GCC ACC 1539 1548 1557
1566
Gly Lys Ser Asp Val Ala Gly Thr His Val Ala Ala Phe Asn Asp Glu Phe Arg
THE HIS Val Ala Ala Phe Asn Asn Church
1575 1584 Arg
GAC GCA ATTA ACC COMP. 1593 1602 1602
The same was a same and same a
Asp Ala Ile Arg Gly Ser Val Phe Asn Pro Ser Val Lys Gly Phe Val Het Gly
val Phe Asn Pro Ser Val Lys Gly Pho Val
rie val het Gly

Figure 14C(Continued)

## Thermotoga maritima Pullulanase (6GP3) (continued)

,
1629 1638 1647
1629 1638 1647 1656 1665 1674 GGA TAC GGA AAG GAA ACC AAG ATC AAA AGG GGT GTT GGA AGC ATA AAC TAC
ATT AND ATT AND ATT AND THE AND THE AND THE
GIV The Classics and
The City bys Giu The Lys Ile Lys Arg Giv Wal Wal City
Gly Tyr Gly Lys Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Arg Gly Val Val Gly Ser Ile Asn Tyr
1683 1602 1000
GAC GGA AAA CTC ATC AAA AGT TTC GCC CTT GAT CCA GAA GAA ACT ATA AAC TAC
THE MAN AGT THE GCC CTT GAT CCA GAA GAA ACT AND ALLE
And Clare
ASP GIY Lys Leu Ile Lys Ser Phe Ala Leu Asp Dro Clare
Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Lys Ser Phe Ala Leu Asp Pro Glu Glu Thr Ile Asn Tyr
1737 1746
GCA GCG TGT CAC GAC ANG GAG ANG 1753 1764 1773 1782
GCA GCG TGT CAC GAC AAC CAC ACA CTG TGG GAC AAG AAC TAC CTT GCC GCC AAA
The sale of the sa
Ald Cys His Asp Asn His Thr Leu Trp Asn Lies Asn Lies
Ala Ala Cys His Asp Asn His Thr Leu Trp Asp Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Ala Lys
1791 . 1900
GCT GAT AAG AAA AAG GAA TGG ACC GAA GAA GAA CTG AAA AAC GCC CAG AAA CTG
THE WAR THE ACC GAA GAA GAA CTG AAA AAC GCC CAG 111
No hard and and and and and and and and and an
Ala Asp Lys Lys Glu Trp Thr Glu Glu Glu Lou Lou
Ala Asp Lys Lys Glu Trp Thr Glu Glu Leu Lys Asn Ala Gln Lys Leu
1845 1854
GET GGT GCG ATA CTT CTC ACT TCT CAA GGT GTT CCT TTC CTC CAC GGA GGG CAG
THE ACT TOT CAN GOT GIT COT TTC CTC CAC GGA GGG CAC
Ale Give his Tie
Ala Gly Ala Ile Leu Leu Thr Ser Gln Gly Val Pro Phe Leu His Gly Gly Gln
1899 1908 1917 - 1926 1935
GAC TTC TGC AGG ACG ACG AND TOTAL 1925 1935 1944
GAC TTC TGC AGG ACG AAT TTC AAC GAC AAC TCC TAC AAC GCC CCT ATC TCG
AND Pho Com Ann Man and and and and and and and and and a
Asp Phe Cys Arg Thr Thr Asn Phe Asn Asp Asn Ser Tyr Asn Ala Pro Ile Ser
of the first state of the ser
1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1989
ATA AAC GGC TTC GAT TAC GAA AGA AAA CTT CAG TTC ATA GAC GTG TTC AAT TAC
THE ATT GAC GTG TTC AAT TAC
Ile Asn Gly Pho am man Gly
Ile Asn Gly Phe Asp Tyr Glu Arg Lys Leu Gln Phe Ile Asp Val Phe Asn Tyr
AAA
2007 2016 2025 2034 2043
CAC AAG GGT CTC ATA AAA CTC AGA AAA GAA CAC CCT GCT TTC AGG CTG AAA AAC
THE AGE CTG ANA MAC
His Lys Gly Leu Ile Lys Leu Arg Lys Clu His Pro Ala Phe Arg Leu Lys Asn
and Lys Clu His Pro Ala Phe Arg Louis ton
2061 2070 2079 2088 2097
2097 2106
GCT GAA GAG ATC AAA AAA CAC CTG GAA TTT CTC CCG GGC GGG AGA AGA ATA GTT
Ala Glu Glu Ile Lys Lys His Leu Glu Phe Leu Pro Gly Gly Arg Arg Ile Val
are als are the Glu Phe Leu Fro Gly Gly Are her the Wal
2116 only its val
2115 2124 2133 2142 2151 2160
GCG TTC ATG CTT AAA GAC CAC GCA GGT GGT GGT CCC TGG AAA GAC ATC GTG GTG
THE
Ala Phe Met Leu Lys Asp His Ala Gly Gly Asp Pro Txp Lys Asp Ile Val Val
and the state of t
I I VAI VAI

Figure 14d(Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima Fullulanase (6GP3) (continued)

			•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Ile Tyr A	en Gly Asn Leu	Glu Lys Thr Th	Tyr Lys Leu	2205 2214 CCA GAA GGA AAA TGG Pro Glu Gly Lys Trp
AAT GTG GT  Asn Val Va	TT GTG AAC AGC	CAG AAA GCC GG: Gln Lys Ala Gl;	A ACA GAA GTG Thr Glu Val	2259 2268 ATA GAA ACC GTC GAA Ile Glu Thr Val Glu
		2295 CCG CTT TCC GCG Pro Leu Ser Ala	TAC GIT CIG	TAC AGA GAG TGA 3.  Tyr Arg Glu ***

Figure 14e(Continued)

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Figure 15a Thermotoga maritima MSB8 (Clone # 6GP2) Glycosidase

CTT TTA TTG ATC GTT GAG CTC TCT TTC GTT CTC TTT GCA AGT GAC GAG TTC Leu Leu Leu Ile Val Glu Leu Ser Phe Val Leu Phe Ala Ser Asp Glu Phe

GTG AAA GTG GAA AAC GGA AAA TTC GCT CTG AAC GGA AAA GAA TTC AGA TTC Val Lys Val Glu Asn Gly Lys Phe Ala Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Phe Arg Phe

ATT GGA AGC AAC AAC TAC TAC ATG CAC TAC AAG AGC AAC GGA ATG ATA GAC Ile Gly Ser Asn Asn Tyr Tyr Met His Tyr Lys Ser Asn Gly Met Ile Asp

AGT GTT CTG GAG AGT GCC AGA GAC ATG GGT ATA AAG GTC CTC AGA ATC TGG Ser Val Leu Glu Ser Ala Arg Asp Met Gly Ile Lys Val Leu Arg Ile Trp

GGT TTC CTC GAC GGG GAG AGT TAC TGC AGA GAC AAG AAC ACC TAC ATG CAT Gly Phe Leu Asp Gly Glu Ser Tyr Cys Arg Asp Lys Asn Thr Tyr Met His

CCT GAG CCC GGT GTT TTC GGG GTG CCA GAA GGA ATA TCG AAC GCC CAG AGC Pro Glu Pro Gly Val Pro Glu Gly Ile Ser Asn Ala Gln Ser

GGT TTC GAA AGA CTC GAC TAC ACA GTT GCG AAA GCG AAA GAA CTC GGT ATA Gly Phe Glu Arg Leu Asp Tyr Thr Val Ala Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Ile

AAA CTT GTC ATT GTT CTT GTG AAC AAC TGG GAC GAC TTC GGT GGA ATG AAC Lys Leu Val Leu Val Asn Asn Trp Asp Asp Phe Gly Gly Met Asn

CAG TAC GTG AGG TGG TTT GGA GGA ACC CAT CAC GAC GAT TTC TAC AGA GAT Gln Tyr Val Arg Trp Phe Gly Gly Thr His His Asp Asp Phe Tyr Arg Asp

GAG AAG ATC AAA GAA GAG TAC AAA AAG TAC GTC TCC TTT CTC GTA AAC CAT Glu Lys Ile Lys Glu Glu Tyr Lys Lys Tyr Val Ser Phe Leu Val Asn His

GTC AAT ACC TAC ACG GGA GTT CCT TAC AGG GAA GAG CCC ACC ATC ATG GCC Val Asn Thr Tyr Thr Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Glu Glu Pro Thr Ile Met Ala

TGG GAG CTT GCA AAC GAA CCG CGC TGT GAG ACG GAC AAA TCG GGG AAC ACG Trp Glu Leu Ala Asn Glu Pro Arg Cys Glu Thr Asp Lys Ser Gly Asn Thr

CTC GTT GAG TGG GTG AAG GAG ATG AGC TCC TAC ATA AAG AGT CTG GAT CCC Leu Val Glu Trp Val Lys Glu Met Ser Ser Tyr Ile Lys Ser Leu Asp Pro

AAC CAC CTC GTG GCT GTG GGG GAC GAA GGA TTC TTC AGC AAC TAC GAA GGA Asn His Leu Val Ala Val Gly Asp Glu Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Tyr Glu Gly

TTC AAA CCT TAC GGT GGA GAA GCC GAG TGG GCC TAC AAC GGC TGG TCC GGT Phe Lys Pro Tyr Gly Gly Glu Ala Glu Trp Ala Tyr Asn Gly Trp Ser Gly

GTT GAC TGG AAG AAG CTC CTT TCG ATA GAG ACG GTG GAC TTC GGC ACG TTC Val Asp Trp Lys Lys Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu Thr Val Asp Phe Gly Thr Phe

CAC CTC TAT CCG TCC CAC TGG GGT GTC AGT CCA GAG AAC TAT GCC CAG TGG His Leu Tyr Pro Ser His Trp Gly Val Ser Pro Glu Asn Tyr Ala Gln Trp

GGA GCG AAG TGG ATA GAA GAC CAC ATA AAG ATC GCA AAA GAG ATC GGA AAA Gly Ala Lys Trp Ile Glu Asp His Ile Lys Ile Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Lys

CCC GTT GTT CTG GAA GAA TAT GGA ATT CCA AAG AGT GCG CCA GTT AAC AGA Pro Val Val Leu Glu Glu Tyr Gly Ile Pro Lys Ser Ala Pro Val Asn Arg

ACG GCC ATC TAC AGA CTC TGG AAC GAT CTG GTC TAC GAT CTC GGT GGA GAT Thr Ala lle Tyr Arg Leu Trp Asn Asp Leu Val Tyr Asp Leu Gly Gly Asp

GGA GCG ATG TTC TGG ATG CTC GCG GGA ATC GGG GAA GGT TCG GAC AGA GAC Gly Ala Met Phe Trp Met Leu Ala Gly Ile Gly Glu Gly Ser Asp Arg Asp

GAG AGA GGG TAC TAT CCG GAC TAC GAC GGT TTC AGA ATA GTG AAC GAC GAC GLu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Asp Gly Phe Arg Ile Val Asn Asp Asp

AGT CCA GAA GCG GAA CTG ATA AGA GAA TAC GCG AAG CTG TTC AAC ACA GGT Ser Pro Glu Ala Glu Leu Ile Arg Glu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn Thr Gly

GAA GAC ATA AGA GAA GAC ACC TGC TCT TTC ATC CTT CCA AAA GAC GGC ATG Glu Asp Ile Arg Glu Asp Thr Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Pro Lys Asp Gly Met

GAG ATC AAA AAG ACC GTG GAA GTG AGG GCT GGT GTT TTC GAC TAC AGC AAC

Figure 15b (continued)

Glu Ile Lys Lys Thr Val Glu Val Arg Ala Gly Val Phe Asp Tyr Ser Asn

ACG TTT GAA AAG TTG TCT GTC AAA GTC GAA GAT CTG GTT TTT GAA AAT GAG Thr Phe Glu Lys Leu Ser Val Lys Val Glu Asp Leu Val Phe Glu Asn Glu

ATA GAG CAT CTC GGA TAC GGA ATT TAC GGC TTT GAT CTC GAC ACA ACC CGG Ile Glu His Leu Gly Tyr Gly Ile Tyr Gly Phe Asp Leu Asp Thr Thr Arg

ATC CCG GAT GGA GAA CAT GAA ATG TTC CTT GAA GGC CAC TTT CAG GGA AAA Ile Pro Asp Gly Glu His Glu Met Phe Leu Glu Gly His Phe Gln Gly Lys

ACG GTG AAA GAC TCT ATC AAA GCG AAA GTG GTG AAC GAA GCA CGG TAC GTG Thr Val Lys Asp Ser Ile Lys Ala Lys Val Val Asn Glu Ala Arg Tyr Val

CTC GCA GAG GAA GTT GAT TTT TCC TCT CCA GAA GAG GTG AAA AAC TGG TGG Leu Ala Glu Glu Val Asp Phe Ser Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Lys Asn Trp Trp

AAC AGC GGA ACC TGG CAG GCA GAG TTC GGG TCA CCT GAC ATT GAA TGG AAC Asn Ser Gly Thr Trp Gln Ala Glu Phe Gly Ser Pro Asp Ile Glu Trp Asn

GGT GAG GTG GGA AAT GGA GCA CTG CAG CTG AAC GTG AAA CTG CCC GGA AAG Gly Glu Val Gly Asn Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Asn Val Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys

AGC GAC TGG GAA GAA GTG AGA GTA GCA AGG AAG TTC GAA AGA CTC TCA GAA Ser Asp Trp Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Phe Glu Arg Leu Ser Glu

TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC AAG Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu Lys

GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly

CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTG GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ACT TTC GGC Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly

GGA AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG Gly Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala

Figure 15C(continued)

GGG GTG AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT Gly Val Lys Glu Leu His Ile Gly Val Val Gly Asp His Leu Arg Tyr Asp

GGA CCG ATT TTC ATC GAT AAT GTG AGA CTT TAT AAA AGA ACA GGA GGT ATG Gly Pro Ile Phe Ile Asp Asn Val Arg Leu Tyr Lys Arg Thr Gly Gly Met

TGA 1991

END

Figure 15d(continued)

## Figure No. 16(Thermotoga maritima MSB8(6gb4)

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261 Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Ph	TC GTT TTC GTG TTG AAA GAC TTA AAC GGA GAG ATC TAC AGA GAA GAA ne Val Phe Val Leu Lys Asp Leu Asn Gly Glu Ile Tyr Arg Glu Glu	840
	and Sys Asp Bed Ash Gly Glu Ile Tyr Arg Glu Glu	280
841 AAG AAA ATC GGT TT	G AGA AGA GTC AGA ATC GTT CAG GAG CCC GAT GAA GAA GGA AAA ACT	
281 Lys Lys Ile Gly Le	u Arg Arg Val Arg Ile Val Glm Glu Pro Asp Glu Glu Gly Lys Thr	900
		300
901 TTC ATA TTC GAA ATG	C AAC GGT GAG AAA GTC TTC GCT AAG GGT GCT AAC TGG ATT CCC TCA	
JUI Phe Ile Phe Glu Ile	e Asn Gly Glu Lys Val Phe Ala Lys Gly Ala Asn Trp Ile Pro Ser	960
961 013 15-	Add tip ile Pro Ser	320
321 Glu hom The	TGG TTG AAG GAG GAA GAT TAC GAA AAG CTC GTC AAA ATG GCA AGG	
or wantie Leu Thr	TTP Leu Lys Glu Glu Asp Tyr Glu Lys Leu Val Lys Met Ala Arg	1020
		340
341 Ser Ala Asu Mar Age	ATG CTC AGG GTC TGG GGA GGA GGA ATC TAC GAG AGA GAG ATC TTC	
The Met Ash	or dry dry lie Tvr Glu Are Clu Ti-	1080 360
1081 TAC AGA CTC TGT GAT	Cha com and	300
361 Tyr Arg Leu Cys Asp	GAA CTC GGT ATC ATG GTG TGG CAG GAT TTC ATG TAC GCG TGT CTT 1	140
•	TIP GIR ASP Phe Net Tom NI - Com	380
1141 GAA TAT CCG GAT CAT	CTT CYG TYG THE TOTAL	
381 Glu Tyr Pro Asp His	CTT CCG TGG TTC AGA AAA CTC GCG AAC GAA GAG GCA AGA AAG ATT 1 Leu Pro Trp Phe Arg Lys Leu Ala Asn Glu Glu Ala Arg Lys Ile	200
		400
1201 GTG AGA AAA CTC AGA	TAC CAT CCC TCC ATT GTT CTC TGG TGC GGA AAC AAC GAA AAC AAC TYP His Pro Ser lle vel low Town	
401 Val Arg Lys Leu Arg	Tyr His Pro Ser Ile Val Leu Trp Cys Gly Asn Asn Glu Asn Asn	260
		20
421 Tro Gly Db	TGG GGA AAT ATG GCC AGA AAA GTG GAT GGT ATC AAC CTC GGA AAC 13	
ory Fne Asp Glu 1	and the type val Asp Glv Ile her ton Gland	20
1321 AGG CTC TAC CTG	The day rest 4	40
441 Arg Leu Tyr Leu Phe a	GAT TIT CCT GAG ATT TGT GCC GAA GAA GAC CCG TCC ACT CCC TAT 13	RO.
	Asp Phe Pro Glu Ile Cys Ala Glu Glu Asp Pro Ser Thr Pro Tyr 4	
1381 TGG CCA TCC AGT CCA T	TAC GGC COM COR	
461 Trp Pro Ser Ser Pro T	CAC GGC GGT GAA AAA GCG AAC AGC GAA AAG GAA GGA GAC AGG CAC 140 Yr Gly Gly Glu Lys Ala Asn Ser Glu Lys Glu Gly Asp Arg His 48	. 0
	2 270 Ald Ash Ser Glu Lys Glu Gly Asp Arg His 48	10
1441 GTC TGG TAC GTG TGG AG	GT GGC TGG ATG AAC TAC GAA AAC TAC GAA AAA GAC ACC GGA AGG 150	
481 Val Trp Tyr Val Trp Se	er Gly Trp Met Asn Tyr Glu Asn Tyr Glu Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg 50	0
150.	1)1 Gld Ash Tyr Glu Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg 50	0
1501 TTC ATC AGC GAG TTT GG	GA TTT CAG GGT GCT CCC CAT CCA GAG ACG ATA GAG TTC TTT TCA 156	
501 Phe Ile Ser Glu Phe Gl	Ly Phe Gln Gly Ala Pro His Pro Glu Thr Ile Glu Phe Phe Ser 52	0
		ס
GAA AGA GA	G ATA TTC CAT CCC GTC ATG CTG AAG CAC AAC AAA CAG GTG GAA 1620	
Sya Pro Glu Glu Arg Gl	The Leu Lys His Asp your of	
	Figure 16b(continued)	)
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	1 AG 1 Se									. 01	ı VI	# GI	u Al	a Il	e Ly	s Pho	e Gly	y Va	l Gl	1 His	580
1741 581	L TG	G CG Ar	A AG g Se	C AG	G AA	TAC	Lys	A ACC	GCC Ala	GGC Gly	GCT Ala	CTC	TTO	TG(	GL:	TTC	AAC Aan	GAC	AGC Sez	TGG	1800 600
1801 601	Pro	GT(	C TTO	Z AGO	TGC	S TCC	GCA Ala	GTC Val	GAT Asp	TAC	TTC Phe	AAA Lys	AGG Arg	CCC	Lys	GCT Ala	CTC	TAC	TAC	TAT Tyr	1860 <b>62</b> 0
1861 621	GCG Ala	Agr	AGA Arg	TTO	Phe	GCT Ala	GAA Glu	GTT Val	CTA Leu	CCC	GTT Val	TTG Leu	AAG Lys	AAG Lys	AGA Arg	<b>A</b> ap	AAC Asn	AAA Lys	ATA Ile	GAA Glu	1920 640
1921 641	CTG Leu	CTG	GTG Val	GGT Gly	GAG Glu	CGA Arg	TCT Ser	GAG Glu	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	AGA Arg	AGT Ser	CTC Leu	TCT Ser	CAG Gln	GCT Ala	TGC Cys	AGC Ser	CTA Leu	1980 660
1981 661	CGA -Arg	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	GGG Gly	AGA Arg	AAA Lys	GGT Gly	ATT Ile	CGA Arg	aaa Lys	gac Asp	TTA Leu	CAG Gln	AAC Asn	GGT Gly	ACT Thr	CCC Pro	AGC Ser	AGA Arg	CGG Arg	2040 680
2041 681	TGT Cys	GAG Glu	TTT Phe	GGT Gly	TGA End	20 68	55 5														

Figure 16C(continued)

### Figure No. 17LBankia gouldi (37gp4)

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		 G1		CA	TAT	ACT	TTA	CAT	TTT	TAT	GCA	GCA	TTT	AAC	CCG	CA	TG	та	225	מ אייני		•				
4	MED	Va	rt A	lla '	Tyr	Thr	Leu	His	Phe	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Phe	Asn	Pro	H.	- J			LEA	. A(	:A /	1AT		720	
																•••	o A	, ye	nsn	ren	A:	:g /	isn		240	
721	GTA	GC	A C	AG	ACA :	GCA	TTA	ידמני	ልክሞ				_													
41	Val	Al	a G	ln '	Thr	Ala	TTA Leu	ye.	netT	MAT	GIT	GCT	TTG	TTT	GTT	AC	A G	AA :	rgg	GGT	AC	A A	TT		780	
			_	-			Leu .	usb '	ABN .	asn	val	Ala	Leu	Phe	Val	Th	r G	lu 1	rp	Gly	Th	rı	le		260	
																			-	•		_				

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781 TTA AAT ACC CCD CD CD	
781 TTA AAT ACC GGA CAA GGA GAA CCA GAC AAA GAA AGC ACT AAT ACT TGG ATG GCC TTT T	
261 Leu Asn Thr Gly Gln Gly Glu Pro Asp Lys Glu Ser Thr Asn Thr Trp Met Ala Phe Le	rG 840
841 AAA GAA AAA GOO AAA	280
841 AAA GAA AAA GGT ATA AGT CAC GCT AAT TGG TCT TTG AGT GAC AAA GCT TTT CCT GAA AC	
281 Lys Glu Lys Gly Ile Ser His Ala Asn Trp Ser Leu Ser Asp Lys Ala Phe Pro Glu Th	A 900
901 GGG Ton one and	r 300
901 GGG TCT GTA GTT CAA GCA GGA CAA GGT GTA TCT GGT TTA ATT AGC AAT AAA CTT ACA GC	
301 Gly Ser Val Val Gln Ala Gly Gln Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Ile Ser Asn Lys Leu Thr Al	960
961 TOT COM ONE OF	320
961 TCT GGT GAA ATT GTA AAA AAC ATC ATC CAA AAC TGG GAT ACA GAG ACC TCT ACA GGA CCT	
321 Ser Gly Glu Ile Val Lys Asn Ile Ile Gln Asn Trp Asp Thr Glu Thr Ser Thr Gly Pro	1020
1021 and non-	340
1021 AAA ACA ACA CAA TGT AGT ACT ATA GAA TGT ATT AGA GCT GCA ATG GAA ACA GCA CAA GCA	
341 Lys Thr Thr Gln Cys Ser Thr Ile Glu Cys Ile Arg Ala Ala Met Glu Thr Ala Gln Ala	1080
1081 CCR COM	360
1081 GGA GAT GAA ATT ATA ATT GCC CCT GGA AAC TAC AAT TTT CAA GAC AAG ATA CAA GGT GCC	
361 Gly Amp Glu Ile Ile Ala Pro Gly Amn Tyr Amn Phe Gln Amp Lym Ile Gln Gly Ala	1140
1141 TTT AND COM	380
1141 TIT AAC CGT AGT GIT TAC CIT TAT GGT AGT GCT AAC GGA AAC AGT ACA AAC CCT ATT ATA 381 Phe Asn Arg Ser Val Tyr Leu Tyr Gly Ser Ala Asn Club	
381 Phe Asn Arg Ser Val Tyr Leu Tyr Gly Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Thr Asn Pro Ile Ile	1200
	. 400
THE GOL GAR AGE COM NOR THE CO.	
401 Leu Arg Gly Glu Ser Ala Thr Asn Pro Pro Val Phe Ser Gly Leu Asp Tyr Asn Asn Gly	1260
1261 TAC CTA TWO DOC	420
1261 TAC CTA TTA AGT ATT GAA GGT GAT TAT TGG AAT ATT AAA GAT ATA GAG TTT AAA ACT GGG 421 Tyr Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu Gly Asp Tyr Trp Asp Ile Lag	
421 Tyr Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu Gly Asp Tyr Trp Asn Ile Lys Asp Ile Glu Phe Lys Thr Gly	1320
1321 TCT Ann COM and Com	440
1321 TCT AAA GGT ATT GTT CTT GAC AAT TCT AAT GGT AGT AAA TTA AAA AAC CTT GTT GTT CAT 441 Ser Lys Gly Ile Val Leu Asp Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Lys I	
441 Ser Lys Gly Ile Val Leu Asp Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Lys Leu Lys Asn Leu Val Val His	1380
1381 GAT ATT GGA GAL GAL	460
1381 GAT ATT GGA GAA GAA GCT ATT CAC TTG CGT GAT GGA TCT AGC AAT AAT AGT ATA GAT GGT 461 Asp Ile Gly Glu Glu Ala Ile His Leu Arg Asp Gly Son Gry A	
461 Asp Ile Gly Glu Glu Ala Ile His Leu Arg Asp Gly Ser Ser Asn Asn Ser Ile Asp Gly	1440
1441 TGC ACT ATD TRG and the	480
1441 TGC ACT ATA TAC AAT ACA GGT AGA ACT AAA CCT GGT TTT GGT GAA GGT TTA TAT GTA GGC 481 Cys Thr Ile Tyr Asn Thr Gly Arg Thr Lys Pro Gly Pho Gly The Character of the Character	
481 Cys Thr Ile Tyr Asn Thr Gly Arg Thr Lys Pro Gly Phe Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Val Gly	1500
1501 TCA GAT ARA COL GIA	500
1501 TCA GAT AAA GGA CAA CAT GAC ACT TAT GAA AGA GCT TGT AAC AAT AAC ACT ATT GAA AAC 501 Ser Asp Lys Gly Gln His Asp Thr Tyr Glu Arg Ala Cyr Arg	
501 Ser Asp Lys Gly Gln His Asp Thr Tyr Glu Arg Ala Cys Asn Asn Thr Ile Glu Asn	1560
1561 TGT ACC GTT GCD GGG and	520
1561 TGT ACC GTT GGA CCC AAT GTA ACA GCA GAA GGC GTA GAT GTT AAG GAA GGT ACA ATG AAC 521 Cys Thr Val Gly Pro Asn Val Thr Ala Glu Gly Val Acc	
as var Lys Glu Glu men	L620
Proceedings of the Met Asn	540

Figure 17b(continued)

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1621 BOT STOR STOR	
1621 ACT ATT ATA AGA AAT TGC GTG TTT TCT GCA GAA GGA ATT TCA GGA GAA AAT AGC TCA GAT 541 Thr Ile Ile Arg Asn Cys Val Phe Ser Ala Glu Gly Ile Sev Gl	
541 Thr Ile Ile Arg Asn Cys Val Phe Ser Ala Glu Gly Ile Ser Gly Glu Asn Ser Ser Asp	1680
and the Ser Gly Glu Asn Ser Ser Asp	560
1681 GCT TTT ATT GAT TTA AAA GCA CTA	
561 Ala Phe Ile Asp Leu Lys Gly Ala Tyr Gly Phe Val Tyr Arg Asn Thr Phe Asn Val Asp	
off Ala Tyr Gly Phe Val Tyr Arg Asn Thr Phe Asn Val	1740
1741 GOT TOT CAR OFF THE CAR OFF THE CAR OF	580
1741 GGT TCT GAA GTA ATA AAT ACT GGA GTA GAC TTT TTA GAT AGA GGT ACA GGA TTT AAT ACA	
581 Gly Ser Glu Val Ile Asn Thr Gly Val Asp Phe Leu Asp Arg Gly Thr Gly Phe Asn Thr	1800
The Gly Phe Asn Thr	600
1801 GGT TTT AGA AAT GCA ATA TTT GAA AAT ACA TAT AAC CTT GGC AGT AGA GCT TCA GAA ATT	
501 Gly Phe Arg Asn Ala Ile Phe Glu Asn Thr Ter Ass	1860
601 Gly Phe Arg Asn Ala Ile Phe Glu Asn Thr Tyr Asn Leu Gly Ser Arg Ala Ser Glu Ile	620
1861 TCA ACT GCT CGT AAA AAR CAR GCT	
1861 TCA ACT GCT CGT AAA AAA CAA GGT TCT CCT GAA CAA ACT CAC GTT TGG GAT AAT ATT AGA	1000
621 Ser Thr Ala Arg Lys Lys Gln Gly Ser Pro Glu Gln Thr His Val Trp Asp Asn Ile Arg	1920
1921 AAC CCT AAT TOT COM AND	640
1921 AAC CCT AAT TCT GTT GAT TTT CCA ATA AGT GAT GGT ACA GAA AAT CTA GTA AAT AAA TTC	
641 Asn Pro Asn Ser Val Asp Phe Pro Ile Ser Asp Gly Thr Glu Asn Lew Val Asn Lys Phe	1980
1981 TGC CCA CAM men and	660
CON OAT TGG AAT ATA CAR CON	
661 Cys Pro Asp Trp Asn Ile Glu Pro Cys Asn Pro Val Asp Glu Thr Asn Gln Ala Pro Thr	040
asp Gid Thr Asn Gln Ala Pro Thr	680
2041 ATA AGC TTC CTA TCT CCT GTT AAC AAT ATT ACT TTA GTT GAA GGT TAT AAT TTA CAA GTT 2	
681 Ile Ser Phe Leu Ser Pro Val Asn Asn Tlo Thurs.	100
and Jet val Gly Tyr Asn Leu Gln Val	700
2101 GAA GTT AAT GCT ACT GAT GCA GAR	
701 Glu Val Asn Ala Thr Asp Ala Asp Gly Thr Ile Asp Asn Val Lys Leu Tyr Ile Asp Asn 7	L <b>6</b> 0
Asp Gly Thr Ile Asp Asn Val Lys Leu Tyr Ile Asp Asn	20
2161 AAT TTA CTT ACC COL	20
2161 AAT TTA GTT AGG CAA ATA AAT TCT ACT TCA TAT AAA TGG GGC CAT TCT GAT TCT CCA AAT 22	
are the Gly His Ser acm comme	
2221 has any ser pro Asn 7	40
2221 ACA GAT GAA CTT AAT GGT CTT ACA GAA GGA ACT TAT ACC TTA AAA GCA ATT GCA ACT GAT 220	•
741 Thr Asp Glu Leu Asn Gly Leu Thr Glu Gly Thr Tyr Thr Leu Lys Ala Ile Ala Thr Asp 76	30
The Lys Ala Ile Ala Thr Asp 76	;0
2281 AAC GAC GGG GCT TCT ACA GAA ACG CAA TTT ACC TOTAL	
ARC GAC GGG GCT TCT ACA GAA ACG CAA TTT ACG TTA ACT GTA ATA ACA GAA CAA AGT CCG 234 ARN ASP Gly Ala Ser Thr Glu Thr Gln Phe Thr Leu Thr Val Ile Thr Glu Gln Ser Pro 78	.0
78 The Thr Leu Thr Val Ile Thr Glu Gln Ser Pro 78	
2341 TCT GAG AAT TGT GAC TTT BET ACT	
2341 TCT GAG AAT TGT GAC TTT AAT ACA CCT TCT TCA ACT GGT TTA GAA GAT TTT GAC ATT AAA 240	•
ory Leu Glu Asp pha han the	
2401 AAG TIT TOT ANG SEE THE ASP ITE LYS 800	,
2401 AAG TIT TCT AAC GTT TIT GAG TTA GGA TCT GGC GGA CCA TCT TTA AGT AAT TTA AAA ACA 2460	
	)
Figure 176(continued)	

80	1 Ly	s P	he S	er	Asn	Va:	l Phe	Glu	ı Let	4 G1	y Se:	r Gly	y Gly	y Pr	o Se	r L	eu S	er A	ns/	Le	ц Ly	s Thr	. 820
246	L TT	r ac	T A	TT	AAT	TGC	AA1	· 17(7)				_						•					
82:	l Phe	Th	ır I	le	Asn	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gln	Tyz	Asc	Gly	Leu	TA:	T CA	A TI	T TO	'A A	TA	AAC	AC	A AAC	2520
2500														-74	. (1)	n PN	e Se	rI	le	Asr	Thi	: Asn	840
2521	AAC	GG	TG	ra (	CCT	GAT	TAT	TAT	ATA	AAT	TTA	222	CCN										
841	Asa	Gl	y V	11	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Leu	Lvs	Pro	Turn	AI	r ac	C TI	TC	AG	TTT	AAA	AAT Asn	2580
												-7-5		гåя	TTE	Th:	r Ph	e G	ln i	Phe	Lys	Asn	860
2581	GCA	AA:	r co	A (	AA	ATA	TCT	ATT	AGC	AAT	AGC	ጥጥክ	h mm										•
861	Ala	Ası	ı Pr	0 0	lu	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ser	Len	TIA	CCT	AAT	. III	GA:	r GG	T (	IAT	TAC	TGG	2640
											_		*10	110	ASD	Phe	As <sub>1</sub>	) G1	y J	/ap	Tyr	Trp	880
2641 881	GTA	ACA	, TC	A G	AT .	AAC	GGT	AAT	TTT	GTG	ATG	(ZTA	TOTAL	•••									
981	Val	Thr	Se:	r A	sp /	Asn	Gly .	Asn	Phe '	Val	Met	Val :	Ser	AAA Taro	ACT	AAT	AAI	TT	T A	CG	ATA	TAC	2700
														-ys	THE	Asn	Asn	Ph	e T	hr	Ile	Tyr	900
2701 901	TTT	agt	AA7	G	AC C	CT.	ACT (	GCT (	CT 1	ATT :	rgt :	LAT (	<b>-</b>		~~~								
301	Phe .	Ser	Asr	l As	sp A	lla '	Thr /	Ala s	Pro 1	le (	ys i	Asn v	/al 1	nice Phr	CCT	AGT	AAC	CAL	A A	TA.	AGT	AAA	2760
											-				S.CO	ser	Asn	Glr	ı I	le :	Ser	Lys	920
2761 921	ATT I	CT	GAI	GA	T T	CT 1	AGT A	TT A	AT T	TT A	AG (	<u>тт</u> т п	יזכ כ	. س									
321	Ile 7	Chr	qsA	As	p s	er s	Ser I	le A	an P	he L	ys I	eu T	vr P	ro i	redit i	CCT	GCT	TTA	G.	C C	IAA I	<b>\CT</b>	2820
2821													<u> </u>	,	1511	PEO	ALE	Leu	As	p q	ilu 1	Chr	940
941	ATT T	TT	GTG	AG	CG	CT G	AA G	AT G	AA A	AA C	TA G	CT T	TG G	מיני ר	, desp.	***							
	Ile p	ne.	Val	Se	r A	la G	lu A	sp G	lu L	ys L	eu A	la L	eu V	al L	eu t	IA)	CCA Dwa	GT :					
														_			-TO		95	6			

Figure 17d(continued)

### Figure No. 180 Pyrococcus furiosus VC1(7EG1)

Pyrococcus furiosus VC1(7EG1)
leader sequence: amino acids 1-24
9 18
5' ATG AGC AAG AAA AAG TTC GTC ATC GTA TCT ATC TTA ACA ATC CTT TTA GTA CAG Met Ser Lys Lys Lys Phe Val 11e Val Car To
Met Ser Lys Lys Phe Val Ile Val Ser Ile Leu Thr Ile Leu Leu Val Gln
<b></b>
74 91
GCA ATA TAT TTT GTA GAA AAG TAT CAT ACC TCT GAG GAC AAG TCA ACT TCA AAT
Ala Ile Tyr Phe Val Glu Lys Tyr His Thr Ser Glu Asp Lys Ser Thr Ser Asn
117 126 135 144 153 162
ACC ICA. ICT ACA CCC CAA ACA ACA ACA COTT TOO ACA
Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Pro Gln Thr Thr Leu Ser Thr Thr Lys Val Leu Lys Ile
to the mot also like
171 180 189 198 207 216
AGA TAC CCT GAT GAC GGT GAG TGG CCA GGA GCT CCT 227
Arg Tyr Pro Asp Asp Gly Glu Trp Pro Gly Ala Pro Ile Asp Lys Asp Gly Asp
The Asp Dys Asp Gly Asp
.225 234 243 252 261 273
GGG AAC CCA GAA TTC TAC ATT GAA ATA AAC CTA TCC 220
Gly Asn Pro Glu Phe Tyr Ile Glu Ile Asn Leu Trp Asn Ile Leu Asn Ala Thr
act itp Ash lie Leu Ash Ala Thr
279 288 297 306
GGA TTT GCT GAG ATG ACG TAC AAT TTA ACC AGC GGC GTC CTT CAC TAC GTC CAA Gly Phe Ala Glu Met The Terman Acc
Gly Phe Ala Glu Met Thr Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ser Gly Val Leu His Tyr Val Gln
and led in ser Gly Val Leu His Tyr Val Gln
333 342 351
CAA CTT GAC AAC ATT GTC TTG AGG GAT AGA AGT AAT TGG GTG CAT GGA TAC CCC
Gln Leu Asp Asn Ile Val Leu Arg Asp Arg Ser Asn Trp Val His Gly Tyr Pro
200
336 405
GAA ATA TTC TAT GGA AAC AAG CCA TGG AAT GCA AAC TAC GCA ACT GAT GGC CCA
Glu Ile Phe Tyr Gly Asn Lys Pro Trp Asn Ala Asn Tyr Ala Thr Asp Gly Pro
nsp Gly Pro

459

ATA CCA TTA CCC AGT AAA GTT TCA AAC CTA ACA GAC TTC TAT CTA ACA ATC TCC Ile Pro Leu Pro Ser Lys Val Ser Asn Leu Thr Asp Phe Tyr Leu Thr Ile Ser

468

450

TAT AAA CTT GAG CCC AAG AAC GGC CTG CCA ATT AAC TTC GCA ATA GAA TCC TGG
Tyr Lys Leu Glu Pro Lys Asn Gly Leu Pro Ile Asn Phe Ala Ile Glu Ser Trp

TTA ACG AGA GAA GCT TGG AGA ACA ACA GGA ATT AAC AGC GAT GAG CAA GAA GTA
Leu Thr Arg Glu Ala Trp Arg Thr Thr Gly Ile Asn Ser Asp Glu Gln Glu Val

ATG ATA TGG ATT TAC TAT GAC GGA TTA CAA CCG GCT GGC TCC AAA GTT AAG GAG Met Ile Trp Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Gly Leu Gln Pro Ala Gly Ser Lys Val Lys Glu

ATT GTA GTC CCA ATA ATA GTT AAC GGA ACA CCA GTA AAT GCT ACA TTT GAA GTA Ile Val Val Pro Ile Ile Val Asn Gly Thr Pro Val Asn Ala Thr Phe Glu Val

THE TOTAL TO

765 774 783 792 801 810
AAA GAG GGA ACA GTG ACA ATT CCA TAC GGA GCA TTT ATA AGT GTT GCA GCC AAC
Lys Glu Gly Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Tyr Gly Ala Phe Ile Ser Val Ala Ala Asn

819 828 837 846 855 864
ATT TCA AGC TTA CCA AAT TAC ACA GAA CTT TAC TTA GAG GAC GTG GAG ATT GGA
Ile Ser Ser Leu Pro Asn Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr Leu Glu Asp Val Glu Ile Gly

873 882 891 900 909 918
ACT GAG TTT GGA ACG CCA AGC ACT ACC TCC GCC CAC CTA GAG TGG TGG ATC ACA
Thr Glu Phe Gly Thr Pro Ser Thr Thr Ser Ala His Leu Glu Trp Trp Ile Thr

AAC ATA ACA CTA ACT CCT CTA GAT AGA CCT CTT ATT TCC TAA 3'
Asn Ile Thr Leu Thr Pro Leu Asp Arg Pro Leu Ile Ser \*

Figure 18b(continued)

International application No. PCT/US97/22623

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  IPC(6) :C07H 21/04; C12N 1/20, 1/14, 5/00, 9/38, 9/42;  US CL :435/207, 209, 252.3, 254.11, 274, 275, 320.1, 3:  According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	25; 536/23.2								
B. FIELDS SEARCHED									
Minimum documentation searched (classification system follow	red by classification symbols)								
U.S. : 435/207, 209, 252.3, 254.11, 274, 275, 320.1, 32	5; 536/23.2								
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched									
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)  Please See Extra Sheet.									
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		·							
Category* Citation of document, with indication, where a	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.							
X GRABNITZ et al. Structure of the Clostridium thermocellum: Sequence A of Cellulases and β-Glycosidases Including Hydrolase. Eur. J. Biochem. Septempages 301-309, see entire document.	Analysis Reveals a Superfamily ding Human Lactase/Phlorizin	1-3, 5 species II 							
X VOORHORST et al. Characterization  β-Glucosidase from the Hypertherme  A furiosus and Its Expression and Site-Di	VOORHORST et al. Characterization of the celB Gene Coding for β-Glucosidase from the Hyperthermophilic Archaeon Pyrococcus furiosus and Its Expression and Site-Directed Mutation in Escherichia coli. J. Bacteriol. December 1995, Vol. 177, No. 24, pages 7105-4, 6-11								
Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C. See patent family annex.								
Special categories of cited documents:  "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of perticular calculations.	"T" later document published after the intr date and not in conflict with the appl the principle or theory underlying the	ication but cited to understand							
"E" cartier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the	e claimed invention cannot be							
*L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	considered novel or cannot be conside when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the	r							
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	considered to involve an inventive combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in t	step when the document is documents, such combination							
*P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	*&* document member of the same patent	family							
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sea	arch report							
26 MARCH 1998	<b>2</b> 1 APR 1998								
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US  Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks  Authorized officer									
Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231	LISA J. HOBBS, PH.D.	104/s.							
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Telephone No. (703) 308-0196	Sur							

International application No. PCT/US97/22623

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This inter	mational report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
ı. 🗀	Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2.	Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3.	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Inte	emational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
Pl	case See Extra Sheet.
ı. 🔲	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. X	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:  -11, species I-III
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark	on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

International application No. PCT/US97/22623

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Electronic data bases consulted (Name of data base and where practicable terms used):

APS and STN (Bioscience and Patent Indexes): Desulfurococc##, Staphylotherm##, Thermatoga, galactosidase#, glucosidase#, beta galactosidase#, beta glucosidase#. Genbank, EMBL, ESTs1-4, STS, N-Geneseq: Seq. ID Nos.: 1-3 and A-Geneseq, PIR, Swissprot: Seq ID Nos.: 15-17.

BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack Unity of Invention because they are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The species are as follows: there are 18 distinct enzymes disclosed in the description, as enumerated in Figs. 1-18 and Table 1.

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner: while all the claims form one Group for examination, each of the claims is generic to the 18 enzyme species disclosed.

The species listed above do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: each enzyme is a different product, thus has the special technical feature of the recited enzyme, which the other species lack.

### Figure No. 180 Pyrococcus furiosus VC1 (7EG1)

leader	sequence:	amino	acids	1-24
--------	-----------	-------	-------	------

9 18 27 36 45 54 5' ATG AGC AAG AAA AAG TTC GTC ATC GTA TCT ATC TTA ACA ATC CTT TTA GTA CAG Met Ser Lys Lys Phe Val Ile Val Ser Ile Leu Thr Ile Leu Leu Val Gln

GCA ATA TAT TTT GTA GAA AAG TAT CAT ACC TCT GAG GAC AAG TCA ACT TCA AAT Ala lle Tyr Phe Val Glu Lys Tyr His Thr Ser Glu Asp Lys Ser Thr Ser Asn

ACC TCA TCT ACA CCA CCC CAA ACA ACA CTT TCC ACT ACC AAG GTT CTC AAG ATT
Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Pro Gln Thr Thr Leu Ser Thr Thr Lys Val Leu Lys Ile

171 180 189 198 207 216

AGA TAC CCT GAT GAC GGT GAG TGG CCA GGA GCT CCT ATT GAT AAG GAT GGT GAT

Arg Tyr Pro Asp Asp Gly Glu Trp Pro Gly Ala Pro Ile Asp Lys Asp Gly Asp

225 234 243 252 261 270 GGG AAC CCA GAA TTC TAC ATT GAA ATA AAC CTA TGG AAC ATT CTT AAT GCT ACT Gly Asn Pro Glu Phe Tyr Ile Glu Ile Asn Leu Trp Asn Ile Leu Asn Ala Thr

279 288 297 306 315 324 GGA TTT GCT GAG ATG ACG TAC AAT TTA ACC AGC GGC GTC CTT CAC TAC GTC CAA GLy Phe Ala Glu Met Thr Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ser Gly Val Leu His Tyr Val Gln

333 342 351 360 369 378 CAA CTT GAC AAC ATT GTC TTG AGG GAT AGA AGT AAT TGG GTG CAT GGA TAC CCC Gln Leu Asp Asn Ile Val Leu Arg Asp Arg Ser Asn Trp Val His Gly Tyr Pro

387 396 405 414 423 432
GAA ATA TTC TAT GGA AAC AAG CCA TGG AAT GCA AAC TAC GCA ACT GAT GGC CCA
Glu Ile Phe Tyr Gly Asn Lys Pro Trp Asn Ala Asn Tyr Ala Thr Asp Gly Pro

ATA CCA TTA CCC AGT AAA GTT TCA AAC CTA ACA GAC TTC TAT CTA ACA ATC TCC

Ile Pro Leu Pro Ser Lys Val Ser Asn Leu Thr Asp Phe Tyr Leu Thr Ile Ser

TAT AAA CTT GAG CCC AAG AAC GGC CTG CCA ATT AAC TTC GCA ATA GAA TCC TGG
Tyr Lys Leu Glu Pro Lys Asn Gly Leu Pro Ile Asn Phe Ala Ile Glu Ser Trp

TTA ACG AGA GAA GCT TGG AGA ACA ACA GGA ATT AAC AGC GAT GAG CAA GAA GTA
Leu Thr Arg Glu Ala Trp Arg Thr Thr Gly Ile Asn Ser Asp Glu Gln Glu Val

ATG ATA TGG ATT TAC TAT GAC GGA TTA CAA CCG GCT GGC TCC AAA GTT AAG GAG Met Ile Trp Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Gly Leu Gln Pro Ala Gly Ser Lys Val Lys Glu

ATT GTA GTC CCA ATA ATA GTT AAC GGA ACA CCA GTA AAT GCT ACA TTT GAA GTA CTA VAI VAI VAI Pro Ile Ile Val Asn Gly Thr Pro Val Asn Ala Thr Phe Glu Val

TII 720 729 738 747 756

TGG AAG GCA AAC ATT GGT TGG GAG TAT GTT GCA TTT AGA ATA AAG ACC CCA ATC

TTP Lys Ala Asn Ile Gly Trp Glu Tyr Val Ala Phe Arg Ile Lys Thr Pro Ile

AAA GAG GGA ACA GTG ACA ATT CCA TAC GGA GCA TTT ATA AGT GTT GCA GCC AAC
Lys Glu Gly Thr Val Thr Ile Pro Tyr Gly Ala Phe Ile Ser Val Ala Ala Asn

819 828 837 846 855 864
ATT TCA AGC TTA CCA AAT TAC ACA GAA CTT TAC TTA GAG GAC GTG GAG ATT GGA
Ile Ser Ser Leu Pro Asn Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr Leu Glu Asp Val Glu Ile Gly

ACT GAG TTT GGA ACG CCA AGG ACT ACC TCC GCC CAC CTA GAG TGG TGG ACT ACA
Thr Glu Phe Gly Thr Pro Ser Thr Thr Ser Ala His Leu Glu Trp Trp Ile Thr

AAC ATA ACA CTA ACT CCT CTA GAT AGA CCT CTT ATT TCC TAA 3'
Asn Ile Thr Leu Thr Pro Leu Asp Arg Pro Leu Ile Ser \*

Figure 18b(continued)

International application No. PCT/US97/22623

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  IPC(6) :C07H 21/04; C12N 1/20, 1/14, 5/00, 9/38, 9/42  US CL :435/207, 209, 252.3, 254.11, 274, 275, 320.1,  According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to b  B. FIELDS SEARCHED	325; 536/23.2	
	and by classification are halo	
Minimum documentation searched (classification system follo U.S.: 435/207, 209, 252.3, 254.11, 274, 275, 320.1, 3		;
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to	the extent that such documents are included	l in the fields searched
Electronic data base consulted during the international search	(name of data base and, where practicable	e, search terms used)
Please See Extra Sheet.		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category* Citation of document, with indication, where	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X GRABNITZ et al. Structure of the	β-Glucosidase Gene bglA of	1-3, 5
Clostridium thermocellum: Sequence		species II
A of Cellulases and β-Glycosidases Inclu	_	
Hydrolase. Eur. J. Biochem. Septer	mber 1991, Vol. 200, No. 2,	4, 6-11
pages 301-309, see entire document.	•	
X VOORHORST et al. Characterization	n of the celB Gene Coding for	1-3, 5
β-Glucosidase from the Hyperthern		species I and III
A furiosus and Its Expression and Site-D		
coli. J. Bacteriol. December 1995, V 7111, see entire document.	ol. 177, No. 24, pages 7105-	4, 6-11
7111, see entire document.		
Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C. See patent family annex.	
* Special categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the inte date and not in conflict with the appl	
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	the principle or theory underlying the	
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the considered novel or cannot be considered.	
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the	t chimad invention connect he
*O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	considered to involve an inventive	step when the document is a documents, such combination
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sea	arch report
26 MARCH 1998	<b>2 1</b> APR 1998	
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT	Authorized officer	who !
Washington, D.C. 20231	LISA J. HOBBS, PH.D.	W TON
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Telephone No. (703) 308-0196	to 1

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Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
Claims Nos.:     because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
Please See Extra Sheet.
<del>.</del>
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. X As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:  1-11, species l-III
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

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#### **B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Electronic data bases consulted (Name of data base and where practicable terms used):

APS and STN (Bioscience and Patent Indexes): Desulfurococc##, Staphylotherm##, Thermatoga, galactosidase#, glucosidase#, beta galactosidase#, beta glucosidase#, Genbank, EMBL, ESTs1-4, STS, N-Geneseq: Seq. ID Nos.: 1-3 and A-Geneseq, PIR, Swissprot: Seq ID Nos.: 15-17.

BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack Unity of Invention because they are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The species are as follows: there are 18 distinct enzymes disclosed in the description, as enumerated in Figs. 1-18 and Table 1.

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner: while all the claims form one Group for examination, each of the claims is generic to the 18 enzyme species disclosed.

The species listed above do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: each enzyme is a different product, thus has the special technical feature of the recited enzyme, which the other species lack.